

- ✓ КОНТРОЛЬ КАЧЕСТВА ВЫПОЛНЕНИЯ ДОМАШНИХ ЗАДАНИЙ
- ✓ РАЗВИТИЕ НАВЫКОВ САМОПРОВЕРКИ
- ✓ ОБЪЯСНЕНИЕ МАТЕРИАЛА

АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗ. 5-6 КЛ.

# ОТВЕТЫ И РЕШЕНИЯ



Ответы к заданиям  
учебника  
по русскому языку  
Т.А. Ладыженской,  
М.Т. Баранова и др.  
5, 6 классы  
(М.: Просвещение)



Ответы и решения к заданиям  
учебника по математике  
Н.Я. Вилюкина, В.И. Жохова и др.  
5, 6 классы  
(М.: Мнемозина)



Ответы и решения  
к дидактическому материалу  
по математике  
А.С. Чеснокова, К.И. Нешкова  
5, 6 классы  
(М.: Просвещение)



Учебник  
Рабочая тетрадь



К заданиям  
учебного комплекта  
М. З. Биболетовой и др.

**Enjoy  
English 3**

САМ СЕБЕ РЕПЕТИТОР®

Е.В. Дзюина

ВЫПОЛНЕННЫЕ ЗАДАНИЯ  
ИЗ УЧЕБНОГО КОМПЛЕКТА

# Enjoy English 3

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**5–6** классы

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Издание будет незаменимым помощником при выполнении домашних заданий и самопроверке для школьников, а также для гувернеров и родителей.

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## ENJOY ENGLISH 3

### *Unit 1. Hello! Nice to See You Again!*

КЛЮЧИ К РАЗДЕЛУ УЧЕБНИКА

#### Section 1. We Are from Britain

**Упр. 1, стр. 6**

Who is eleven? **Martin is eleven.**

Who is twelve? **Jess is twelve.**

Who is from London? **Martin is from London.**

Who is from Chester? **Jess is from Chester.**

Who likes studying? **Jess likes studying.**

Who likes playing football? **Martin likes playing football.**

Who studies two foreign languages? **Jess studies two foreign languages.**

Who studies one foreign language? **Martin studies one foreign language.**

**Упр. 2, стр. 7**

**Hello! I'm Ann. I am eleven. I'm in the fifth form. I'm from Russia. I live in Moscow. I like studying. I have a lot of interesting subjects at school this year. At school I study one foreign language – the English language. I like chess. I play for the school chess team.**

**Упр. 4, стр. 7**

**When does the school year start in Britain? It starts in September.**

**At what age do students go to a secondary school? At age 11–12.**

**Do British pupils wear a school uniform? Most pupils do. The favourite colours for school uniform are blue, grey, black and green.**

**Do students in Britain learn foreign languages at school? Yes, they do. Usually French is the first foreign language they learn at**

school. Sometimes they also learn a second foreign language: German, Spanish, Russian...

What school holidays do British students have? They have Christmas holidays, Easter holidays and Summer holidays. Schools also have special half-term holidays in the middle of each term. These holidays last 2–3 days before or after a weekend.

How long does a lesson last? It lasts 40 or 45 minutes.

#### Упр. 5, стр. 7

When does the school year start in Russia? It starts on the first of September.

At what age do students go to a secondary school? At age 10–11.

Do Russian pupils wear a school uniform? Some pupils do. The favourite colours for school uniform are blue, grey, red, black and green.

Do students in Russia learn foreign languages at school? Yes, they do. Usually English is the first foreign language they learn at school. Sometimes they also learn a second foreign language: German, Spanish, French...

What school holidays do Russian students have? They have Spring holidays, Autumn holidays, Winter holidays and Summer holidays.

How long does a lesson last? It lasts 40 or 45 minutes.

#### Упр. 6, стр. 8

a) The subjects I have in my timetable: History, English language, Science, P. E., Information Technology, Art, Maths.

b) The subjects I don't have in my school timetable: English Literature, French, Drama.

c) The first lesson starts at 9.00.

The first lesson finishes at 9.45.

The second lesson starts at 9.45.

The second lesson finishes at 10.30.

The third lesson starts at 10.30.

The third lesson starts at 11.15.

#### Упр. 7, стр. 8

1) Many pupils in Russian schools enjoy P. E. They like to run, jump, climb and play sports games. They want to be strong and healthy. Pupils have P. E. three times a week.

- 2) In Information Technology class pupils learn how to use computers. It's interesting and useful to learn computer programmes.
- 3) Most Russian pupils like their Art lessons. They can draw and paint very well. Their drawings and pictures are on the walls of their classroom.
- 4) At Science lessons students do experiments and learn about animals and plants. It's interesting and fun to learn about nature.

## Section 2. The First of September

#### Упр. 9, стр. 9

Kate is happy because of Barbara Grey. Barbara is from Britain. Kate has just got letter from her. Barbara taught Russian pupils English last year. She didn't give bad marks. Pupils liked her very much.

#### Упр. 12, стр. 10

- 1) She'll tell us about her visit to Samara.
- 2) Brian told me that he didn't like the Science lesson.
- 3) «Don't ask too many questions,» my father says/said.
- 4) French students speak English well.
- 5) The doctor says that I must drink a lot of carrot juice.
- 6) «Can I speak to Mary, please?» – «I am afraid she is not at home.»

#### Упр. 13, стр. 10

Some children like school because they get smarter.

Some children like school because pupils learn new things.

Some children like school because they make new friends at school.

Some children like school because they miss old friends.

Some children like school because they have fun during the break.

Some children like school because they get good marks.

Some children like school because enjoy school parties.

Some children don't like school because it's dull.

Some children don't like school because pupils must do a lot of homework.

Some children don't like school because they get bad mark.

Some children don't like school because they have 5-6 lessons every day.

Some children don't like school because they must recite silly poems.

#### Упр. 14, стр. 10

I like the first of September because I have many friends at school and I miss them in summer. I can make new friends at school. We discuss different problems at the lesson and during the break. We have interesting lessons at school. I like to learn new things about people and countries. I do my homework every day and I get good marks. I enjoy school parties and have fun during the break. We usually have parties on the first of September.

#### Упр. 15, стр. 10

We usually run around in the classroom during the break.

I often draw funny pictures on the blackboard during the break.

Girls often have a cup of tea or coffee during the break.

Boys usually run and jump between the desks during the break.

Teachers seldom speak loudly at the lesson.

We sometimes learn new words at the lesson.

Boys and girls discuss different problems at the lesson.

I sometimes read newspapers and wall newspapers during the break.

We often learn new words at the lesson.

I seldom have a cup of tea or coffee during the break.

#### Упр. 16, стр. 11

Slava got up at six o'clock. He washed his hands and face. Then he dressed and had breakfast. Slava went to school with his mother, father and grandmother. At school Slava gave flowers to his teacher. He had 3 lessons on the first of September. Slava's family had a cake for dinner. The boy went to bed at 8.30 p.m.

#### Упр. 17, стр. 11

On the 1<sup>st</sup> of September I got up early, had breakfast, took flowers and went to school. There were not parents with me as it was five years ago. I was happy to meet my friends and give flowers to my teacher. It's

a pity that I couldn't make a video of my class that day. I had few lessons on that day. It was difficult not to talk with friends during lessons and sit still. I was tired at the end of my first day at school.

#### Упр. 18, стр. 12

a) There were not blinds on the windows before the summer. There are two blinds on the windows now.

There were three shelves on the wall before the summer. There are two shelves on the wall after the summer.

There was no video on the teacher's table before the summer. There is a video on the teacher's table now.

There were five flowers on the windows before the summer. There are four flowers on the windows now.

There were no computers on the desks before the summer. There are two computers on the desks now.

There were two pictures on the wall before the summer. There is one picture on the wall now.

There were six desks in the classroom before the summer. There are eight desks in the classroom now.

b) How many shelves were there in the classroom before the summer? How many shelves are there in the classroom now? Are there two shelves in the classroom now?

Were there blinds on the windows before the summer? Are there blinds on the windows now?

Was there a video on the teacher's table before the summer? Is there a video on the teacher's table after the summer?

Were there any flowers on the window before the summer? Are there any flowers on the window after the summer? How many flowers were there on the window before the summer? How many flowers are there on the window now?

Were there any computers on the desks before the summer? Are any there computers on the desks now? How many computers are there on the desks now?

Were there any pictures on the wall before the summer? Are there any pictures on the wall now? How many pictures are there on the wall now? How many pictures were there on the wall before the summer?

How many desks were there in the classroom before the summer?  
How many desks are there in the classroom now?

How many chairs are there in the classroom now? How many chairs were there in the classroom before the summer?

### Упр. 19, стр. 12

- I'll do my homework every day.
- I won't talk loudly at the lesson.
- I'll get good marks at the lessons.
- I'll play for the school basketball team.
- I'll learn foreign languages.
- I'll wear school uniform.
- I'll study well.
- I won't run between the desks during the break.

### Упр. 20, стр. 12

Topics	Dina	Masha
Age	ten	eleven
Favourite subjects	Maths, I.T.	English, History, French
School uniform	jeans and a skirt	blue skirts and coats, white blouses for girls
Hobbies	basketball	foreign languages, tennis

### Упр. 21, стр. 12

Hello! I'm Dick. I am eleven. I'm in the fifth form. I'm from Russia. I live in St Petersburg. I like studying. I get good marks at the lessons. I have a lot of interesting subjects at school this year. My favourite subject is Maths. At school I study one foreign language – the English language. I like basketball. I play for the school basketball team. I wear a school uniform at school: grey trousers and a white shirt. I like my school. I have many friends at school.

- What is your name?
- How old are you?
- Where are you from?
- What is your hobby?
- What are your favourite subjects?
- What foreign languages do you study?

- What is your favourite sport?
- Do you wear a uniform at school?
- Do you like to wear a uniform?
- Do you do your homework every day?
- What do you usually do at the lesson?
- What do you usually do during the break?
- Do you like your school? Why?
- Do you miss your friends in summer?

## Section 3. Talking about Holidays

### Упр. 22, стр. 13

Can you speak and read English after your three month break?  
Yes, I can.

I think they would like to invite you to London. Do you like the idea? Yes, I do.

What's the news? Are there any new pupils in your class? Yes, there is one new pupil in my class.

Who will be your English teacher? My English teacher is Maria Petrovna.

Do you know him? Yes, I do. I know him. His name is Nick.

Do you like your new English textbook? Yes, I do. I like my new English textbook.

Did you enjoy your holidays? Yes, I did. I enjoyed my holidays.

### Упр. 23, стр. 14

- Hope – надеяться; надежда.
- Stay – пребывание, останавливаться.
- Break – перемена, ломать.

### Упр. 24, стр. 14

- [a:] – smart, class
- [ʌ] – month
- [ɜ:] – girl, were, her
- [ei] – stay, great
- [iə] – idea, hear

### Упр. 25, стр. 14

- 1) stay in Britain (c)

- 2) miss friends (d)
- 3) teach girls and boys (f)
- 4) get invitation (e)
- 5) see you again (g)
- 6) enjoy holidays (b)
- 7) speak English (a)

**Упр. 26, стр. 14**

- May I go out? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 May I come in? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 May I open the window? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 May I use your book? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 May I help you? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 May I close the door? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 May I sit down? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 May I water the flowers? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 May I switch off the video? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 May I switch on video? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 May I switch on TV? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 May I switch off TV? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 May I switch on the tape recorder? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 May I switch off the tape recorder? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 May I take your rubber? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 Can I go out? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 Can I come in? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 Can I open the window? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 Can I use your book? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 Can I help you? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 Can I close the door? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 Can I sit down? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 Can I water the flowers? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 Can I switch off the video? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 Can I switch on video? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 Can I switch on TV? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.  
 Can I switch off TV? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Can I switch on the tape recorder? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Can I switch off the tape recorder? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Can I take your rubber? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Could I go out? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Could I open the window? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Could I use your book? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Could I help you? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Could I close the door? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Could I sit down? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Could I water the flowers? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Could I switch off the video? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Could I switch on video? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Could I switch on TV? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Could I switch off TV? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Could I switch on the tape recorder? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Could I switch off the tape recorder? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

Could I take your rubber? Yes, of course. / No, I'm afraid not.

**Упр. 27, стр. 14**

*Rules for pupils:*

- 1) Make your teacher happy!
- 2) Do your homework sometimes!
- 3) Don't speak to your friends at the lesson!
- 4) Don't run around in the classroom during the break.
- 5) Go to school 6 days a week.
- 6) Don't bring your pets at school!
- 7) Come to school in time.
- 8) Be kind and polite to your classmates and teacher.

*Rules for teachers:*

- 1) Make your pupils happy!
- 2) Only give good marks to your pupils!
- 3) Don't give your pupils any homework.
- 4) Play games with your pupils!

- 5) Sing songs and dance with your pupils!
- 6) Don't talk loudly at the lesson.
- 7) Make your lessons interesting.
- 8) Discuss problems with your pupils.

## Упр. 28, стр. 15

What teachers do: ask clever questions, answer silly questions, discuss different problems, explain dull grammar rules, work hard, give instructions, be very polite, give bad marks.

What pupils do: give nicknames, ask clever questions, read detective stories, draw funny pictures on the blackboard, listen to a walkman at the lesson, discuss different problems, enjoy learning English, work hard, learn poems by heart, have holidays many times a year, wear jeans, play jokes, talk loudly during the break, do homework every day, copy long sentences, get good marks.

## Упр. 29, стр. 15

- 1) Last year I had a teacher whom I liked very much. I liked her because she was very polite. She liked Russian and she was always ready to explain dull grammar rules. She gave us the instructions and we worked hard. We copied long sentences and learned rules by heart. We enjoyed learning Russian. Our teacher liked us and we liked her very much.
- 2) Mike doesn't like John because he often plays jokes at Mike. John gives nicknames to his classmates and talks loudly during the break. John doesn't work hard and listens to the walkman at the lesson. He doesn't do his homework every day and often gets bad marks.

John isn't a good friend and he has no friends at school.

## Упр. 30, стр. 15

- 1) At the beginning of the lesson:
  - Hi, Sasha. How are you?
  - I'm fine, and you?
  - I'm OK. I am glad to see you.
  - I am glad to see you too. Who is absent today?
  - Kate is absent.
  - Why is she absent?
  - She is ill.

- Are you ready to start?
- Yes, we are.

## 2) When checking homework:

- a) - It's time to check up our homework. Who will read the questions?
  - I will read the questions about our school.
  - Helen will read the question and ask one pupil to answer it. Will you start, Helen?
  - OK.
- b) - Are you ready with your homework?
  - Yes, of course. I learned the dialogue and listen to the poem.
- c) - It is time to check up your homework. Open your textbooks, page 23.
  - Shall I read the story?
  - Yes, please. Nina will read it. Follow in your books while she is reading.
- 3) When explaining and writing down homework:
  - a) - Let's write down the homework. Look at the blackboard. Your homework is to read the poem «Summer» by heart.
    - Shall we learn the poem by heart?
    - No, we shan't. But you must read it artistically. Have you got any questions?
    - No, we haven't.
    - The bell has gone. See you tomorrow. Good bye, my dear friends.
    - Good bye, teacher.
  - b) - Write down your homework, please. You will read the poem.
    - Shall we learn the poem by heart?
    - Yes, we shall. Prepare good reading for tomorrow.

## Упр. 31, стр. 15

1) Students should go to school 6 days a week (Monday to Saturday).

Arguments for:

Pupils have 4 lessons every day.

Pupils have less homework.

Arguments against:



If pupils go to school 5 days a week, their school day is very long. They have 5-6 lessons every day.

Pupils must do their homework every day.

Pupils can't visit their relatives or go to the cinema on Saturday.

Pupils must have a good rest. They mustn't go to school on Saturday.

2) Students should wear school uniform:

Arguments for:

It is comfortable and nice.

It is cheap.

It is easy to buy.

Arguments against:

All pupils will have the same clothes.

It is not comfortable for me.

School uniform is usually blue, green or black. I don't like such colours.

Our school uniform is skirts and blouses. But I like to wear jeans, dresses and jackets.

#### Section 4. Writing Letters to Barbara

##### Упр. 32, стр. 16

I prefer the holidays in the country. My grandmother and my grandfather live in the country. I like to visit them. I spend a lot of time outdoors. I enjoyed swimming and riding a bike. The weather is usually warm and sunny in summer.

##### Упр. 33, стр. 17

- 1) When did Elena and Olga go abroad? They went abroad in August.
- 2) Where did they study? They studied in Scotland in Summer school.
- 3) What did they do during their summer holidays? The girls lived and studied at a good state school. They spent three hours learning English. They read and discussed texts, learned English poems by heart, asked and answered questions, learned new words, used the computer and wrote their own fairy-tales. They also spent 3 days in London.

- 4) Do they speak and read English better than before Summer school? They speak and read English much better than they did last year.
- 5) Did the girls see Barbara? Why not? No, they didn't. They lived in Scotland. Barbara lives in London. When the girls were in London, Barbara was not in.
- 6) Would they like to visit Barbara again? Yes, they would.
- 7) Would you like to study English at Summer school in Britain? Yes, I would.
- 8) Do you think it will help you to improve your language? Why? I think studying at Summer school in Britain will help me to improve my language. I will speak and read English better. I will learn grammar rules. I will learn the new English words.

##### Упр. 34, стр. 17

- 1) This summer Denis was in the country.
- 2) He was lucky because the weather was fine all the time.
- 3) His friends and he spent a lot of time outdoors swimming, diving, riding their bikes and skate-boarding.
- 4) They also enjoyed picking berries and gathering mushrooms in the nearest forest.
- 5) In the evening they usually made a fire, played the guitar and sang songs.
- 6) Denis has a lot of pictures of his friends and of himself.
- 7) He asked his granny to make some cherry jam.

##### Упр. 35, стр. 17

To spend the holiday — проводить каникулы

We like to spend our holidays at the seaside.

To spend weekends — проводить выходные

He usually spends his weekends in the country.

To spend a lot of time doing something — заниматься чем-либо много времени

My sister spent a lot of time watching TV.

To spend money — тратить деньги

How much money did you spend?

To go to school — ходить в школу

We don't go to school on Sunday.

To go abroad – ездить за границу

They will go abroad next month.

To go shopping – ходить за покупками

Nina doesn't like to go shopping.

To go away – уходить

He went away two hours ago.

To miss friends / parents – скучать по друзьям (родителям)

Did you miss your friends in summer?

To miss Maths lessons – пропускать уроки математики

Why did you miss Maths lesson yesterday?

To miss a football match – пропускать футбольный матч

He never misses football matches and goes to the stadium every week.

To take a book / a pen – взять книгу (ручку)

Can I take your pen?

To take care of – заботиться

Who takes care of your dog?

To take pictures – фотографировать

I took many pictures last month.

### Упр. 36, стр. 17

- 1) I went to the country to visit my Granny.
- 2) My parents bought me a computer.
- 3) Our family went to the Black Sea.
- 4) I spent five days in St Petersburg.
- 5) I read two books of Russian fairy-tales.

### Упр. 37, стр. 17

Why do you like to spend your holidays in the country? I can get up late. I can gather mushrooms all day long. I can walk with my friends in the evening. I can play with my friends all day long. I can swim and dive, ride my bike and enjoy picking berries and gathering mushrooms in the nearest forest.

Why don't you like to spend your holidays in the country? I think it is boring to go there every year. I miss my parents and my classmates. The weather could be rainy and cloudy. I don't like the country.

Why do you like to spend your holidays in the city? I can go to the disco. I have many friends in the city. I can go to the park and to the stadium. I like to go to the zoo. I like to spend my holidays with my parents. I don't like to pick up berries and gather mushrooms.

Why don't you like to spend your holidays in the city? I think it is boring to live in the city in summer. I miss my grandparents. The weather could be rainy and cloudy. I don't like the life in the city. There are not so many friends in summer.

Why do you like to spend your holidays in the camp? I can get up late. I can walk with my friends in the evening. I can play with my friends all day long. I can swim and dive, ride my bike and enjoy picking berries and gathering mushrooms in the nearest forest. I like to sit near the fire and sing songs in the evening. I can go to the disco with my friends.

Why don't you like to spend your holidays in the camp? I think it is boring to go there every year. I miss my parents and my classmates. The weather could be rainy and cloudy. I don't like to be in the camp.

### Упр. 38, стр. 18

	In the city	In the country	In the camp
What's good?	I can go to the disco. I have many friends in the city. I can go to the park and to the stadium. I like to go to the zoo. I like to spend my holidays with my parents. I don't like to pick up berries and gather mushrooms.	I can get up late. I can gather mushrooms all day long. I can walk with my friends in the evening. I can play with my friends all day long. I can swim and dive, ride my bike and enjoy picking berries and gathering mushrooms in the nearest forest.	I can get up late. I can walk with my friends in the evening. I can play with my friends all day long. I can swim and dive, ride my bike and enjoy picking berries and gathering mushrooms in the nearest forest. I like to sit near the fire and sing songs in the evening. I can go to the disco with my friends.
What's so good?	I think it is boring to live in the city in summer. I miss my grandparents. The weather could be rainy and cloudy. I don't like the life in the city. There are not so many friends in summer.	I think it is boring to go there every year. I miss my parents and my classmates. The weather could be rainy and cloudy. I don't like the life in the country.	I think it is boring to go there every year. I miss my parents and my classmates. The weather could be rainy and cloudy. I don't like to be in the camp.

**Упр. 39, стр. 18**

I spent my holidays with my parents. In July we went abroad.

Where did you go in summer? What country did you visit?

What was the weather like?

Did you like your trip? Why? Why not?

What did you like to do in summer?

Did you make new friends?

Did you miss your classmates in summer?

What places did you visit?

Примерный диалог:

— Hello, Mike!

— Hello, Helen!

— I haven't seen you for ages. Where did you go?

— I went to Great Britain, to London.

— Who did you go to London with?

— I went there with my parents.

— What interesting places did you visit?

— We visited Trafalgar Square and Hyde Park.

— What about the British people? Were they friendly?

— Yes, they were. They were very friendly and polite. I made friends with two girls there.

— What was the weather like? They say it often rains in Britain.

— The weather was sunny and warm. We spent a lot of time outdoors.

— I can see you liked your travel very much.

— You are right. Come and see me some day. I shall show you some pictures.

— Thank you very much. Good-bye, Helen!

— Good-bye, Mike!

**Упр. 40, стр. 18**

I'd like to spend next holidays in Great Britain. I'd like to study English at Summer school. I will visit interesting places. I will improve my language. I'll make new friends. If it is sunny and warm we shall walk a lot, play different games and take part in competitions.

**Упр. 41, стр. 18**

Welcome to Russia!

You can have the Gold Ring Tour and visit a lot of interesting places. You will see beautiful cities and towns: Kostroma, Suzdal, Vladimir, Yaroslavl, Rostov, Pereslavl-Zalesky. Many people visit the capital of Russia — Moscow every year. You will see modern buildings and old churches, monuments and museums, squares and parks. The weather is always wonderful. You will enjoy travelling by a comfortable bus.

**Section 5. Homework****Упр. 1, стр. 19**

Subjects I like	Subjects I don't like	Subjects I'd like to study
Maths	Russian	French
English	Physical Education	Technology
Science	Music	History

**Упр. 2, стр. 19**

a) break; b) French; c) London; d) heart.

**Упр. 3, стр. 19**

a) Britain; b) paint; c) Christmas.

**Упр. 5, стр. 19**

I like English because I would like to speak English well. Our teacher likes her pupils and they love her very much. At English lessons we read stories, act out the dialogues, learn poems by heart and sing English songs.

I like Physical Education because I learn to play sports games. I can run and swim very well. I play for the school basketball team. At P. E. lessons we run, jump and do exercises. Most pupils in our class enjoy P. E.

I like Art because I learn a lot of interesting things about artists. At Art lessons we learn to draw and to paint. Our drawings and pictures are on the walls of our classroom. My friends love our Art lessons.

## Упр. 6, стр. 20

- 1) She'll *tell* us about her visit to Samara.
- 2) Brain *told* me that he didn't like the Science lesson.
- 3) «Don't ask too many questions,» my father *says/said*.
- 4) French students *speak* English well.
- 5) The doctor *says* that I must drink a lot of carrot juice.
- 6) «Can I *speak* to Mary, please?» – «I am afraid she is not at home.»

## Упр. 7, стр. 20

- 1) «*Speak* louder, please,» the teacher says.
- 2) He *said* to me: «Be serious! Don't laugh at me!»
- 3) The King *said*: «How could I get rid of the mice?»
- 4) The students in the sixth form *speak* good French.
- 5) Her mother *told* us the bad news.
- 6) Helen *tells/told* her children not to open the front door.

## Упр. 8, стр. 20

- Dear – dearer – (the) dearest  
 Happy – happier – (the) happiest  
 New – newer – (the) newest  
 Bright – brighter – (the) brightest  
 Great – greater – (the) greatest  
 Near – nearer – (the) nearest  
 Good – better – (the) best

## Упр. 9, стр. 20

- 1) Maths is *more difficult* than Science.
- 2) This pupil is *the brightest* in the school.
- 3) This year I have *more* subjects in my timetable than I had last year.
- 4) He has *the funniest* nickname.
- 5) Our English Language teachers are *better* than their English language teacher.
- 6) I think Literature and History are *the most interesting* subjects.

## Упр. 10, стр. 20

- 1) her friend's letter
- 2) my sister's nickname

- 3) the teachers' photos
- 4) his brother's sharpener
- 5) their sons' felt-tip pens
- 6) the children's cartridges
- 7) my parents' computer

## Упр. 11, стр. 20

- School – schools  
 Dress – dresses  
 Man – men  
 Mouse – mice  
 Wolf – wolves  
 Tooth – teeth  
 Hobby – hobbies  
 Woman – women  
 Nickname – nicknames  
 Child – children  
 Shelf – shelves  
 Language – languages  
 City – cities  
 Potato – potatoes

## Упр. 12, стр. 21

- 1) There are a lot of textbooks *on* the table.
- 2) Little children like to learn funny poems *by* heart.
- 3) *At* the lesson we translate *from* Russian *into* English.
- 4) Students answer *the* teacher's questions *at* the lessons.
- 5) «*Of course* she is *from* Britain,» Kate said.
- 6) Pavel told *us* *about* his summer holidays.

## Упр. 13, стр. 21

- Hi! Nice to see you!
- Hi! Nice to meet you, too. Why do you look so sad?
- Today is the first of September but I am ill.
- Oh, I'm glad to be at school again because I missed my friends and teachers in summer.
- Me, too. But I must go to the doctor today.
- Don't think about difficulties! Think about pleasant things!

## Упр. 14, стр. 21

- Lazy – hard-working  
 To ask – to answer  
 Boy – girl  
 Bad – good  
 To take – to give  
 Little – big  
 She – he  
 Much – little  
 To hate – to like  
 Beautiful – ugly  
 Above – under  
 Bright – silly  
 Dull – interesting  
 Black – white  
 In front of – behind  
 To forget – to remember  
 To cry – to laugh  
 Different – similar

## Упр. 15, стр. 21

- 1) How many new pupils are there in our form?
- 2) How many British boys and girls will there be in Barbara's class this year?
- 3) What does Elizabeth like?
- 4) Where are the girls from?
- 5) When did Mark invite me to England?
- 6) Why were we happy to get good marks in French?

## Упр. 16, стр. 21

- Проводить много времени – to spend a lot of time  
 Проводить каникулы – to spend holidays  
 Проводить выходные дни – to spend the weekend  
 Останавливаться (где-то) – to stay at  
 Фотографировать – to take pictures  
 Скушаться по семье – to miss the family  
 Пропускать уроки – to miss lessons  
 Ездить за границу – to go abroad

## Упр. 17, стр. 22

I

- 1) Where are you from? *I am from Russia.*
- 2) How old are you? *I am eleven.*
- 3) Are you in the fifth form? *Yes, I am. I am in the fifth form.*
- 4) How many subjects do you study at school? *I study 12 subjects at school.*
- 5) How many boys and how many girls are there in your class? *There are twelve boys and fifteen girls in our class.*
- 6) When does your first lesson start? *My first lesson starts at 8.*

II

- 1) When do you usually get home after school? *I get home at four o'clock.*
- 2) Are you tired after six lessons? *Yes, I am. I am tired after six lessons.*
- 3) Do you relax at home? *Yes, I do.*  
*How do you relax? I play computer games and go for a walk.*
- 4) At what time do you finish your homework? *I finish my homework at seven o'clock.*
- 5) Does anybody help you to do your homework? *No. Nobody helps me to do my homework.*
- 6) Did your parents visit your school last year? *Yes, they did.*  
*They visited my school last year.*
- 7) Do you help your mum about the house? *Yes, I do. I help my mum about the house.*
- 8) When do you usually go to bed? *I usually go to bed at ten o'clock.*

## Упр. 18, стр. 22

- 6) I went to the country to visit my Granny.
- 7) My parents bought me a computer.
- 8) Our family went to the Black Sea.
- 9) I spent five days in St Petersburg.
- 10) I read two books of Russian fairy-tales.

## Упр. 19, стр. 22

Dear Sarah,

Thank you for your letter. It was good to hear from you. I hope you had interesting holidays last month.

What can I tell you about my holiday? This summer I visited my granny. She lives in the country. The weather was warm and sunny. I spent a lot of time outdoors. We swam in the river and rode bikes in the evening. We went to the forest and enjoyed picking berries and gathering mushrooms.

I also spent three weeks in the camp. I liked our evenings there. We usually made a fire, played the guitar and sang songs. I took a lot of pictures of my friends and of myself.

If you come to Moscow, you'll have to visit me. I will show you my pictures.

With lots of love and best wishes from me and my family.

Yours

Mike

## КЛЮЧИ К ЗАДАНИЯМ РАБОЧЕЙ ТЕТРАДИ

### Section 1

#### Упр. 1, стр. 3

Little strokes fell great oaks.

Терпение и труд все перетрут.

The workbook begins with this proverb because it is important to learn English regularly: a pupil must speak English, read English words and sentences, listen to the tape, learn English poems and dialogues by heart. It can be difficult and boring but it is very useful.

#### Упр. 2, стр. 3

- 1) Britain
- 2) Christmas
- 3) Language
- 4) Last

#### Упр. 3, стр. 3

- 1) Science
- 2) History
- 3) Drama
- 4) Maths
- 5) Information
- 6) Physical

#### Упр. 4, стр. 4

With, neither, this.

#### Упр. 5, стр. 4

a)

At a British School: English Literature, English Language, P. E., Maths, Information Technology, Art, Science, History, Drama, French/German, Drawing, Geography.

At a Russian School: Russian Language, P. E., Maths, Information Technology, Art, Science, History, Russian Literature, French/German, Drawing, Geography.

b)

English – answer the teacher's questions, work hard, read interesting textbooks, translate texts, discuss different problems, learn poems by heart.

P. E. – work hard, run, jump and play.

Maths – work hard, solve difficult problems.

History – work hard, read interesting textbooks, study events in the past, answer the teacher's questions, discuss different problems.

Science – work hard, read interesting textbooks, do experiments, answer the teacher's questions.

I.T. – work hard, learn how to use the computers.

Art – work hard, draw and paint pictures.

#### Упр. 6, стр. 4–5

- 1) 40 or 45 minutes.
- 2) Blue, grey, black and green are.
- 3) French is.
- 4) German, Russian and Spanish are.
- 5) 3 holidays.
- 6) Christmas holidays, Easter holidays and Summer holidays.
- 7) Yes, I do.
- 8) No, I wouldn't.

#### Упр. 7, стр. 5

- 1) c; 2) a; 3) c; 4) b.

## Упр. 8, стр. 5

- What form are you in?
- I'm in the fifth form. And you?
- I'm in the fifth form. I see you are in a uniform. Do you like it?
- It's OK. All students wear uniform in our school. What about you?
- Oh, in some Russian schools students wear it. But we don't. Are there any new subjects in your timetable?
- Yes, there are. I hope they will be not boring.

## Section 2

## Упр. 9, стр. 5

Foreign, Science, Maths, Language, subject, P, wear, Physical, Information.

## Упр. 10, стр. 6

- [ei] – nickname, great, information, break, today  
 [i:] – please, read, teacher, she  
 [a:] – ask, by heart, drama, art

## Упр. 11, стр. 6

Computer, workbook, dictionary, pen, rubber, felt-tip pen, ruler, textbook, sharpener, pencil, desk, chair, schoolbag, a box of paints.

## Упр. 12, стр. 6

I like to go to *school* on Tuesdays. We have two *lessons* of *P. E.* on Tuesdays. *P. E.* is my *favourite* lesson. I like to run, jump and *play* basketball. I can *play* basketball very *well*.

## Упр. 13, стр. 6

We have English on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays. At our English lessons we *speak* English, translate from Russian *into* English, ask and answer *questions*, copy new words, sing *songs*, play funny games and *learn* poems by heart. But our *teacher* gives us a lot of *homework*. I enjoy learning English *at school*. I don't like to *do* homework. But on Fridays there is no homework. I like English *lessons* on Fridays.

## Упр. 14, стр. 6

What will the English teacher ask you about today? *Maybe about holidays.*

Who's Jason? *Our new classmate.*  
 Is she good at English? *Yes, very good.*  
 Let's go to school together. *OK.*  
 What is her nickname? *No idea.*  
 Hello! I'm Jason. *Nice to meet you. I'm Peter.*

## Упр. 15, стр. 7

- 1) My T-shirt is bigger than your T-shirt.
- 2) His homework is more difficult than her homework.
- 3) My father is older than my mother.
- 4) Their workbooks are thinner than their textbooks.
- 5) The road is longer than the path.
- 6) History is easier than Maths.
- 7) My new nickname is funnier than your nickname.
- 8) Art lessons are more interesting than I. T.

## Упр. 16, стр. 7

- 1) On the first of September our teacher *said*: «You will wear a very nice uniform this year.»
- 2) What languages do you *speak*? – English and Italian.
- 3) Would you like to *tell* me about your summer holidays?
- 4) Don't *speak* so loudly, please. I can hear you very well.
- 5) When I was a kid my grandmother *told* me fairy-tales every night.
- 6) Charles *says* that he likes the new subjects at school.

## Упр. 17, стр. 7

- 1) Boys often run between the desks during the break.
- 2) My sister seldom gets bad marks.
- 3) We learn new things at the lessons.
- 4) Why do you ask many questions?
- 5) Don't speak loudly!
- 6) Did you miss your old friends during your summer holidays?
- 7) In the fifth form we have six lessons every day.

## Упр. 18, стр. 8

Last weekend my mother and father *went* to the country to see my grandfather and grandmother. I *was* at home alone. I *played* computer games, *did* my Maths and foreign language homework, *drew* a nice picture for my Art lesson on Monday.

Soon I *felt* hungry. But there *was* nothing to *eat* in the fridge. So I *went* to the shop. I *bought* lots of food: it's nice to *be* at home alone.  
Next Sunday my family *will wear* to their friends.  
And I *will stay* at home again.

**Упр. 19, стр. 8**

On the first of September I got up early in the morning. Then I had breakfast and went to school with my parents. It was my first day at school but I was not nervous. I gave flowers to the teacher.

I was happy to meet old friend. We had few lessons on that day. I got a good mark in English. It was difficult to sit still and not to talk with my friends during my lessons. We didn't get a lot of homework. In the evening I was tired and went to bed at 10 o'clock.

**Section 3****Упр. 20, стр. 8**

1) learn; 2) information; 3) teacher; 4) English; 5) run; 6) Art; 7) tell; 8) uniform; 9) recite; 10) explain.

**Упр. 21, стр. 9**

Late – early, to take off – to put on, left – right, in the town – in the country, to finish – to start, usually – sometimes, often – seldom, to go out – to stay.

**Упр. 22, стр. 9**

	Ideal Pupil	Ideal Teacher
Characteristics	Clever Polite Nice Friendly	Nice Friendly Polite Clever
What should do in the lessons	Ask clever questions Get good marks Do homework every day Make teachers happy Work hard Wear uniform	Ask and answer clever and silly questions Explain grammar rules Make pupils happy Help pupils to decide problems
What shouldn't do in the lessons	Prompt Give nicknames Speak to friends at the	Give only good marks Give pupils a lot of homework Be rude

	lesson Draw funny pictures on the blackboard	Shout at children
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**Упр. 23, стр. 9–10**

She got up at 7 o'clock. Barbara walked to school. She had 5 lessons. She taught 10-year-old pupils. In the lesson they spoke English, asked and answered questions, read and translated, played games and wrote tests. She gave only good marks. Her pupils didn't prompt in the lesson. When she got home she was tired.

Barbara cooked dinner for her family. She didn't go for a walk in the evening. She watched TV and went to bed at about 11 o'clock. She slept well yesterday.

**Упр. 24, стр. 10**

- May I open the window?
- Can I use my book?
- May I come in?
- May I open my textbook?
- Can I read the text?
- May I close the door?
- Can I speak Russian?

**Упр. 25, стр. 10**

- 1) to; 2) of; 3) during; 4) near; 5) at; 6) in; 7) from.

**Section 4****Упр. 26, стр. 11**

Draw, read, learn, write, copy, discuss, mark, lesson, recite, get.

**Упр. 27, стр. 11**

- 1) I spent my holidays in the country.
- 2) Do you like to go shopping?
- 3) He didn't go abroad last year.
- 4) Why did she miss your English lesson?
- 5) My friend always takes care of his cat.



## Упр. 28, стр. 11

Dear Harry,

Thank you *for* your letter. It was nice to hear *from* you! I would like to tell you *about* my weekend *in* the country. *\_* Last Sunday I went to my grandma *with* my parents. We missed *\_* her very much. She lives *in* the country in a house of her own.

She was very glad to see us. I took a lot *of* pictures *of* my family and *\_* myself. *In* the evening we made a fire and sang old Russian songs. When you come here *\_* next time we'll visit *\_* my grandma *with* you. Please, write *about* your weekend.

Best wishes *from* us all.

Your Maxim

## Упр. 29, стр. 12

- 1) Who described our students and showed our photos in the school?
- 2) What students did Mrs Grey describe in her school?
- 3) What did Mrs Grey do in her school?
- 4) Why did Mrs Grey describe our students and show our photos in her school?
- 5) When did Mrs Grey describe our students and show our photos in her school?

## Упр. 30, стр. 12

I spent my winter *holidays* in the country. The weather was *fine*. I *skied* in the forest. My friend and I went to the river to *skate*. Sometimes we played *snowballs* and *made* snowmen. When it was cold I stayed *at home*, read books, watched TV. I *enjoyed* my winter holidays.

## Упр. 31, стр. 12

In July my parents and I to *Anapa*. It's a nice town at the seaside. The weather was *sunny and hot*. We *swam* and *dived* in the Black Sea. I enjoyed *playing* volleyball, basketball and tennis with my friends. We took a lot of pictures. In the *evening* we went for a walk and *went to the cafe*. I enjoyed my summer *holidays*.

## Unit 2. We Are Going to Travel

## КЛЮЧИ К РАЗДЕЛУ УЧЕБНИКА

## Section 1. Reading and Discussing an Invitation

## Упр. 1, стр. 24

Russian students will stay with the families of children from Local State School in London.

## Упр. 4, стр. 25

Local school – местная школа

He is a teacher of a local school.

Local football team – местная футбольная команда

My cousin is a member of a local football team.

Local tennis competition – местное соревнование по теннису

They took part in a local tennis competition.

Group of four – группа из 4 человек

They are the group of four.

Group of students – группа студентов

We met the group of students from America yesterday.

Group task – групповое задание

It was a group task.

Social life – общественная жизнь

I am responsible for the social life.

Social classes – общественные науки

The social classes were very interesting.

Social programme – культурная программа

He told us about their social programme.

To stay at home – остаться дома

We stayed at home last weekend.

To stay with your partner family – останавливаться в семье своего партнера

Do you agree to stay with your partner family?

To stay with your little brother – остаться со своим маленьким братом

She doesn't stay with her little brother.

To stay in the hotel — останавливаться в отеле

Will you stay in the hotel in Moscow?

To arrange flowers in a vase — ставить цветы в вазу

My mother helped me to arrange the flowers in a beautiful vase.

To arrange chairs in the classroom — расставить стулья в кабинете

They arranged the chairs in the classroom two hours ago.

To arrange a date and time — назначать дату и время

Are you ready to arrange the date and time of our meeting?

### Упр. 5, стр. 25

- 1) Let's arrange a meeting (a picnic, a date, time, a concert) together.
- 2) I would like to be responsible for the educational programme (social programme, the cost of accommodation).
- 3) I propose that you come for 10 days (visit me in May, help me with the educational programme).

### Упр. 7, стр. 27

- a) It's a lovely evening, isn't it?  
The sportsman runs very fast, doesn't he?  
It was a wonderful game, wasn't it?  
You will come here again, won't you?  
We could go there together, couldn't we?  
You know my family, don't you?
- b) You don't need any help, do you?  
She doesn't speak German at all, does she?  
Paul isn't good at Maths, is he?  
Your parents aren't from Britain, are they?  
Our match wasn't interesting today, was it?  
Your teacher won't give you much homework for the

weekend, will she?

### Упр. 8, стр. 28

- 1) You are in the fifth form, aren't you? Yes, I am.
- 2) He isn't from Scotland, is he? No, he isn't.
- 3) They must work hard, mustn't they? Yes, they must.
- 4) Yesterday Steven met a group of Russian students, didn't he? No, he didn't.

- 5) We won't go abroad this summer, will we? No, we won't.
- 6) She was nervous at the lesson? Yes, she was.
- 7) Pam couldn't stay after lessons, could she? No, she couldn't.

### Упр. 9, стр. 28

- 1) You are in the fifth form, aren't you? Yes, I am. / No, I am not.
- 2) You don't like picnics, do you? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.
- 3) You helped the old woman on your way to school, didn't you? Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.
- 4) Your friend can't drive a car, can he? Yes, he can. / No, he can't.
- 5) You won't have a Maths exam this year, will you? Yes, I will. / No, I won't.

## Section 2. I Am Going to ...

### Упр. 11, стр. 29

I am going to visit Great Britain.  
My friends are going to stay with English families.  
Our head teacher is going to thank them for the invitation.  
Barbara Grey is going to write an invitation letter.  
Steven Wooding is going to invite a group of Russian students.  
We are going to arrange a school party.  
Their parents are going to be responsible for the social programme.  
I am going to miss lessons at school.

### Упр. 12, стр. 30

Barbara is going to visit her dentist at 3 p.m. on Monday.  
Barbara is going to give a call to Mr Golovin at 10 p.m. on Monday.  
Barbara is going to buy a present for Granny on Tuesday.  
Barbara is going to write a letter to my Russian pupils on Wednesday.  
Barbara is going to speak to Mr Wooding about social and educational programmes.  
Barbara is going to the school party (till late at night) on Friday.  
Barbara is going to sleep on Saturday.  
Barbara is going to visit granny on her birthday on Sunday.

**Упр. 13, стр. 30**

- I am going to visit my friend on Monday.  
 I am going to help my mother about the house on Tuesday.  
 I am going to write a letter to my Granny on Wednesday.  
 I am going to buy some books on Thursday.  
 I am going to invite my relatives to the party on Friday.  
 I am going to have a party on Saturday.  
 I am going to clean my room on Sunday.

**Упр. 14, стр. 30**

- 1) Barbara Grey is not going to visit Russia.
- 2) Steven Wooding is going to invite Russian students and their teachers to London.
- 3) Local State School is going to be responsible for the costs of accommodation, as agreed with the partners from Russian school.
- 4) Local State School is going to be responsible for a social programme.
- 5) The Russian students and their teachers are going to stay with the families of English children.
- 6) They are going to visit London in April.

**Упр. 15, стр. 30**

- a) I am going to read books after lessons today.  
 I am going to take pictures of my dog after lessons today.  
 I am going to play chess after lessons today.  
 I am going to play puzzle after lessons today.  
 I am going to play computer games after lessons today.  
 I am going to gather mushrooms after lessons today.
- b) My father is going to watch TV on Sunday.  
 My father is going to the forest on Sunday.  
 My mother is going to visit her friend on Sunday.  
 My mother is going to make a cake on Sunday.  
 My brother is going to play computer games on Sunday.  
 My brother is going to ride a bike on Sunday.  
 My sister is going to clean her room on Sunday.  
 My sister is going to play puzzle on Sunday.

My grandfather is going to play chess on Sunday.  
 My grandmother is going to pick berries on Sunday.

**Упр. 16, стр. 31**

	What are you going to do in the evening?	When are you going to do your lessons?	Where are you going to walk your dog?
Lucy	to watch TV	at 4 p.m.	in the forest
Nick	to play computer games	at 5 p.m.	in the park
Helen	to walk with my dog	at 3 p.m.	near the river

**Упр. 17, стр. 31**

- When are you going to visit Finland?  
 What places are you going to visit?  
 How many bags are you going to take?  
 Who are you going to travel with?  
 Why are you going to visit Finland?  
 Where are you going to stay?  
 How many days are you going to spend there?

**Section 3. We Discuss Our Plans for the Weekend****Упр. 20, стр. 32**

Afternoon tea is typically British in this story.

**Упр. 21, стр. 32**

Mary Poppins and her friend saw some wooden horses in the trees. It was the real merry-go-round. The horses were very beautiful. Mary Poppins liked it a lot and decided to ride it.

After that they saw a woman. She had a lot of old and new books in her hands. «My name is Mrs Little. I have different books and magazines. Would you like to read one of these books?» asked the woman. «May I take the oldest book?» asked Mary Poppins. «Of course, you can!» answered Mrs Little. Mary Poppins took the book and opened it. The book was magic and Mary Poppins could see her future in it.

**Упр. 22, стр. 33**

- Do you usually visit your friends in the evening (at the weekend)?  
 Do you usually go shopping in the evening (at the weekend)?  
 Do you usually listen to music in the evening (at the weekend)?

- Do you usually clean the flat in the evening (at the weekend)?  
 Do you usually go to the dacha in the evening (at the weekend)?  
 Do you usually play sport in the evening (at the weekend)?  
 Do you usually go to the theatre in the evening (at the weekend)?  
 Do you usually go to the cinema in the evening (at the weekend)?  
 Do you usually watch TV in the evening (at the weekend)?  
 Do you usually watch a video in the evening (at the weekend)?  
 Do you usually play computer games in the evening (at the weekend)?

- Do you usually read newspapers in the evening (at the weekend)?  
 Do you usually read magazines in the evening (at the weekend)?  
 Do you usually read books in the evening (at the weekend)?  
 Do you usually go in the evening (at the weekend)?  
 Do you usually go out with friends in the evening (at the weekend)?

## Упр. 23, стр. 33

- 1) At what time do you usually come home after your lessons? В какое время ты обычно приходишь домой после уроков?
- 2) I hope you will arrive at the station in time. I wouldn't like to miss our train. Я надеюсь, вы придёте на вокзал вовремя. Мне не хотелось бы опоздать на поезд.
- 3) How many times have we met each other in this theatre? Сколько раз мы встречались в этом театре?
- 4) The first time I saw you I decided to make friends with you. Когда я увидел вас первый раз, я решил подружиться с вами.
- 5) See you this time tomorrow. Встретимся завтра в это же время.

## Упр. 25, стр. 34

- Why is Dick absent?
- He is ill.
- We should visit him.
- I agree with you. Could we arrange a date and time right now?
- Of course we can. What if we visit him today?
- I am afraid I can't. I have arranged to go to the shop with my mother.

- Sorry, but I can't. I have a Music lesson in the afternoon.
- What about tomorrow?
- OK. Let's decide how to organize our visit.
- You will phone him, won't you?
- Yes, I shall.
- Jake and I will be responsible for the fruits and sweets. We shall buy them in the shop.
- Kate and I will be responsible for the books. We shall go to the library and take some interesting books for him.
- I shall write down the homework for him. When and where shall we meet?
- Near his house at five o'clock.

## Упр. 26, стр. 34

- 1) When will the picnic start? The picnic will start on the fourth of September.
- 2) What is Steve responsible for? He is responsible for music.
- 3) What is Catherine responsible for? She is responsible for sandwiches and coke.
- 4) What is Julia going to do? Julia is going to make a special funny picnic birthday cake for Frank.

## Упр. 28, стр. 35

If I met my best friend after summer holidays I would shake hands with him.

If I went to the theatre with a nice girl I would hold the door open for her.

If I met my grandmother who lived in the country I would kiss her on both cheeks.

If I left the birthday party I would say thank you.

## Упр. 28, стр. 35

- 1 - d; 2 - c; 3 - a; 4 - b.

## Упр. 29, стр. 35

- not to take your elbows (локти) on the table
- to visit sick friends
- to say «please» when you ask something
- to say «Good morning» when you meet somebody

## Упр. 30, стр. 35

I think customs in Britain and in Russia are different sometimes because British and Russian people have different ways of life (особраз жизни), they have different customs, traditions and holidays.

## Упр. 31, стр. 35

I like the following British customs:

- to take flowers if you are invited to visit your friend for dinner
- to come at the time you were invited
- to hold the door open for a girl if you are a boy
- to say «thank you» when you leave the table after dinner

## Section 4. Homework

## Упр. 1, стр. 36

Invitation, idea, stay, children, local, responsible, propose, programme, partner, comedy, education.

## Упр. 2, стр. 36

Arrange, propose, social, local, theatre, miss.

## Упр. 3, стр. 36

- 1) I would like to invite my British pen friend to Moscow.
- 2) I propose \_ that he comes for 15 days in May.
- 3) I'll be responsible for the educational and social programmes.
- 4) He'll stay with my family.
- 5) I hope he won't miss \_ his family during his stay in Moscow.

## Упр. 4, стр. 36

- Head Teacher of a Local State School
- I met Head Teacher of a Local State School yesterday.
- the large group of students

Let's invite the large group of students to Moscow!

- to be responsible for social and educational programme
- Who was responsible for social and educational programme?
- an invitation letter
- She got an invitation letter last week.

## Упр. 5, стр. 36

- c) It's a lovely evening, isn't it?  
The sportsman runs very fast, doesn't he?

- It was a wonderful game, wasn't it?  
You will come here again, won't it?  
We could go there together, couldn't we?  
You know my family, don't you?  
d) You don't need any help, do you?  
She doesn't speak German at all, does she?  
Paul isn't good at Maths, is he?  
Your parents aren't from Britain, are they?  
Our match wasn't interesting today, was it?  
Your teacher won't give you much homework for the

weekend, will she?

## Упр. 6, стр. 36

- 1) They will arrange the date and time of our meeting, won't they?
- 2) Her pen friend studies at a Local State School in London, doesn't she?
- 3) Our parents don't play sports, do they?
- 4) My sister can speak and read German well, can't she?
- 5) Their Head Teacher didn't get the invitation, did she?
- 6) Linda's friends were responsible for the music, weren't they?
- 7) We couldn't go to the theatre together, could we?

## Упр. 7, стр. 36

I am going to visit Great Britain.  
My friends are going to miss lessons at school.  
Our Head Teacher will be responsible for a social programme.  
Steven Wooding is going to invite a group of Russian students.  
Barbara Grey is going to invite an invitation letter.  
Their parents are going to thank them for the invitation.  
We are going to arrange a school party.  
We are going to stay with English families.

## Упр. 8, стр. 36–37

Kevin's parents are going to give him a watch.  
Melissa's parents are going to give her some sweets.  
Jennifer's parents are going to give her a dog.  
Susan's parents are going to give her a new guitar.  
Alice's parents are going to give him a rucksack.  
Julie's parents are going to give her new boots.

Catherine's parents are going to give her a green blouse.

Thomas's parents are going to give him a racket.

Paul's parents are going to give him a football.

#### Упр. 9, стр. 37

On Monday Jane is going to write invitations for her birthday party.

On Tuesday Jane is going to have her hair cut.

On Wednesday Jane is going to visit her dentist.

On Thursday Jane is going to arrange flowers in her room.

On Friday Jane is going to visit her sick friend.

On Saturday Jane is going to arrange her birthday party.

On Sunday Jane is going to clean her flat.

#### Упр. 10, стр. 37

Mary Poppins and her friend saw some wooden horses in the trees. It was the real merry-go-round. The horses were very beautiful. Mary Poppins liked it a lot and decided to ride it.

After that they saw a woman. She had a lot of old and new books in her hands. «My name is Mrs Little. I have different books and magazines. Would you like to read one of these books?» asked the woman. «May I take the oldest book?» asked Mary Poppins. «Of course, you can!» answered Mrs Little. Mary Poppins took the book and opened it. The book was magic and Mary Poppins could see her future in it.

#### Упр. 11, стр. 37

I'm going to visit my friend on Monday.

I'm going to help my mother about the house on Tuesday.

I'm going to play football with my classmates on Wednesday.

I'm going to stay at home on Thursday.

I'm going to read a book on Friday.

I'm going to make a cake on Saturday.

I'm going to go to the theatre on Sunday.

#### Упр. 12, стр. 37

If I met my best friend after summer holidays I would shake hands with him.

If I went to the theatre with a nice girl I would hold the door open for her.

If I met my grandmother who lived in the country I would kiss her on both cheeks.

If I left the birthday party I would say thank you.

#### Упр. 13, стр. 37

- Listen, boys. Do you remember it is your mother's birthday tomorrow? We could arrange a party for her, couldn't we?
- Oh, yes, we could do it.
- Not a bad idea! Let's think about it right now.
- I know! I'll be responsible for the music.
- I am going to clean the flat. And you, Bob?
- I'll be responsible for the present. I think Jack will make a birthday cake.
- Am I? Why me? I think we should make a birthday cake together, shouldn't we?
- OK.

### КЛЮЧИ К ЗАДАНИЯМ РАБОЧЕЙ ТЕТРАДИ

#### Section 1

#### Упр. 1, стр. 13

Student, invite, partner, group, social, accommodation, programme, costs, educational.

#### Упр. 2, стр. 13

Accommodation, costs, educational, group, invite, partner, programme, social, student.

#### Упр. 3, стр. 13

- 1) What group does the Head Teacher invite?
- 2) When does the Head Teacher propose to invite British students?
- 3) Where will the children stay?
- 4) Who will be responsible for the costs of accommodation?
- 5) Who will be responsible for the educational and social programme?

#### Упр. 4, стр. 13

Say - tell, do - make, organize - arrange, trip - travel, p. m. - afternoon, begin - start, dress - uniform, learn - study, picnic - party.

## Упр. 5, стр. 14

- 1) Did the Head Teacher propose that we come to his school for 15–20 days in April?
- 2) Who proposed that we come to the school for 15–20 days in April?
- 3) Where did the Head Teacher propose that we come to?
- 4) When did the Head Teacher propose that we come to his school for 15–20 days?
- 5) How long did the Head Teacher propose that we come to his school in April?

## Упр. 6, стр. 14

- 1) Boys usually arrange chairs in the classroom for the English lesson.
- 2) You have an interesting social programme.
- 3) We can invite a group of 11 students to our Drama lesson.
- 4) Will you stay after Maths?
- 5) The boys from our school arranged to meet at 2 p. m.

## Упр. 7, стр. 14

Dear guests!

Welcome to our stadium today. Our local football team will play with their British partners. Football players will stay in the hotel. The group of local fans are responsible for an interesting social programme for our guests. We are glad to see you.

## Упр. 8, стр. 14

- 1) hotel; 2) Russian; 3) party; 4) together.

## Упр. 9, стр. 14

- 1) It's nice to invite British students, isn't it?
- 2) You are responsible for a social programme, aren't you?
- 3) They didn't arrange a date of the competition, did they?
- 4) It was a group of 17 students, wasn't it?
- 5) She'll stay with her partner's family, won't she?
- 6) The accommodation costs weren't very high, were they?

## Упр. 10, стр. 15

- A. Nice day, isn't it?  
B. It'll rain tomorrow, won't it?

- A. Are you sure?  
B. We'll arrange a picnic tomorrow. It always rains for the picnic, doesn't it?  
A. I don't think so.

## Упр. 11, стр. 15

My younger brother had his birthday on Sunday. I proposed to arrange a birthday picnic for him and his friends. «Not a bad idea!» said my parents. We decided to spend a weekend in the country. I was responsible for the social programme. We played funny games and sports, sang songs, danced and took pictures. My brother and his friends enjoyed the picnic. «That was great,» he said and kissed me.

Next year we are going to arrange a birthday picnic for my brother and his friends again.

## Section 2

## Упр. 12, стр. 15

- 1) We/they are going abroad.
- 2) I am going to wear a uniform this year.
- 3) She/he is going to spend her Christmas holidays at home.
- 4) Is he/she going to study Science at school?
- 5) Are they/we going to miss a Maths lesson?

## Упр. 13, стр. 15

- 1) Are British students going to arrange a concert for us?
- 2) Is my little brother going to the eighth form in September?
- 3) Am I going to invite all my friends to my birthday party?

## Упр. 14, стр. 16

Days: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday.

Months: January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, December.

## Упр. 15, стр. 16

- 1) She is going to see the dentist.
- 2) They are going to have a nice time.
- 3) He is going to stay with his sister.

- 4) We are going to walk in the park.
- 5) We are going to invite them.

**Упр. 16, стр. 17**

- Why are you going to spend your holiday in France?  
 Where are you going to stay?  
 When are you going there?  
 What places are you going to visit?  
 How long are you going to stay there?  
 Who is responsible for the tickets?  
 With whom are you going to France?

**Section 3****Упр. 17, стр. 17**

- 1) sport
- 2) dacha
- 3) picnic
- 4) sea
- 5) weekend
- 6) game
- 7) music
- 8) cafe
- 9) date
- 10) news

**Упр. 18, стр. 17**

Know, could, arrange, timetable, our, foreign.

**Упр. 19, стр. 18**

- Go shopping  
 Who goes shopping in your family?  
 Go out with friends  
 Do you go out with friends in the evenings?  
 Go for a walk  
 I went for a walk yesterday.  
 Go to the dacha  
 We often go to the dacha at the weekends.

Go to the cinema  
 We shall go to the cinema next week.

Go to the theatre  
 Nick doesn't like to go to the theatre.

**Упр. 20, стр. 18**

- Hello! This is Jane.
- Hi, Jane.
- Would you like to go to the theatre with me on Sunday?
- Great! Let's meet at 5 p. m.
- See you soon. Bye.
- Bye.

**Упр. 21, стр. 18**

- 1) How many times a week do you play sports?
- 2) At what time do your parents come home?
- 3) Come in time, please. The competition will start at 10 a. m.
- 4) The first time I saw the Head Teacher I liked him.
- 5) I will come this time in a week.

**Упр. 22, стр. 18**

It happened *in* April. A boy *of* twelve missed    his train. He didn't know anyone in our town. Suddenly he saw a strange man taking pictures of him. The boy was frightened. He ran *to* a group *of* other boys *at* the station and joined    them.

Finally they found out that the strange man was a producer. He wanted to find an actor for his new film.

**Упр. 23, стр. 19**

- 1) You spent your weekend with your friends, didn't you?
- 2) Your sister didn't invite you to the country for the weekend, did she?
- 3) You helped your mother about the house on Sunday, didn't you?
- 4) You were happy to meet your grandparents, weren't you?
- 5) You didn't go to the cinema on Saturday, did you?

**Упр. 24, стр. 19**

The boy and the girl are going to take a bus and get to the theatre.



The boys are going to go to the library and take some books.

The little boy is going to recite a poem and his parents are going to listen to him.

**Упр. 25, стр. 19**

1) on; 2) in; 3) for; 4) at; 5) with; 6) to; 7) of.

**Упр. 26, стр. 19**

I spent my last weekend in the country. I and my brother went there on Friday evening. We stayed with my friend's family. On Saturday we had a picnic. I was responsible for the sandwiches. My brother prepared salad. My friend bought cola and lemonade. The picnic starts at 11 a. m. We played, ran and swam in the river.

It was nice of my friend to invite us to the country for the weekend.

## Unit 3. Learning More About Each Other

### КЛЮЧИ К РАЗДЕЛУ УЧЕБНИКА

#### Section 1. May I Ask You a Question?

**Упр. 2, стр. 40**

Student – студент

Interview – интервью

Correspondent – корреспондент

Information – информация

Hobby – хобби (увлечение)

Musical – музыкальный

Group – группа

Theatre – театр

Guitar – гитара

Typical – типичный

Instrument – инструмент

Humour – юмор

Serious – серьезный

Local – местный (локальный)

Characteristic – характеристика

Arrange – аранжировать (организовывать, располагать)

Manager – менеджер

**Упр. 5, стр. 42**

I have to change my dress for dinner. Я должна сменить платье перед обедом.

Can I change my Russian money for English pounds? Можешь ли ты поменять рубль на английские фунты?

Is the weather changing? Погода меняется?

Let's go to the theatre for a change. Давай сходим в театр для разнообразия.

## Section 2. Personal Information

## Упр. 7, стр. 43

Beautiful – ugly, athletic – non-athletic, noisy – quiet, obedient – naughty, clever – stupid, brave – shy, friendly – unfriendly, polite – rude, kind – cruel

## Упр. 10, стр. 44

Unfriendly (недружелюбный) – friendly  
 Unwell (нездоровый) – well  
 Untidy (неопрятный) – tidy  
 Informal (неофициальный) – formal  
 Unlucky (неудачный) – lucky  
 Unpleasant (неприятный) – pleasant  
 Impolite – polite  
 Unknown (неизвестный) – known  
 Independent (независимый) – dependent  
 Unlike (непохожий на) – like  
 To unzip (расстегнуть молнию) – to zip  
 To undo (не выполнить) – to do

## Упр. 11, стр. 45

Вопросы для интервью:

What are your main characteristics?

What is your family like?

What is your hobby? What do you like to do?

What do your parents do?

## Упр. 12, стр. 45

I like sociable and friendly people because they are good friends.

I like clever and intelligent people because it is interesting to talk to them.

I don't like cruel people because they are rude and don't help other people.

I like athletic people because they are very strong.

I like creative people because they can think of something interesting.

I don't like naughty people because they don't think about people around them.

## Упр. 14, стр. 45

I would like to make friends with responsible and friendly people because they are good friends.

I would like to make friends with curious people because they ask and answer many interesting questions.

I would like to make friends with people who can swim very well because my hobby is swimming.

I would like to make friends with hospitable people because they are very kind.

I would like to make friends with theatre-lovers because I like to go to the theatre.

I would like to make friends with sociable people because I am very shy.

I would like to make friends with athletic people because I like sports and games.

## Упр. 16, стр. 46

There are five of us in the family: mother, father, sister, brother and I. I like my brother because he is athletic and very clever. My mother is loving and caring. I like my father very much because he is my best friend. He is responsible and sociable. My sister is friendly and hospitable.

## Упр. 17, стр. 46

*Rules for parents*

Buy Pepsi, Cola and gum for your children. They'll be very happy.

Buy some pets for your children. Children like animals.

Go for a walk with your children and play in the park with them.

Read fairy-tales to your sons and daughters.

Let children take photos of their classmates.

Let children watch TV and play computers games in the evening and in the morning.

*Rules for children*

Let your parents help you to do your Maths homework and they'll have no time to argue with you.

Help your parents about the house every day and they will be very thankful.

Let your parents go on a picnic with their friends and you will play computer games at home.

Be polite and kind to your parents and to your grandparents.

#### Упр. 18, стр. 47

Cooking is dull.

Writing is not fun.

Sport is good for your health.

Games are for strong people.

Listening to music is the best.

Watching TV is for lazy kids.

Going to the theatre is for intelligent people.

Dancing is not easy but interesting.

Reading books is for clever people.

Playing musical instruments is the worst.

Taking photos is useful for my family.

#### Упр. 19, стр. 47

I would like to tell you about my best friend. Her name is Kate. She is twelve. Her family is not very big. She has got a mother, a father and a brother. My friend is curious, serious and responsible. Kate likes Russian and English. Her hobby is dancing. I love and respect my friend because she always helps me. She is a real friend.

#### Упр. 20, стр. 47

My pet got a prize in a cat show. My cat is big and strong. His name is Puss. He is friendly and loving. He is neither quiet nor noisy. He likes to jump and to run. Puss can climb very well. My cat likes to eat meat and fish. He drinks water and milk. I go for a walk with my cat. We like playing with a ball. Puss is very nice. My cat is my best friend.

#### Упр. 21, стр. 47

In ten years time I am going to be a teacher. I would like to teach children to read, to count and to write. A teacher should be friendly, intelligent and creative.

#### Упр. 22, стр. 47

What Are You Going to Be?

What are you going to be?

What are you going to be?

I'll be a dentist.

That's the life for me.

What are you going to be?

What are you going to be?

I shall be a sportsman.

That's the life for me.

#### Упр. 24, стр. 48

Jobs	Nick	Ann	Lena	Timothy	Regina
Computer programmer	+				
Doctor		+		+	
Lawyer					+
Librarian			+		
Office worker					
Nurse					

The most popular job among my friends is «a doctor».

Nobody wants to be an office worker or a nurse.

The job of a computer programmer is chosen only by boys.

The job of a librarian is chosen only by girls.

#### Упр. 25, стр. 49

Jobs	Characteristics
Nurse	Responsible, kind, friendly
Librarian	Intelligent, polite, sociable
Lawyer	Independent, polite, clever
Engineer	Creative, curious, clever
Businessman	Independent, responsible, creative
Taxi driver	Polite, friendly, sociable

#### Упр. 26, стр. 49

Michael Hopkins is a farmer.

Sara Clifford is a librarian.

#### Упр. 27, стр. 49–50

Why do people choose dangerous jobs? They want to protect other people. Some of them like to risk their lives. Such people are helpful

and they are ready to help other people. Some of them want to have a lot of money.

What other dangerous jobs do you know? The dangerous jobs are a driver, a sportsman, a miner (шахтер), a soldier.

### Упр. 28, стр. 50

Bodyguards:

- 1) Who usually needs a bodyguard? (*Politicians, important business people and rock stars need bodyguards.*)
- 2) A bodyguard is a dangerous job, isn't it? (*Yes, it is.*) Why? (*You must risk your own life to protect the client.*)
- 3) What do bodyguards do? (*Bodyguards protect their clients, their homes and offices. They also teach their clients how to avoid dangerous situations.*)
- 4) Would you like to have a bodyguard? Why? (*I don't want to have a bodyguard. I don't need somebody to protect me all the time.*)
- 5) Can a woman be a bodyguard? (*Yes, the woman can be a bodyguard.*)
- 6) Would you like to be a bodyguard? Why? (*I don't want to be a bodyguard because it is a dangerous job.*)

Vets:

- 1) A vet is a dangerous job, isn't it? (*Yes, it is.*) Why? (*The animals can be dangerous.*)
- 2) Who can be a vet? (*A loving, caring and helpful person can be a vet.*)
- 3) Would you like to be a vet? (*Yes, I would like to be a vet.*)
- 4) What do vets have to learn about? (*Vets have to learn about different diseases that animals get and how to treat them. Vets also learn how to treat animals so that neither the vet nor the animal gets hurt.*)
- 5) Do you know any vets? (*Yes, I do.*) Who helps your sick pets? (*My aunt is a vet. She helps my sick pets.*)

### Упр. 29, стр. 50

Name *Helen Serova*

Home address *13, Sibirskaya Street, Tyer*

Date of birth *12/10/1995*

School year *7<sup>th</sup> form*

Father's occupation *a doctor*

Mother's occupation *an office worker*

Brothers *I have no brothers*

Sisters *I have one sister*

What foreign languages do you speak? *I speak German*

In your opinion, what are your main characteristics? *Kind, responsible, curious*

How would you describe your family? *My family is friendly and hospitable*

What are your hobbies? *Swimming, singing, playing tennis*

Do you play a musical instrument? *Yes, I do*

Which one? *Piano*

Do you have any pets? *Yes, I do*

What pets? *Two dogs*

## Section 3. Learning Grammar

### Упр. 30, стр. 51

Last year I was a little boy. В прошлом году я был маленьким мальчиком.

This year I am a big and clever boy. В этом году я большой и умный мальчик.

Next year I will be a strong young man. В следующем году я буду сильным молодым человеком.

### Упр. 32, стр. 52

What kinds of books do you usually read? I usually read detective stories and books on history. Какие книги ты обычно читаешь? Обычно я читаю детективы и исторические книги.

What books are you reading at the moment? I am reading a story by Agatha Christie. A very good one. Какие книги ты читаешь в данный момент? Я читаю рассказ Агаты Кристи. Он очень хороший (интересный).

Do you speak French? Yes, I do. A little. Ты говоришь по-французски? Да. Немного.

Are they speaking French or Russian at the moment? Wait a minute. I think they are speaking German. Они говорят на фран-

цузском или на русском языке в данный момент? Одну минутку. Я думаю, они говорят по-немецки.

### Упр. 35, стр. 53

- He is cleaning his teeth.
- He is riding a bike.
- It is eating porridge.
- The girl is listening to the music.
- We are singing the song.
- They are talking.
- She is watching TV.
- It is sleeping.
- The boys are playing football.

### Упр. 36, стр. 53–54

- Where are Bob and Kate? They are in the yard.
- What are they doing? They are washing the car.
- Where is Dad? He is in the garden.
- What is he doing? He is watering the flowers.
- Where is your little sister? She is in the bathroom.
- What is she doing? She is washing her blouse.
- Where are our friends? They are in the sitting room.
- What are they doing? They are watching TV.
- Where is the puppy? It is in the hall.
- What is it doing? It is sleeping.

### Упр. 38, стр. 54

- 1) Karlson is flying.
- 2) The ducks are eating corn.
- 3) The hamsters are laughing.
- 4) The dolphin is jumping.
- 5) The mouse is dancing.
- 6) The ducks are sleeping.

### Упр. 39, стр. 55

- 1) Karlson is eating a very nice cake. — No, he isn't. He is flying.
- 2) The little ducks are helping their mum. — No, they are not. They are eating corn.

- 3) They are watching TV. — No, they are not. They are laughing.
- 4) The dolphin is eating. — No, he is not. He is jumping.
- 5) The Mouse is swimming. — No, he is not. He is dancing.
- 6) They are writing to their grandparents. — No, they are not. They are sleeping.

### Упр. 40, стр. 55

- 1) Is Karlson giving an interview? No, he is not. He is not giving an interview.
- 2) Where are the little ducks sitting? They are sitting at the table.
- 3) Why are the friends laughing? They are reading a funny story.
- 4) What is the dolphin doing? He is jumping.
- 5) Who is listening to the music? The Mouse is.
- 6) Are the babies sleeping or crying? They are sleeping.

### Упр. 41, стр. 55

Two dogs are in the park. Their names are Bob and John. They are talking about their friends. Bob is eating Chappi. John wants to eat some Chappi too. The dogs are real friends. Bob is giving Chappi to his friend. They are running, jumping and enjoying their walk in the park.

## Section 4. Homework

### Упр. 1, стр. 55

- 1) Linda will arrange the students' exchange, *won't she?*
- 2) You parents were not in the cinema yesterday, *were they?*
- 3) Denis can play the guitar, *can't he?*
- 4) We are not going to write her a letter, *are we?*
- 5) You have a lot of friends, *don't you?*
- 6) Some members of his football team gave an interview to a youth magazine, *didn't they?*

### Упр. 2, стр. 55

- 1) Yes, I am. I am going to take part in the Russian-English students' exchange.
- 2) Yes, you can. You can change your Russian money for English pounds.
- 3) No problem.
- 4) With pleasure.

- 5) No, he didn't. He didn't change his job last year.  
6) Yes, certainly.

## Упр. 3, стр. 56

Happy (счастливый)	unhappy (несчастливый)
Friendly (дружелюбный)	unfriendly (недружелюбный)
Usual (обычный)	Unusual (необычный)
Possible (возможный)	Impossible (невозможный)
Dependent (зависимый)	Independent (независимый)
Known (известный)	Unknown (незнакомый)
Pleasant (приятный)	Unpleasant (неприятный)

## Упр. 4, стр. 56

- 1) A good engineer should be creative and bright.
- 2) A modern farmer should be independent and curious.
- 3) Members of a good family should be friendly and caring.
- 4) A real friend should be responsible and understanding.
- 5) If you like your pet you should feed it in time and go for a walk with him.

## Упр. 5, стр. 56

- 1) A librarian is a person who gives us the books we need.
- 2) At present there are many people who work with computers. Some of them write their own programmes. They are computer programmers.
- 3) When you have problems with your teeth you must see a dentist.
- 4) In any office you can meet a lot of office workers. They are usually dressed in dark suits and white shirts.
- 5) My mum helps sick people in the hospital. She works as a doctor/nurse.
- 6) Would you like to be a lawyer? If so, you have to learn a lot of laws and know about social problems.

## Упр. 6, стр. 56

Independent correspondent  
Clever and intelligent face  
Strong but rude sportsman  
Hospitable housewife

Kind and sociable driver  
Shy office worker  
Responsible lawyer  
Creative job

## Упр. 7, стр. 56

Cooking is dull.  
Writing is not fun.  
Sport is good for your health.  
Games are for strong people.  
Listening to music is the best.  
Watching TV is for lazy kids.  
Going to the theatre is for intelligent people.  
Dancing is not easy but interesting.  
Reading books is for clever people.  
Playing musical instruments is the worst.  
Taking photos is useful for my family.

## Упр. 8, стр. 56

In ten years time I am going to be a teacher. I would like to teach children to read, to count and to write. A teacher should be friendly, intelligent and creative.

## Упр. 9, стр. 56

Jobs	Characteristics
Nurse	Responsible, kind, friendly
Librarian	Intelligent, polite, sociable
Lawyer	Independent, polite, clever
Engineer	Creative, curious, clever
Businessman	Independent, responsible, creative
Taxi driver	Polite, friendly, sociable

## Упр. 10, стр. 56

I would like to describe my friend. His name is Nick. He is thirteen. His family is not very big.

He has got a mother, a father and a sister. My friend is understanding, serious and responsible. Nick likes Maths and

English. His hobbies are swimming and playing computer games. I love and respect my friend because he always helps me. He is a real friend.

### Упр. 11, стр. 57

Ask – asking; arrange – arranging; go – going; play – playing; come – coming; stay – staying; say – saying; get (along) – getting (along); make – making; work – working; tell – telling; cook – cooking; listen – listening; take – taking; watch – watching; dance – dancing; do – doing; climb – climbing; sleep – sleeping; clean – cleaning; eat – eating; wash – washing; jog – jogging; sit – sitting; act – acting; knit – knitting; help – helping; correct – correcting; enjoy – enjoying.

### Упр. 12, стр. 57

Where are Bob and Kate? They are in the yard.

What are they doing? They are washing the car.

Where is Dad? He is in the garden.

What is he doing? He is watering the flowers.

Where is your little sister? She is in the bathroom.

What is she doing? She is washing her blouse.

Where are our friends? They are in the sitting room.

What are they doing? They are watching TV.

Where is the puppy? It is in the hall.

What is it doing? It is sleeping.

### Упр. 13, стр. 57

Is John doing his homework? *No, he is not. He is not doing his homework.*

Is Dad working in the garden? *Yes, he is. He is working in the garden.*

Is Nancy playing the violin? *No, she is not. She is not playing the violin.*

Is Sparky sleeping? *No, it is not. It is not sleeping.*

Is grandma knitting? *Yes, she is. She is knitting.*

Is grandpa watching a football match? *Yes, he is. He is watching a football match.*

### Упр. 14, стр. 57

What are you reading? I am reading a magazine.

What is she writing? She is writing a letter.

What is he looking at? He is looking at the computer.

What are they doing? They are doing their homework.

What is Frank playing? He is playing the saxophone.

### Упр. 15, стр. 58

a) How is Timothy going to school?

b) What are my parents discussing?

c) Who is telling us a funny story?

d) Where are Tom and Jerry flying to?

### Упр. 16, стр. 58

1) My naughty little sister is a good pianist. She goes to the musical school. She plays the guitar a little, too.

2) Listen! What is she playing? – It's my favourite song.

3) John! What are you doing? I am writing a letter to my English pen friend.

4) Why are you crying? I can't do my Maths homework. It's very difficult. Will you help me?

## КЛЮЧИ К ЗАДАНИЯМ РАБОЧЕЙ ТЕТРАДИ

### Section 1

#### Упр. 2, стр. 20

[ei] – information, accommodation, invitation, education, situation

[ju:] – student, humour, musical, educational

[ie] – theatre, serious

[i] – typical, manage, hobby, characteristic, correspondent, information, invitation, situation

#### Упр. 3, стр. 20

1) hobby; 2) group; 3) Christmas; 4) school; 5) student; 6) parents.  
Ключевое слово: humour.

#### Упр. 4, стр. 20

1) You study a lot of subjects, don't you? – Yes, I do.

2) You can play a musical instrument, can't you? – No, I can't.

3) You don't speak French, do you? – No, I don't.

- 4) You have English three times a week, don't you? – Yes, I do.
- 5) Your teachers aren't British, are they? – Yes, they are.
- 6) You weren't in London this summer, were you? – No, I wasn't.
- 7) All your friends like to visit Britain, wouldn't they? – Yes, they would.

**Упр. 5, стр. 20–21**

- 1) Yesterday Linda gave the interview to the youth magazine.
- 2) Linda speaks French.
- 3) Next month a group of Russian students will spend two weeks in London.
- 4) During their last visit the students stayed with English families.
- 5) Let's arrange a date and time now.
- 6) They are going to change their names.

**Упр. 6, стр. 21**

Denis Korolev is a ten-year old student. His hobbies are sport and music. He can play the guitar well. He likes to take pictures of his friends. Denis can speak and read English. Last year Barbara Grey from Great Britain taught him and his friends. She is going to arrange a students' exchange. Yesterday Denis gave an interview to a youth magazine about the Russian-English student exchange. Denis is going to stay with his pen-friend's family.

**Упр. 7, стр. 21**

- 1) Can I change my Russian money for English pounds here?
- 2) I can see nothing. Would you mind changing places?
- 3) Change your clothes, please. We shall go to the theatre in ten minutes.
- 4) Let's play chess for a change!
- 5) I would like to change my plans for today.
- 6) «Here is your change.» – «Thank you.»

**Section 2****Упр. 8, стр. 21**

Driver, businessman, nurse, loving, serious, talkative, lawyer, exchange, caring.

**Упр. 9, стр. 22**

Independent, curious, understanding, typical, friendly, loving, caring, talkative, naughty.

**Упр. 10, стр. 22**

Sociable – talkative, clever – bright, happy – merry, intelligent – creative, loving – friendly, healthy – strong, thin – slim

I think my sister is very clever and creative.

A librarian should be sociable and friendly.

She is very talkative today.

Sport helps me to be thin and healthy.

**Упр. 11, стр. 22**

Known – unknown, rude – polite, possible – impossible, happy – unhappy, lucky – unlucky, true – false, friendly – unfriendly, pleasant – unpleasant, noisy – quiet, formal – informal.

**Упр. 12, стр. 22**

1) on; 2) for; 3) with; 4) of; 5) for; 6) by.

**Упр. 13, стр. 22**

I think my granny is caring and loving. She is usually friendly. Sometimes she is very talkative. She likes to watch TV.

My father is very serious. I think he is the best father in the world. He usually helps me with my homework. Sometimes my father is very busy because he is a businessman.

**Упр. 14, стр. 22**

- Do you mind! Your bag is very heavy!
- I'm sorry, I didn't see it was on your shoulder.
- It's OK. Just take it off.

**Упр. 15, стр. 23**

1) imagine; 2) understand; 3) normal.

**Упр. 16, стр. 23**

Vet, librarian, dentist, nurse, worker, driver, programmer, farmer.

**Упр. 17, стр. 23**

Jobs, typical for men and women: doctor, teacher, engineer.

Jobs, typical for men: driver, computer programme, lawyer.

Jobs, typical for women: nurse, librarian, housewife.



**Упр. 18, стр. 23**

Hobbits should say «Good-bye» when they leave their home.  
 Hobbits should say «Thank you» after the meal.  
 Hobbits should say «Please» when they ask somebody to help them.  
 Hobbits should say «Good morning» when they greet each other.  
 Hobbits should have good table manners.  
 Hobbits shouldn't do any harm to plants and animals.  
 Hobbits should eat healthy food to keep fit.  
 Hobbits shouldn't smoke.  
 Hobbits shouldn't talk with the mouth full.

**Упр. 19, стр. 24**

Housewife: polite, friendly, pleasant, caring, loving.  
 Writer: curious, intelligent, clever.  
 Vet: loving, caring, friendly, clever, kind.  
 Guide: sociable, understanding, having a good sense of humour.  
 Computer programmer: creative, bright, curious.  
 Bodyguard: strong, independent, athletic, responsible, brave.

**Упр. 20, стр. 24**

I want to be a teacher. I will teach my pupils to write and to read.  
 I will love them and they will respect me. The teacher should be intelligent, understanding and friendly.

I want to be a doctor. I will help people and cure them when they are ill. The doctor should be caring, polite and responsible.

I want to be a businessman. I think it is an interesting job. I will have a car shop. The businessman should be responsible, creative and sociable.

**Section 3****Упр. 21, стр. 24**

1) help; 2) am watching; 3) have; 4) speak; 5) is playing.

**Упр. 22, стр. 25**

- a) listen – listening; do – doing; meet – meeting; eat – eating;  
 play – playing; stay – staying; visit – visiting.
- b) take – taking; dance – dancing; have – having; give – giving;  
 change – changing; smile – smiling; describe – describing;  
 arrange – arranging; shake – shaking.

- c) begin – beginning; knit – knitting; sit – sitting; jog – jogging;  
 run – running; put – putting; cut – cutting; get – getting.

**Упр. 23, стр. 25**

Bob is mending his computer.  
 Steve is watching the stars.  
 Martin and Richard are shaking hands with each other.  
 Wendy is sleeping.  
 Alice is reading a book.  
 Jill is playing computer games.

**Упр. 24, стр. 26**

1) interview; 2) month; 3) timetable; 4) interesting.

**Упр. 25, стр. 26**

- 1) I am writing the sentences.
- 2) My pet is sleeping on the mat.
- 3) It is raining now.
- 4) I am sitting on the chair.
- 5) I am looking at the window.
- 6) I am writing with my pen.
- 7) I am going to play computer games.

**Упр. 26, стр. 26**

My mother is cooking supper.  
 My father is reading the newspaper.  
 My granny is watching TV.  
 My sister is doing his homework.  
 My grandfather is playing chess with my cousin.

**Упр. 27, стр. 26**

Where are you *from*?  
 Do you miss *your* old school?  
 What kind *of* music do you like to listen *to*?  
 Do you speak *any* foreign languages?  
 Do you play *any* musical instrument?  
 What are you reading *at* the moment?  
 How are you getting *on* with your new friends?

## Упр. 28, стр. 26–27

- 1) «What are you doing?» – «I am watching a video.»
- 2) «Look! They are playing football. And what are you going to do?»
- 3) «Who are you speaking to?» – «I am speaking to the postman. He is reading me a telegram.»
- 4) «What are you looking at?» – «We are doing a puzzle.»

## Упр. 29, стр. 27

Dear Linda,

Thank you very much for your nice Christmas card. You asked me to write about my family. Our family is a *typical* Russian family: a father, a mother, two children (my little sister and me) and a cat. We are a *close* family and we *get on* well with each other.

My mum is a Science teacher. She is *intelligent*. Her *hobby* is painting. My dad is a *computer* programmer. He is *sociable*. He has a good sense of *humour*. My little sister Ann is *funny* and sometimes *naughty*.

What is your family like? Have you got any brothers or sisters?  
Hope to hear from you soon.

Your friend  
D. Koroley

## Упр. 30, стр. 27

Linda Silvester  
17 Burglay Road  
London  
Great Britain  
Ann Volkova  
10 Pionerskaya Street  
Rostov  
Russia

## Unit 4. Learning More about London

## КЛЮЧИ К РАЗДЕЛУ УЧЕБНИКА

## Section 1. London – the Capital of the UK

## Упр. 1, стр. 60

Liza brought letters and postcards for Oleg and his friends.

## Упр. 3, стр. 61

What is the main street in London?  
What is your favourite London Park?  
How many people live in London?  
What street do you live in?

## Упр. 4, стр. 61

- Would you like to visit London?
- Yes, I would.
- What places would you like to see there?
- I really don't know.
- Would you like to visit London?
- Sure.
- What places would you like to see there?
- Let me see... I would like to visit the British Museum.
- Would you like to visit London?
- Of course, I would.
- What places would you like to see there?
- Trafalgar Square.

## Упр. 5, стр. 62

Russia is one of the most beautiful countries in the world.  
Ann is one of the most popular names in my school.  
Yuri Lyzhkov is one of the most famous people in our city.  
Gagarin is one of the well-known people in the country.  
Suzdal is one of the most famous towns in our country.  
Charlie Chaplin is one of the well-known actors in Europe.

France is one of the fantastic countries in Europe.  
 Peter is one of the most popular names in our family.  
 Our local museum is one of the most popular places in our city.

## Упр. 6, стр. 62

Names of your classmates	Famous actors	Famous composers	Famous pop-singers	Famous rock-groups	Famous writers
Susan	Demi Mur	P. Tchaikovski	Elton John		A. Pushkin
Mike		L. Bethaven			
Alice					

## Упр. 7, стр. 62

The city is different from the country.

Sociable person – shy person; what I am – what I want to be;  
 what I have – what I want to have; hot summer – frosty winter; nice day – stormy day; sea – river; noisy street – quiet place; museum – art gallery; stadium – park.

## Упр. 8, стр. 62

- I am going to buy a puppy as soon as possible.
- I am going to go to Britain as soon as possible.
- I am going to invite our Russian partner to visit us as soon as possible.
- I am going to finish my work as soon as possible.
- I am going to learn German and French as soon as possible.
- I am going to start jogging in the morning as soon as possible.
- I am going to write a letter to my grandparents as soon as possible.
- I am going to help my friend to do his test as soon as possible.
- I am going to compose an opera as soon as possible.

## Упр. 9, стр. 63

- a) Theatre is a place where people watch plays.
- b) Stadium is a place where people watch sporting events.
- c) Cinema is a place where people watch films.
- d) Museum is a place where people can see collections of important things.
- e) Art gallery is a place where people can see paintings and sculptures.

## Упр. 10, стр. 63

1) Travelling is a waste of time.

Reasons for agreeing:

If you travel you will spend much money.

You are tired when you travel.

Reasons for disagreeing:

Travelling helps people to relax.

Travelling is a hobby for some people.

If you travel you can make new friends.

Travelling helps people to learn new things about interesting places and famous people.

2) You can only learn English in England.

Reasons for agreeing:

You can learn new English words if you are in England.

You will make new friends in England.

You can read English magazines and newspapers in England.

You can watch TV programmes when you are in England.

Reasons for disagreeing:

You can visit interesting places in England.

You can learn English everywhere.

You can learn English at school.

You can listen to the cassette and learn English at home.

## Section 2. The Present Continuous (Progressive) and the Present Simple Tense

## Упр. 12, стр. 64

She needs a new dress.

The girl needs a new pair of shoes.

Hobbit has a sweet tooth. He likes ice-cream.

Matroskin doesn't see Sharik. I don't see Sharik now.

He has a puppy now.

What do you want?

## Упр. 13, стр. 64

1) What do you want? – I want some tea.

- 2) Who *is playing* the drums? – It's my little brother. He *plays* the drums very well.
- 3) When *do you leave* the house? – At 8.30 in the morning.
- 4) What *are you doing*? – I *am doing* my homework.
- 5) What *are* the boys *singing* at the moment? – They *are singing* an old Russian song.

## Упр. 14, стр. 64

Look at the picture! The family is planning the holiday. They are reading the information from travel agency about Europe. They want to visit France and Great Britain. The travel agent is showing them some pictures of interesting places in London. They are drinking tea at the moment.

## Section 3. Discovering Places of Interest in London

## Упр. 15, стр. 65

- Museum – музей
- Gallery – галерея
- Theatre – театр
- Cinema – кинотеатр
- Stadium – стадион
- Park – парк
- Parliament – парламент
- History – история
- Square – площадь
- Taxi – такси
- Radio – радио
- Symbol – символ
- Abbey – аббатство
- Real – подлинный
- Monument – памятник
- Tourist – турист

## Упр. 16, стр. 65

- 1 – C; 2 – D; 3 – B; 4 – A.

## Упр. 18, стр. 66

- 1) Big Ben is a clock.

- 2) The Queen lives in Buckingham Palace.
- 3) The Bloody Tower in the Tower of London.
- 4) The country's leaders speak in the Houses of Parliament.

## Упр. 19, стр. 66

- 1) Last week three famous rock groups took part in the concert at the city stadium. На прошлой неделе три известные группы принимали участие в концерте на городском стадионе.
- 2) Where will the coronation take place? Где будет проходить коронация?
- 3) She takes care of her sick mother. Она заботится о своей больной матери.
- 4) Please come in. Take your coat off. Пожалуйста, входите. Снимите пальто.
- 5) Take care of the pennies and the pounds will take care of themselves. Копейка рубль бережет.

## Упр. 20, стр. 66

- 1) The spring music festival will take place in a small town in the south of the country.
- 2) Are you going to take part in a students' conference in April?
- 3) Do I need to take my shoes off when I go into a British home?
- 4) Children enjoy taking care of their pets.

## Упр. 21, стр. 67

Places you know about:

Trafalgar Square, Westminster Abbey, the Houses of Parliament, Big Ben, the Tower of London, Westminster Bridge.

New places:

Tower Bridge, Tate Gallery, Oxford Street, Strand Fleet Street, London Bridge, Royal Festival Hall, St Paul's cathedral, Piccadilly Circus, Buckingham Palace.

## Упр. 22, стр. 67

Tower Bridge:

This is Tower Bridge, built in 1894. It is next to the Tower of London. It is one of the famous bridges across the Thames. It opens and ships go up and down the River Thames.

**Buckingham Palace:**

This is Buckingham Palace – the place where British kings and queens live when they are in London. Important visitors often go to the palace. They meet Queen Elizabeth and the royal family inside the palace. A lot of tourists go to Buckingham Palace. They stand outside and see the Changing of the Guard.

**Упр. 23, стр. 68**

– Hello! I'm your guide. I'll show you around London today. Where would you like to go first?

- Hello! We would like to visit Westminster Abbey.
- OK. It's not far from here.
- How can we get there?
- We can get there by bus or just walk.
- What would you advise?
- It will take us 10 minutes to go there by bus but we can enjoy our walk.

– OK. Let's walk. What other places of interest can we see near Westminster Abbey?

- We can see the Houses of Parliament and Buckingham Palace.
- What place would you advise to visit?
- Both of them. They are beautiful and interesting.
- Thank you very much.

**Упр. 24, стр. 68**

- 1) First read the text, then do the exercise. Сначала прочитай текст, затем выполни упражнение.
- 2) At first it was difficult for me to read that English book. На первых порах мне было сложно читать английскую книгу.
- 3) At first the parents wanted to call their baby George but then they agreed on Christopher.

Сначала родители хотели назвать малыша Джорджем, но затем выбрали имя Кристофер.

- 4) Don't say anything without thinking about at first. Ничего не говори, не подумав прежде.

**Упр. 25, стр. 68**

- 1) At first I wanted to walk to Westminster Abbey but then I decided to take a taxi.
- 2) First learn these new words then try to translate the text.
- 3) I'd like to visit the British Museum first.
- 4) At first she didn't understand him so she asked him to speak louder.

**Упр. 26, стр. 69**

- 1) It's different from other European capitals.
- 2) There are many places to visit: museums, art galleries, theatres...
- 3) Oh, yesterday I saw the Houses of Parliament, heard the voice of Big Ben, visited the famous Tower.
- 4) The coronation of all British Kings and Queens take place there.

**Упр. 28, стр. 69**

- Hello! Are you going to London next month?
- Yes, I am. Will you go there with me?
- Yes, of course.
- What interesting places would you like to visit?
- I would like to visit Trafalgar Square and the Houses of Parliament.
- Why do you want to visit the Houses of Parliament?
- The famous clock Big Ben stands near the river Thames. I would like to hear the voice of Big Ben and visit the old building of the Houses of Parliament. And what places do you want to visit?
- I want to visit Westminster Abbey and the Bloody Tower.
- What is Westminster Abbey famous for?
- The coronation of all British Kings and Queens takes place in Westminster Abbey.
- Is it very old?
- Yes, it is. It was built in 1065.
- I think we shall enjoy our visit.
- Sure.

## Section 4. Discussing What to Show to Our British Guests in Our Town/Village

Упр. 30, стр. 70

Verb	Participle I	Participle II
to take	taking	taken
to smile	smiling	smiled
to come	coming	come
to watch	watching	watched
to read	reading	read
to open	opening	opened
to have	having	had
to play	playing	played
to write	writing	written
to finish	finishing	finished
to hear	hearing	heard
to help	helping	helped
to speak	speaking	spoken
to bring	bringing	brought
to paint	painting	painted

Упр. 32, стр. 71

Planning your visit to Moscow is fun! There are so many places to visit: the Tretyakov Gallery, Red Square, the Kremlin, beautiful buildings, impressive streets and squares. Don't miss your chance!

Whatever your interests — St Petersburg has something for you! Every year hundreds of people come here! You will enjoy White Night in June, visit the Hermitage and Winter Palace. You are welcome!

Упр. 33, стр. 71

What is his/her name?

How old is he/she?

Where does he/she live?

What does he/she like to do?

What is his/her hobby?

What are his/her main characteristics?  
 Has he/she got any brothers and sisters?  
 What do his/her parents do?  
 Has he/she got a pet?  
 Does he/she play any musical instrument?  
 What foreign languages does he/she speak?  
 Has he/she got a lot of friends?

## Section 5. Homework

Упр. 1, стр. 72

- town
- building
- people

Упр. 2, стр. 72

Russia is one of the most beautiful countries in the world.  
 Gagarin is one of the well-known people in the country.  
 Suzdal is one of the most famous towns in our country.  
 Charlie Chaplin is one of the well-known actors in Europe.  
 France is one of the fantastic countries in Europe.  
 Peter is one of the most popular names in our family.  
 Our local museum is one of the most popular places in our city.

Упр. 3, стр. 72

Old — new, king — queen, closed — open, polite — impolite, near to — far from, usual — unusual, real — unreal, light — heavy.

Упр. 4, стр. 72

- Stop making a noise, Freddy! Your little sister *is sleeping*.
- I *am not making* a noise, mum.
- But you *are talking*.
- No, I am not.
- What *are you doing*, then?
- I *am learning* the words of a new English song.
- Is that you, Alice?
- Yes, hello, Bessy.
- What *are you doing*?
- I *am learning* a new poem. What *are you doing*?

- I *am watching* TV. They are showing a very interesting interview with pop-singer.
- I'll watch it too.

**Упр. 5, стр. 73**

I *am sitting* in the park and *writing* my notes at the moment. It is hot. I *hate* this hot weather. I *don't want* to sit here. But Roger *is playing* tennis with his friend. They *are running* and *laughing*. They *need* neither ice-cream nor cold lemonade. They *are having* fun. They *like* this weather.

Oh, I *see* an ice-cream man! It's great. Ice-cream *is* cold and tastes good. Now I ...

**Упр. 6, стр. 73**

- 1) How long will Liza stay in Moscow?
- 2) What city is different from Moscow?
- 3) Are there many places to visit in London?
- 4) Where does Ben live?
- 5) What are they discussing?
- 6) When did she visit the city of London?

**Упр. 7, стр. 73**

Moscow: Arbat Street, the Kremlin, Spasskaya Tower, the Pushkin Museum, Red Square, Novodevichi Monastery, Tverskaya Street, Gagarin Square, the Tretyakov Gallery

London: Westminster Abbey, the Houses of Parliament, Leicester Square, the White Tower, the Bloody Tower, Trafalgar Square, Big Ben, Regent Street, Tower Bridge

**Упр. 8, стр. 74**

- She needs a new dress.
- The girl needs a new pair of shoes.
- Hobbit has a sweet tooth. He likes ice-cream.
- Matroskin doesn't see Sharik. I don't see Sharik now.
- He has a puppy now.
- What do you want?

**Упр. 10, стр. 74**

- king
- leader

- queen
- to clean
- to take place

**Упр. 11, стр. 74**

London is the biggest city in Great Britain. There are lots of places to visit there. You can visit many beautiful churches in London. One of them is St. Paul's Cathedral. It is not far from the Tower of London. It was built in the seventeenth century. It is a beautiful building with many columns and towers.

The centre of London is Trafalgar Square. It is the most beautiful place in London. There are two fountains in the square. They are in front of the National Gallery which is one of the best picture galleries of the world. Every day many tourists visit this fine building with tall columns.

**Упр. 12, стр. 74**

Participle 1: building, forgetting, happening, shining, watching, working, understanding, loving.

Participle 2: watched, closed, exhibited, animated, taken, found, named, predicted, occupied, done.

**Упр. 13, стр. 74**

- Give - gave - given
- Study - studied - studied
- Spend - spent - spent
- Go - went - gone
- Be - was/were - been
- Play - played - played
- Shake - shook - shaken
- Make - made - made
- Begin - began - begun
- Think - thought - thought
- Have - had - had
- Do - did - done
- Take - took - taken
- Run - ran - run
- Write - wrote - written

Tell – told – told  
 Stay – stayed – stayed  
 Read – read – read  
 Put – put – put  
 Know – knew – known  
 Say – said – said

**Упр. 14, стр. 74**

I have never been *to* Britain before. I stayed in England *for* three days. I stayed *with* my friend's family. They live not far *from* London. *Of* course I went there every day. And I walked *from* morning *till* night. London is very different *from* Moscow and all other Russian towns. I took a lot *of* beautiful pictures. Would you like to see them? Come *to* my place!

**Упр. 15, стр. 74**

- f) A famous capital  
 A famous theatre  
 A favourite city  
 A bloody legend  
 An old building  
 As soon as possible

- g) London is the capital Great Britain.  
 Who takes care of the city museums?

The Changing of the Guard takes place next to Buckingham Palace.

First read the text, then paint the picture.

At first I didn't want to go to the Tower.

**Упр. 16, стр. 75**

I am going to show a theatre to the visitors of our town. It is an old building. You can go to the theatre to listen to an opera or to see the ballet.

I am going to show my school to the visitors. It is a new building. There are three floors in it. Our classrooms are nice and clean. There is a park near our school.

I am going to show the Art Gallery to the visitors. People can see beautiful paintings there. I go there every year.

I am going to show a stadium to the visitors. It is new and big. Children play football, tennis and badminton there. It is one of the popular places in our town.

**КЛЮЧИ К ЗАДАНИЯМ РАБОЧЕЙ ТЕТРАДИ****Section 1****Упр. 1, стр. 28**

Mixture is something made by mixing two or more things.

Building is something like a house having walls and a roof.

City is a very large busy town.

Guide is a person who takes people round places such as cities or museums.

Tourist is a person traveling for pleasure.

Gallery is a room, hall or building where people can see and buy works of art.

Capital is the main in a country.

**Упр. 2, стр. 28**

[ci] – say, way, place, favourite, famous, stadium, information

[ju:] – beautiful, museum, new, future, usually

[æ] – gallery, fantastic, family, travel, capital

[i] – beautiful, family, favourite, stadium, live, information

**Упр. 3, стр. 28**

Capital, information, museum, building, weekend, famous, favourite.

**Упр. 4, стр. 29**

- 1) unpleasant
- 2) independent
- 3) informal

**Упр. 5, стр. 29**

- 1) How do you like St. Petersburg? – It's beautiful!
- 2) Is it different from Oxford? – I really don't know.
- 3) There are a lot of parks in London, aren't there? – Yes, lots of them.



- 4) Would you like to visit Vladimir? – Of course, I would.  
 5) Is Vladimir a big town? – I think, it is.

## Упр. 6, стр. 29

French	German	English	Russian
Russie	Rosland	Russia	Россия
Moscou	Moskau	Moscow	Москва
capitale	Hauptstadt	capital	столица
cite	Stadt	city	город
theatre	Theater	theatre	театр
musée	Museum	museum	музей
galerie	Galerie	gallery	галерея
stade	Stadium	stadium	стадион
parc	Park	park	парк
monument	denkmal	monument	монумент, памятник
London	London	London	Лондон
Angleterre	England	England	Англия

## Упр. 7, стр. 29–30

- The British Museum is one of the most famous museum in the world.
- The Pushkin Museum of Fine Arts is one of the most famous art galleries in our country.
- There are a lot of places to visit in all the capitals.
- Moscow is a mixture of old and new beautiful buildings.
- St. Petersburg is different from Moscow, isn't it?
- Come to our city as soon as possible! There is a lot to see and learn about.

## Упр. 8, стр. 30

- a.m. – in the morning  
 travel – trip  
 p. m. – in the afternoon  
 dentist – doctor  
 sociable – talkative  
 as soon as possible – quickly  
 building – house  
 sad – unhappy

## Упр. 9, стр. 30

Moscow is the capital of Russia. It's one of the most famous and interesting cities in the world. It's a centre for business and tourism. There are a lot of places to visit in the Russian capital. Tourists from different countries visit Moscow every year.

## Section 2

## Упр. 10, стр. 30

- country
- abroad
- picnic
- information
- tourist
- arrange
- letter

## Упр. 11, стр. 31

A capital is the main city in the country.

Capitals: Paris, Moscow, London, Madrid, Washington, Kiev, Oslo.

## Упр. 12, стр. 31

Information, different, gallery, museum, cinema, theatre, stadium, beautiful, partner, lovely, well-known, famous.

## Упр. 13, стр. 31

- are wasting
- am watching
- is composing
- are having
- is crying

## Упр. 14, стр. 31

A woman is talking with her friend.

The old man is standing.

The girl is kissing her mother.

The woman is reading a newspaper.

Many people are sitting and having lunch.

## Упр. 15, стр. 32

- 1) Could you go to the theatre by yourself? I want to stay home.
- 2) Look! Do you see that red bus over there?
- 3) Do you like to try on this dress?
- 4) Do you need any help? — No, thank you.
- 5) Where is Mason? — He is having breakfast.
- 6) Listen! Barbara is singing. She has a beautiful voice.

## Упр. 16, стр. 32

- 1) He drew pictures on the wall yesterday.
- 2) Why does she always ask silly questions?
- 3) Last summer they went abroad. They spent a week in Scotland.
- 4) She usually misses her mother when she goes to the Summer School.
- 5) Look! The boys are doing their homework.
- 6) They don't need any help, do they?

## Упр. 17, стр. 32

- 1) There are lots of places to visit in Moscow, aren't there?
- 2) London isn't like Moscow at all, is it?
- 3) Liza lives not far from London, does she?
- 4) The weather is changing, isn't it?
- 5) We'll arrange a date and time tomorrow, won't we?
- 6) Last summer holiday Jack went abroad, didn't he?

## Section 3

## Упр. 18, стр. 32

Europe	important	square
Capital	of course	gallery
Tourist	monument	boat
Blood	guide	stadium
Parliament	tower	palace

## Упр. 19, стр. 33

- 1) from; 2) to; 3) of; 4) for; 5) from; 6) of; 7) about.

## Упр. 20, стр. 33

Big Ben, Trafalgar Square, Bloody Tower, White Tower, Tower Bridge, Buckingham Palace, Westminster Abbey, the Houses of Parliament, the Tower of London

## Упр. 21, стр. 33

To live in a town, a famous town, your town  
 An old square, a beautiful square, next to the square  
 A new building, an old building, to visit that building  
 A wonderful place, an interesting place, a place to visit

## Упр. 22, стр. 33

London is the capital of Great Britain. It is a very old city. It was founded about two thousand years ago. London is one of the most famous and interesting cities in Europe. There are lots of places to visit in London. There are a lot of museums, art galleries, cinemas, theatres and lovely parks in London.

## Упр. 23, стр. 34

Westminster Abbey

- 1) When was Westminster Abbey built?
- 2) Who built Westminster Abbey?

The Tower of London

- 1) Is the Tower of London old or new?
- 2) Does the Queen of Great Britain live in the Tower of London?

Big Ben

- 1) Where does the famous clock Big Ben stand?
- 2) How often can you hear the bell?

The Houses of Parliament

- 1) Do the Houses of Parliament stand beside the river Thames?
- 2) Can tourists see the Houses of Parliament from Westminster Bridge?

## Упр. 24, стр. 34

To take off — снимать (одежду)  
 To take place — происходить, иметь место  
 To take care of — заботиться о ...  
 To take part — участвовать  
 To take out — выносить  
 To go to bed — ложиться спать  
 To go away — уйти, выйти  
 To go for a walk — прогуляться

To go shopping – ходить за покупками

To go abroad – ездить за границу

### Упр. 25, стр. 35

- 1) Who takes *care of* you when you are sick?
- 2) Why don't you take your hat *off*?
- 3) We hope you'll take *part* in the tennis competition at the end of spring.
- 4) This year the Football World Cup takes *place* in Berlin.

### Упр. 26, стр. 35

- 1) First we met near Buckingham Palace. Then we went to the Tower of London all together.
- 2) Don't *say* anything without thinking about it first.
- 3) At first I could understand nothing but then the teacher of Maths helped me.
- 4) At first it was difficult for me to speak English.

### Упр. 27, стр. 35

- a) – Could you tell me how to get to the British Museum?  
– Go along *this street* and you will see it on the right.  
– Thank you very much. You are very kind.  
– You are welcome.
- b) – Excuse me, am I far from Trafalgar Square?  
– I'm afraid you are.  
– How can I get there?  
– It's very easy. Take bus № 64 and you'll be there in ten minutes.  
– Thank you very much.  
– You are welcome. Have a nice day.

## Section 4

### Упр. 28, стр. 36

Present Simple	Past Simple	Participle 2	Participle 1
give	gave	given	giving
take	took	taken	taking
sleep	slept	slept	sleeping

write	wrote	written	writing
stay	stayed	stayed	staying
know	knew	known	knowing
put	put	put	putting

### Упр. 29, стр. 36

- a) a traveling *painter* – путешествующий художник  
a speaking *leader* – выступающий лидер  
a watching *bodyguard* – наблюдающий охранник  
a sleeping *horse* – спящая лошадь
- b) the *painted wall* – выкрашенная стена  
the letter sent by a *lawyer* – письмо, отправленное юристом  
the game *played yesterday* – игра, сыгранная вчера  
the advert *written by us* – объявление, написанное нами  
the abbey *founded in* – аббатство, основанное в ...

### Упр. 30, стр. 36

- Two bridges – Tower Bridge, London Bridge  
Two towers – Bloody Tower, White Tower  
Two palaces – Buckingham Palace, Westminster Palace  
Two museums – the British Museum, the Windsor Museum

### Упр. 31, стр. 36–37

- 1) Would you like to see the river?
- 2) The Tower Bridge is one of the bridges across the Thames.
- 3) Who lives in Buckingham Palace?
- 4) A lot of tourists visit London every year.

### Упр. 32, стр. 37

Westminster Abbey – coronation, are buried, founded by St Peter, built by King Edward, a symbol

The Tower of London – museum, old, a history of blood, the White Tower, was a palace, white and tall

The Houses of Parliament – beside the river Thames, long grey building, towers, the large clock, Big Ben

London – famous, capital, interesting, important, business centre

**Упр. 33, стр. 37**

- 1) Where does Queen Elizabeth live when she is in London? — In Buckingham Palace.
- 2) The Bloody Tower has a history of blood, hasn't it? — Yes, it has.
- 3) When was Westminster Abbey built? — In 1065.
- 4) Where does the famous British clock stand? — Near the Houses of Parliament.
- 5) What can you see from Westminster Bridge? — Big Ben.
- 6) Do the King and the Queen of Britain live in the Tower now? — No, they don't.

**Упр. 34, стр. 37**

Last month I spent a week in Moscow. It is different from my native city. It was founded in the twelfth century. There are a lot of places to visit in the capital of Russia. I took many pictures. I and my mother visited Red Square and the Kremlin. Red Square is one of the favourite places to visit. It was interesting to see its red walls. Another famous place is the Tretyakov Gallery. We saw beautiful pictures there. We visited the well-known Pushkin Museum and Arbat Street. I liked my travel to Moscow very much. I shall go to the capital of Russia next summer.

**Unit 5. Faces of London****КЛЮЧИ К РАЗДЕЛУ УЧЕБНИКА****Section 1. «When a Man Is Tired of London he Is Tired of Life»****Упр. 4, стр. 79**

- Have you ever been to Tyer? — Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.  
 Have you ever been to Boston? — Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.  
 Have you ever been to Riga? — Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.  
 Have you ever been to Tokyo? — Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.  
 Have you ever been to Moscow? — Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.  
 Have you ever been to St Petersburg? — Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.

**Упр. 5, стр. 79**

- Have you ever been to London?  
 Have they ever been to Buckingham Palace?  
 Has he ever been to the Kremlin?  
 Has she ever been to a zoo?  
 Have you ever been to an art gallery?  
 Has Nick ever been to a museum?  
 Have your friends ever been to Red Square?  
 Has the girl ever been to the Kremlin?

**Упр. 6, стр. 79**

I've never been to London. I'd like to visit it because I want to see the Houses of Parliament.

I've never been to St. Petersburg. I would like to visit it because I want to see the beautiful painting in the Hermitage.

I've never been to Paris. I would like to visit it because I want to see the Tower.

I've never been to New York. I would like to visit it because I want to see the skyscrapers.

**Упр. 7, стр. 79**

- What are you going to do on Sunday morning?

- I don't know yet.
- Have you ever been to the planetarium?
- No, I've never been there.
- Let's go then. It's worth seeing.
- Why not! See you tomorrow morning then.

## Упр. 8, стр. 80

- Have you ever been to the Tretyakov Gallery?
- Of course, I have. It's worth visiting.
- Let's go there on Monday.
- I'd love to!
- What are you going to do on Sunday morning?
- I don't know yet.
- Have you ever been to the Kremlin?
- No, I have never been there.
- Let's go then. It's worth seeing.
- I'm afraid I can't.
- What about Saturday evening?
- I'd love to!

## Упр. 11, стр. 82

- 1) is rich in, are proud of, are full of, walk, relax – Parks and Gardens of London
- 2) famous actors, face to face, history, popsingers, infamous people – Madame Tussaud's Life-size Figures of Famous People
- 3) famous actors, history, TV programmes, films, in the past – MOMI (The Museum of the Moving Image)

## Упр. 12, стр. 82

- True – 1, 3, 6, 8.  
False – 2, 4, 5, 7, 9.

## Упр. 13, стр. 82

- It's worth visiting. – Это стоит посетить.  
Buckingham Palace is worth visiting.  
It's worth seeing. – Это стоит увидеть.  
This film is worth seeing.

- It's worth reading. – Это стоит прочитать.  
The book is worth reading.  
It's worth arranging. – Это стоит устроить (организовать).  
The concert is worth arranging.  
To be rich in museums – быть богатым музеями  
London is rich in museums and art galleries.  
To be rich in parks – быть богатым парками  
This city is rich in parks and gardens.  
To be rich in culture – быть богатым культурой  
Moscow is rich in culture.  
To be tired of a city/a town – устать от города  
She is tired of the city/the town.  
To be tired of a dull film – устать от скучного фильма  
I am tired of that dull film.  
To be tired of friends/relatives – устать от друзей/родителей  
They were tired of their relatives.  
To be tired of boring lessons – устать от скучных уроков  
Pupils are often tired of boring lessons.  
A free person – свободный человек  
He wants to be a free person.  
Free education – бесплатное образование  
It is important to have free education?  
A free museum – бесплатный музей  
Is it a free museum?  
Free time – свободное время  
I haven't got free time.

## Упр. 14, стр. 83

- It is worth translating.  
The film is worth seeing.  
The books are worth reading.  
The cartoons are worth seeing.  
The museum is worth visiting.  
The text is worth reading.  
The music is worth listening.  
The cakes are worth eating.

**Упр. 15, стр. 83**

5 nouns to describe London: capital, history, entertainments, queen, buildings.

5 adjectives to describe London: beautiful, rich, famous, interesting, great.

5 verbs to describe London: enjoy, visit, travel, see, meet.

**Упр. 16, стр. 83**

- Big Ben – the Houses of Parliament
- London Zoo – Regent's Park
- Peter Pan – Kensington Gardens
- life-size figures of famous people – Madame Tussaud's Museum
- Speaker's Corner – Hyde Park
- the royal family – Buckingham Palace
- the magic of cinema and TV – MOMI

**Упр. 17, стр. 83**

True – d.

False – a, b, c.

**Упр. 19, стр. 84**

If I were in London, I would like to visit some London's parks. As you know London is a capital of Great Britain. It is a mixture of old and new buildings and there is a lot to see and learn about. London is rich in places of interest. There are a lot of theatres, cinemas, art galleries, museums and parks there. Parks are free in the capital of the country. Londoners are proud of their parks and gardens. They are full of trees, grass, flowers and water. Hyde Park is famous for its outdoor entertainments and its Speaker's Corner. Regent's Park is beautiful with its boating lake and an open-air theatre, where in summer you can enjoy Shakespeare's plays. You can see the famous fairy-tale hero, Peter Pan, in Kensington Gardens.

If I were in London, I would like to visit the Museum of the Moving Image. Everyone enjoys their visit to MOMI. In MOMI you can learn a lot about the history and magic of cinema and TV. Here you can find hundreds of clips from films and TV-programmes. Visitors take an active part. Everyone can act in a Hollywood

Western, or even draw his own cartoon film. You can also meet characters from the past. Visitors usually ask questions about the time of the past. It's both interesting and good fun!

**Упр. 20, стр. 84**

True – 3, 4.

False – 1, 2, 5.

**Упр. 22, стр. 85**

- Many years ago most schoolchildren walked to school.
- The patrols had a red-and-white stick with a circular sign at the top which read «Stop, Children».
- The sign looked like a lollipop (a sweet on a stick).
- Most patrols were women.
- They were called «Lollipop Ladies».
- But since the 1980s there have been far fewer «Lollipop Ladies» in the streets.
- In 1993 there were 1,000 Lollipop Ladies in bright coats in the streets of London.
- They stood at zebra crossings with their «Lollipop signs».
- Many other towns in Britain also still have «Lollipop Ladies» in their streets.

**Упр. 23, стр. 85**

- Children zoo – h
- Café, restaurant – b
- Disabled facilities – c
- Information Centre – i
- Bus Stop – 5
- Underground station – e
- Toilet – f
- Telephone – d

**Section 2. Talking about the Famous****Упр. 25, стр. 86**

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle is famous for his detective stories about Sherlock Holmes.

Agatha Christie is famous for her detective stories.

Joseph Turner is famous for his pictures.  
 William Shakespeare is famous for his plays and poems.  
 Mark Twain is famous for his books.  
 Daniel Defoe is famous for his book about Robinson Crusoe.  
 Charlie Chaplin is famous for his films.  
 John Lennon is famous for his songs.

## Упр. 26, стр. 86

- 1) When did Daniel Defoe write his famous novel? Daniel Defoe wrote his famous novel in 1720 (when he was nearly 60 years old).
- 2) Was the story based on real adventures? Yes, it was. It was based on the real adventures of a sailor called Alexander Selkirk.
- 3) What is the title of the book? The title of the book is «The Life and Strange Surprising Adventures of Robinson Crusoe».

## Упр. 27, стр. 87

Восемнадцатый век – the eighteenth century  
 Известный во всем мире роман – the world famous novel  
 Удивительные приключения – surprising adventures  
 Жить одному – to live alone  
 Остров – an island  
 Много фантазии – a lot of incidents from the author's imagination

Была опубликована – was published  
 Стала популярной – became popular  
 Поверили – believed  
 Изобрел зонтик – made an umbrella

## Упр. 28, стр. 87

True – 5, 6.  
 False – 1, 2, 3, 4.

## Упр. 29, стр. 87

- a) the author – The author of the book is Daniel Defoe.
- b) the main character, his traits – The main character is Robinson Crusoe. He is creative, clever, cheerful and hardworking.

- c) the novel – The novel is based on the real adventures of a sailor, who had lived alone for four years on a desert island. The novel describes a lot of incidents from the life of Robinson Crusoe.
- d) five adjectives to describe the novel – popular, famous, surprising, realistic, interesting

## Упр. 30, стр. 87

Joseph Turner's picture is № 2.

## Упр. 31, стр. 88

- 1) When was J. Turner born? *He was born in 1775.*
- 2) What was his father's job? *His father was a barber.*
- 3) J. Turner was very fond of nature, wasn't he? *Yes, he was.*
- 4) What did he like to draw during his trip? *He liked to draw ruined abbeys and castles.*
- 5) What was J. Turner famous for? *He was famous for the wonderful colours in his pictures.*
- 6) What kind of pictures did he paint? *He painted landscapes and sea pictures.*
- 7) J. Turner wasn't a master of water-colours, was he? *Yes, he was.*

## Упр. 32, стр. 88

Nouns: a masterpiece, artist, nature, water-colours, landscape.  
 Adjectives: wonderful, real, famous, beautiful, popular

## Упр. 34, стр. 88

Sir Winston Churchill was a famous politician.  
 Margaret Thatcher was a famous politician.  
 Savva Morozov was a famous businessman.  
 Pablo Picasso was a famous artist.  
 Garry Kasparov was a famous chess player.  
 Anna Pavlova was a famous ballet-dancer.  
 Albert Einstein was a famous scientist.

## Упр. 35, стр. 89

- 1) Isaak Newton discovered some important laws of physics. He was a well-known scientist.
- 2) Savva Morozov helped poor people. He was a businessman.

- 3) My friend can swim very well. He is a good swimmer.
- 4) Anna Pavlova is a world-famous ballet-dancer.
- 5) His elder sister works at school, she is a teacher.
- 6) Charlotte Bronte wrote novels about love and hate. Her two sisters were also writers.
- 7) «I don't want to play the violin. I don't want to be musician» – the boy cried.

## Упр. 36, стр. 89

John Ronal Reuel Tolkien

- 1) writer
- 2) 1892
- 3) languages
- 4) English language and literature
- 5) linguist
- 6) a fairy-tale world
- 7) 1973

Charles Darwin

- 1) scientist
- 2) 1809
- 3) minerals, birds' eggs, insects
- 4) many different kinds of plants and animals
- 5) theory
- 6) biology
- 7) 1882

## Упр. 37, стр. 90

- a) a master of watercolour – J. Turner
- b) detective stories – Sir Author Conan Doyle
- c) The Iron Lady – M. Thatcher
- d) «the father of English prose» – D. Defoe
- e) «The Hobbit» – J. Tolkien
- f) «Yesterday» – J. Lennon
- g) Sherlock Holmes – Sir Author Conan Doyle
- h) the theory of evolution – C. Darwin
- i) «Alice in Wonderland» – L. Carroll

## Упр. 38, стр. 90

He was the most important Russian writer of all time. This writer was born in Moscow in 1799 into an upper-class family. He entered a lyceum at Tsarskoye Selo. He fell in love with Natalya Goncharova and in 1830 they got married. He wrote a lot of poems and his famous works are «Eugene Onegin», «Ruslan and Lyudmila» and «Boris Godunov». This writer was called «the sun of Russian literature».

## Упр. 39, стр. 90

Actors	Artists	Composers	Pop-singers	Opera-singers	Writes
C. Chaplin	I. Repin	F. Chopin	A. Serov	E. Obniztsova	J.R.R. Tolkien
A. Mironov	J. Turner	J.S. Bach	A. Pugacheva	M. Magomaev	M. Twain
Y. Nikulin	V. Vasnetsov	L.V. Beethoven	L. Dolina	T. Sinyavskaya	A. Christie

## Упр. 40, стр. 91

A man, a uniform, a bright pupil

An educational programme, an unusual invitation

A loving person, an international exchange

A well-known tower, an excellent actor

## Упр. 41, стр. 91

- 1) a) a pear – It's a pear.
- b) a horse – It's a horse.
- c) a rose – It's a rose.
- d) a water-melon – It's a water melon.
- e) the Thames? the Volga? – They are rivers.
- f) London, Moscow, Paris – They are cities.
- g) Great Britain, Russia, Spain – They are countries.
- 2) a) Shakespeare? – He was a writer.
- b) C. Chaplin? – He was an actor.
- c) I. Newton? – He was a scientist.
- d) Elizabeth I? – She was a politician.
- e) Sir W. Churchill? – He was a politician.



- f) John Lennon? Paul McCartney? – They were musicians.  
 g) L. Carroll? A. Christie? – They were writers.  
 h) Ilya Repin? Turner? – They were artists.

## Упр. 42, стр. 92

- 1) My parents have *a* cat and *a* parrot. *The* cat never attacks *the* parrot, but *the* parrot often hurts *the* cat.
- 2) Would you like *a* cup of tea?
- 3) Have you been to *the* museum I told you about?
- 4) Albert Einstein was *a* famous scientist.
- 5) For breakfast I had some orange juice and *a* sandwich. *The* sandwich was very nice.
- 6) When we were in London we stayed at *a* hotel. We had our breakfast at *the* hotel, and lunch at *a* café.
- 7) Could you turn on *the* light? It's dark in *the* room.

## Упр. 44, стр. 93

- 1) Let's invite *the* Browns to my birthday party!
- 2)     James Grey is *the* brightest pupil in our class.
- 3) Which is *the* smallest planet in the solar system?
- 4)     Emily lives in     Baker Street in     London.

## Упр. 45, стр. 94

- 1) South America
- 2) The Ob
- 3) Great Britain
- 4) Africa
- 5) The Russian Federation
- 6) Edinburgh
- 7) The Thames
- 8) The North Sea
- 9) Washington

## Упр. 46, стр. 94

- 1) My English pen friend lives in **Worship Street**.
- 2) **The British Museum** is the biggest London museum.
- 3) Have you ever been to **Westminster Abbey**?
- 4) **St Paul's Cathedral** is open 09.00–16.00, except Sunday.
- 5) **MOMI** is one of the most unusual London museums.

- 6) We'll visit **the Houses of Parliament** and **the Tower of London**, won't we?

## Section 3. We Want to Be famous Too

## Упр. 48, стр. 94–95

Mark Twain was well-known as a lecturer. One day the literary club invited him to speak. Before the lecture a club member asked him to make his uncle laugh. When Mark Twain began his lecture he noticed a man with a very sad face. The writer began to tell jokes but the man didn't laugh. After the lecture the club member thanked Mark Twain for his funny stories and he said that his uncle was dead.

## Упр. 49, стр. 95

The following traits of the character made Charlie Chaplin famous: he was cheerful and hard-working.

## Упр. 50, стр. 95

It happened after Chaplin had become world famous, A theatre announced a competition to find a Charlie Chaplin double.

People who took part in it had to dress like Chaplin, walk like Chaplin and act out one of the roles in his film.

Charlie Chaplin decided to take part in the competition.

Of course, he kept his plan a secret from everybody.

He didn't win the first prize.

At first he was upset.

He decided that it was funny.

## Упр. 51, стр. 95

Thomas Alva Edison

Thomas Alva Edison was the great scientist. It is difficult to say which of his inventions is the greatest. In 1868 Edison made his first patented invention. He wanted to ask 3,000 dollars for his invention, but he was prepared to sell it for 2,000 dollars.

He went to a meeting of businessmen. They asked him to name the price of his invention. Edison was very nervous and couldn't speak. «We shan't pay you a big price,» said one of the businessmen. «we have already decided how much we will pay you – 40,000 dollars.»

## Joseph Turner

Joseph Turner was a great English painter. He had a dog which he loved very much. One day his dog broke his leg. Turner didn't want to send for a vet. He sent for the best doctor in London. When the doctor came in Joseph Turner asked him to help his dog. The doctor was angry because he was too great for that work. But the doctor didn't show it.

Next day the doctor asked Turner to come to his house. When Turner got to the doctor's house the doctor asked him to paint his door. The doctor said, «I know you are too great for this work, but please, do it. It's so important to me.»

## Mark Twain

One day Mark Twain was travelling in France by train. He was going to a small town near Paris. It was very late at night when he went to sleep. He asked the conductor to wake him up when they got the town.

It was early morning when he woke up. The train was already near Paris. Mark Twain was very angry. He ran to the conductor and shout at him. The conductor looked at him for a moment and then said, «You are not so angry as the American whom I put off the train instead of you.»

## Упр. 52, стр. 96

I think you want to be an artist.

I think you want to be a banker.

I think you want to be an engineer.

I believe you are going to be a secretary.

I believe you are going to be a manager.

I believe you are going to be a musician.

I think you'll become a sailor.

I think you'll become a librarian.

I think you'll become a pilot.

I believe you'll be a lawyer.

I believe you'll be a doctor.

I believe you'll be a dentist.

## Упр. 53, стр. 96

Nancy: sociable, talkative, naughty, cheerful.

David: athletic, independent, responsible, polite.

Philip: athletic, brave, independent, responsible.

George: clever, shy, non-athletic, friendly, obedient.

Roy: talkative, kind, loving, naughty.

Marcy: shy, intelligent, polite, shy.

Misha: responsible, creative, sociable, friendly.

## Упр. 54, стр. 96

This pupil is our classmate. I think this person is sociable, clever and polite. This pupil is not shy and naughty. This person is ready to help friends.

## Упр. 55, стр. 96

I would like to predict my future. I think I will be a banker. The banker should be responsible, creative and polite. I will earn a lot of money.

I will have a family. I will have a wife and two children. My wife will be a housewife. I will take care of my parents. I will live in a big city. I would like to have a house. I like sport. I am athletic and strong. I am sure I will be healthy in future.

I like animals and I will have a dog and a cat. My hobbies will be playing golf and travelling. I would like to visit Africa and Australia. I hope I will be happy.

## Упр. 56, стр. 96

I would like to predict the future of my friend. I think he will be a policeman. The policeman should be responsible, creative and polite. He will earn a lot of money.

He will have a family. My friend will have a wife and three children. His wife will be a secretary. He will take care of my parents. My friend will live in a big city. He will have a house. He likes sport. He is athletic and strong. I am sure he will be healthy in future.

My friends like animals and he will have a dog and a cat. His hobbies will be playing tennis and travelling. My friend will visit Africa and Australia. I hope he will be happy.

## Упр. 57, стр. 97

3 – Good appetite

## Упр. 58, стр. 97

- Good morning, Mum!
- Good morning, dear!
- How are you?
- I am fine, thanks. And how are you?
- I am fine, thank you.
- Would you like a cup of tea?
- Yes, please.
- Would you like a cake?
- No, thank you.
- Would you like some fish?
- Yes, I would like some.
- Here you are.
- Thank you.
- My pleasure.

## Section 4. Homework

## Упр. 1, стр. 98

- 1) «Have you ever been to the Kremlin?» – «Of course, we *have*. We *were* there last Sunday.»
- 2) «My little sister *has* not been to the zoo yet. *Have* you little brother been there?» – «Yes, he *has*. He *was* at the zoo last weekend. But I *have* not been there for ages. Let's all go together. It's worth visiting in May.»
- 3) They *have* already been to the museum. They *were* there last month.

## Упр. 2, стр. 98

I've never been to London. I'd like to visit it because I want to see the Houses of Parliament.

I've never been to St. Petersburg. I would like to visit it because I want to see the beautiful painting in the Hermitage.

I've never been to Paris. I would like to visit it because I want to see the Tower.

I've never been to New York. I would like to visit it because I want to see the skyscrapers.

## Упр. 3, стр. 98

- 1) Have I ever been to Riga?
- 2) When did they visit his little farm?
- 3) How are my friends going to travel?
- 4) Who will go abroad next month?
- 5) Why is the little boy crying?
- 6) Where does this unusual concert take place?

## Упр. 4, стр. 98

- 1) The monument was erected *in* 1901.
- 2) This museum was different *from* other historical museums.
- 3) St James's Park is famous *for* its open theatre.
- 4) *During* your visit to MOMI you can see different characters.
- 5) There is a special place *for* the Royal family *in* Madame Tussaud's museum.
- 6) Londoners are proud *of* their city.

## Упр. 5, стр. 98

- It is worth translating.
- The film is worth seeing.
- The books are worth reading.
- The cartoons are worth seeing.
- The museum is worth visiting.
- The text is worth reading.
- The music is worth listening.
- The cakes are worth eating.

## Упр. 6, стр. 98

- 1) Has he ever been to Moscow?
- 2) Did they visit the art gallery two days ago? / When did they visit the art gallery?
- 3) Is the statue of Peter Pan in Kennington Gardens? / Where is the statue of Peter Pan?
- 4) Is the city famous for its bridges? / What is the city famous for?
- 5) Does your sister go out every weekend? / How often does your sister go out?

6) Is the film worth seeing? / What do you think about this film?

**Упр. 7, стр. 98–99**

- 1) Agatha Christie is famous for her detective stories, *isn't she?*
- 2) Londoners are proud of their parks, *aren't they?*
- 3) The pupils were in the museum yesterday, *weren't they?*
- 4) I *haven't been* to Buckingham Palace, *have I?*
- 5) The writer *didn't publish* this novel, *did he?*
- 6) You can take part in the game, *can't you?*
- 7) The poet will read his poem in the evening, *won't he?*

**Упр. 8, стр. 99**

Nouns: a masterpiece, artist, nature, water-colours, landscape.

Adjectives: wonderful, real, famous, beautiful.

**Упр. 9, стр. 99**

He was the most important Russian writer of all time. This writer was born in Moscow in 1799 into an upper-class family. He entered a lyceum at Tsarskoye Selo. He fell in love with Natalya Goncharova and in 1830 they got married. He wrote a lot of poems and his famous works are «Eugene Onegin», «Russian and Lyudmila» and «Boris Godunov». This writer was called «the sun of Russian literature».

**Упр. 10, стр. 99**

- 1) business – a businessman  
sport – a sportsman  
police – a policeman  
fire – a fireman
- 2) to work – a worker  
to teach – a teacher  
to write – a writer  
to manage – a manager  
to sing – a singer  
to dance – a dancer  
to play – a player
- 3) poetry – a poet  
architecture – an architect

music – a musician  
politics – a politician  
science – a scientist  
art – an artist

**Упр. 11, стр. 99**

A palace, a gallery, a politician, a town, a famous park, an answer, an active part, a character, an author, an independent newspaper.

**Упр. 12, стр. 99**

- 1) \_ A. Christie is *a* famous English writer.
- 2) My brother is *a* lawyer. His friends are *the* lawyers too.
- 3) When I was in *the* country last summer I lived on *a* farm. *The* farm wasn't large but it was nice.
- 4) Would you like *a* glass of juice? – Yes, please.
- 5) Will you go to *an* art gallery she told us about?
- 6) She has got *a* son and *a* daughter. *The* son is learning English. *The* daughter is studying Maths.

**Упр. 13, стр. 99**

- 5) Let's invite *the* Browns to my birthday party!
- 6) \_ James Grey is *the* brightest pupil in our class.
- 7) Which is *the* smallest planet in the solar system?
- 8) \_ Emily lives in \_ Baker Street in \_ London.

**Упр. 14, стр. 99**

- 10) South America
- 11) The Ob
- 12) Great Britain
- 13) Africa
- 14) The Russian Federation
- 15) Edinburgh
- 16) The Thames
- 17) The North Sea
- 18) Washington

**Упр. 15, стр. 99–100**

To be rich – быть богатым  
To be proud of – гордиться

Places of interest – достопримечательности

A famous poet – известный поэт

An independent scientist – независимый ученый

A polite secretary – вежливый секретарь

A shy office worker – застенчивый клерк

A talkative interpreter – болливый переводчик

- 1) «Have you ever been to this palace?» – «No, I haven't. Is it worth visiting?» – «Yes, of course.»
- 2) Londoners like their city and are proud of it.
- 3) He was a famous politician and a writer.

### Упр. 16, стр. 100

I would like to predict my future. I think I will be a banker. The banker should be responsible, creative and polite. I will earn a lot of money.

I will have a family. I will have a wife and two children. My wife will be a housewife. I will take care of my parents. I will live in a big city. I would like to have a house. I like sport. I am athletic and strong. I am sure I will be healthy in future.

I like animals and I will have a dog and a cat. My hobbies will be playing golf and travelling. I would like to visit Africa and Australia. I hope I will be happy.

## КЛЮЧИ К ЗАДАНИЯМ РАБОЧЕЙ ТЕТРАДИ

### Section 1

#### Упр. 1, стр. 38

Mind – guide, adventure – picture, musician – politician, garden – modern, interview – statue, library – century, good – rude, tree – free.

#### Упр. 2, стр. 38

- 1) city
- 2) time
- 3) occupation
- 4) relative
- 5) book

### Упр. 3, стр. 38

- 1) Have you ever been to the Russian Art Museum in St. Petersburg? – No, I haven't.
- 2) Did you take part in world tennis championship? – No, I didn't.
- 3) Would you like to visit the Tower? – Yes, I would.
- 4) Could you help me, please? – Yes, sure.
- 5) Has your little brother been to your school? – No, he hasn't.
- 6) Has your History teacher told you about the Battle of Trafalgar? – No, she hasn't.

### Упр. 4, стр. 38

- Have you ever been to the Kremlin?
- No, not yet.
- It's a famous place of interest. It's worth seeing.
- Will you go to the Kremlin with me?
- Let's arrange the day and the time, then.
- We shall meet tomorrow at 3 o'clock.
- OK. Bye, then.
- Good bye. See you tomorrow.

### Упр. 5, стр. 39

- 1) Which museum has one of the largest collections of wax models in the world?
- 2) Has Madame Tussaud's one of the largest collections of wax models in the world?
- 3) What models has Madame Tussaud's museum in its collection?
- 4) What kind of collection has Madame Tussaud's museum?
- 5) Madame Tussaud's museum has not one of the largest collections of wax models in the world, has it?

### Упр. 6, стр. 39

Everyone enjoys their visit to MOMI. In MOMI you can learn a lot about the history and magic of cinema and TV. Here you can find hundreds of clips from films and TV-programmes. Visitors take an active part. Everyone can act in a Hollywood Western, or even draw his own cartoon film. You can also meet characters from the past. Visitors usually ask questions about the time of the past. It's both interesting and good fun!

## Упр. 7, стр. 39

Rome is an ancient city. Moscow is an interesting city for tourists. St. Petersburg is a well-known Russian city. Samara is a typical Russian town. Liverpool is a famous English city. It is a traditional American town.

## Упр. 8, стр. 39

- 1) What are Londoners proud of? – They are proud of their parks.
- 2) What are London parks full of? – They are full of trees, grass, flowers and water.
- 3) What can you take part in? – I can take part in the competition.
- 4) Who are the Royal Parks the property of? – The Royal Parks are the property of the Royal family.
- 5) What is Hyde Park famous for? It is famous for its outdoor entertainments and its Speaker's Corner.
- 6) What can anyone make his speech about? – Anyone can make a speech about something he believes to be very important.
- 7) What is St. James's Park beautiful with? – St. James's Park is beautiful with its trees and flower beds and view of Buckingham Palace.

## Упр. 9, стр. 40

- 1) What is the Bolshoy Theatre rich in?
- 2) What is any nation proud of?
- 3) What are students tired of?
- 4) What are kids full of?
- 5) What is any capital city rich in?
- 6) What are Oxford and Cambridge famous for?
- 7) What are you proud of?

## Упр. 10, стр. 40

Palace	Square	Museum	Park	Bridge
Buckingham	Trafalgar	MGM	Hyde	Tower
Windsor	Red	Russian	St. James's	Westminster
		Madame Tussaud's	Regent's	
		The Tower of London		

## Упр. 11, стр. 40

This hotel is worth living. It is very comfortable.  
 This book is worth translating. It is interesting to read.  
 This ice-cream is worth eating. It is very tasty.  
 This art gallery is worth visiting. There are a lot of beautiful pictures there. They are worth seeing.  
 These cassettes are worth listening. You will enjoy this music.  
 This lemonade is worth drinking. It is very tasty and cold.

## Упр. 12, стр. 41

- 1) to, in; 2) at; 3) across; 4) of; 5) to; 6) of; 7) in.

## Упр. 14, стр. 41

- 1) Yes, I do.
- 2) Yes, they are.
- 3) Stop, Children.
- 4) The signs looked like a sweet on a stick.
- 5) They usually stand in the street.
- 6) Yes, they do.

## Упр. 15, стр. 41

- 1 – c; 2 – a; 3 – f; 4 – b; 5 – e; 6 – d.

## Упр. 16, стр. 42

As you know London is a capital of Great Britain. It is a mixture of old and new buildings and there is a lot to see and learn about. London is rich in places of interest. There are a lot of theatres, cinemas, art galleries, museums and parks there. Parks are free in the capital of the country. Londoners are proud of their parks and gardens. They are full of trees, grass, flowers and water. Hyde Park is famous for its outdoor entertainments and its Speaker's Corner. Regent's Park is beautiful with its boating lake and an open-air theatre, where in summer you can enjoy Shakespeare's plays. You can see the famous fairy-tale hero, Peter Pan, in Kensington Gardens.

## Section 2

## Упр. 17, стр. 42

Many – a lot of, well-known – famous, author – writer, novel – story, real – true, make – do, immediately – quickly, everyone – everybody, imagination – fantasy, century – one hundred years.

## Упр. 18, стр. 42

S. Marshak is one of the most popular writers in our country. He wrote a lot of books for children. Lots of people enjoy reading his funny poems and clever tales. But did you know that Marshak was a good translator, too? He translated poems of famous British authors from English into Russian.

## Упр. 19, стр. 42

- 1) Did Defoe make his story realistic?
- 2) Why did everyone believe his story?
- 3) Was Defoe's story realistic?
- 4) Who believed the story?
- 5) What did Defoe make so realistic that everyone believed it?
- 6) Whose story was so realistic?

## Упр. 20, стр. 43

translator – to translate	librarian – a library
poet – poetry	businessman – business
architect – architecture	scientist – science
politician – politics	actor – act
driver – to drive	musician – music
builder – to build	traveller – to travel
painter – to paint	artist – art
lawyer – law	sailor – to sail

## Упр. 21, стр. 43

Robert Burns, a well-known and popular Scottish poet, was born in 1759.

Burns was born in a poor farming family. There were seven children in it. Robert was the eldest. Robert read a lot. He was fond of reading. His favourite writer was Shakespeare. At the age of 15 he began to write poems. He wrote about people and everyday things. Robert Burns wrote the words of the song «Auld Lang Syne». Scottish people sing this song when they celebrate the first of January, New Year's Day.

R. Burns died in 1796. People all over the world know and love his poems.

## Упр. 22, стр. 43

- 1) Shakespeare

- 2) Lennon
- 3) Agatha
- 4) Doyle
- 5) Darwin
- 6) Tolkien
- 7) Defoe

Ключевое слово: England.

## Упр. 23, стр. 44

- 1) Stella takes care of people in hospital. She is a nurse.
- 2) When Ann was ill, we went to the hospital to visit her.
- 3) Excuse me, where is a/the town museum, please?
- 4) Would you like to be an actor?
- 5) We spent all our money because we stayed at the most expensive hotel in town.
- 6) Ron writes articles for a newspaper. He is a journalist.

## Упр. 24, стр. 44

- 1) Do you know the Tailors? They are a very nice family.
- 2) I think \_ William Brown is the brightest student.
- 3) Can you play the piano?
- 4) I am afraid of \_ dogs.
- 5) The First World War began in 1914.
- 6) Last year \_ Jill visited \_ Australia and the USA.

## Упр. 25, стр. 44

With "the"	Without "the"
The Kremlin	Great Britain
The earth	Washington
The Russian Federation	Red Square
The UK	Regent Street
The sun	Africa
The USA	Europe
The British Museum	Downing Street
The north	
The Thames	

## Section 3

## Упр. 26, стр. 44

Sight, university, novel, century, musician, scientist, ancient, royal, special.

## Упр. 27, стр. 45

- 1) Why was Mark Twain famous as a lecturer?
- 2) Who didn't laugh for ten years?
- 3) When did Mark Twain notice the club member's uncle?
- 4) Where was the old man sitting?
- 5) What kind of face did he have?
- 6) Did the old man laugh during the lecture?
- 7) M. Twain tried to make him laugh, didn't he?
- 8) Why didn't the club member's uncle laugh?

## Упр. 28, стр. 45

1) – Tom, did you tell the teacher that I helped you to do your homework?

– Certainly, Jane.

– And what did he say? He put me a bad mark and you got an excellent mark.

2) – Harry, your composition is good, but Dick's is the same word for word. What should I think?

– You should think that we are twins.

## Упр. 29, стр. 45

The Doctor's Recommendation

An old gentleman came to see a doctor. The man was very ill. The doctor looked at him and said, «No medicine can help you. If you want to be well today, you must have a good rest. Go to a quiet place for a month, go to bed early, eat more roast beef, drink lots of good rich milk, but don't smoke more than one cigar a day.»

A month later the gentleman walked into the doctor's office. He was a different man.

«Oh, doctor,» he said. «Thank you very much. Everything is fine and I am well again. But, doctor, it is not easy to begin smoking at my time of life.»

## Упр. 30, стр. 45

- 1) Would you like a cup of tea? – Yes, please.
- 2) Let's visit Michael. He wasn't at school today. I think he is sick. – I'm afraid, I can't.
- 3) Do you know that M. Twain was a famous British writer? – I'm afraid, you are mistaken. I think he was an American writer.
- 4) Could you tell me how to get to Buckingham Palace? – Sorry, but I'm not a Londoner. Let's ask someone else.

## Упр. 31, стр. 46

- Would you like a cup of tea?
- Yes, please.
- Take some cakes, please. I cooked them myself.
- Oh, this is delicious.
- Would you like some more cakes?
- Oh, thank you. Just one more, please.
- Next time you are around, please, come to have a cup of tea.
- Thank you, I really enjoyed it.

## Упр. 32, стр. 46

Sociable – fond of being with other people; friendly.

Independent – not needing other things or people.

Responsible – having the duty of looking after someone or something.

Intelligent – a person with a quick and clever mind.

Obedient – doing what one is ordered to do.

Polite – having or showing good manners.

Loving – feeling love.

## Упр. 33, стр. 46

William Shakespeare is the greatest writer of all times. He was born in 1564 in Stratford-upon-Avon. He was a son of a businessman. William Shakespeare got a classical education. He married Anne Hathaway in 1582 and had three children. He worked as a playwright in the Globe Theatre in London. They say his hobby was hunting.

Diana – the People's Princess

Diana Spencer was born on the first of July 1961 in Sandringham in England. She had two older sisters and a younger



brother. In childhood she liked games, swimming, running, and dancing. She wanted to become a dancer. Besides she loved children very much and at the age of 16 she worked in schools for very young children.

Diana became a princess when Prince Charles, the Queen's son, asked her to be his wife. They got two sons. She was a kind woman. She liked ordinary people, though she was rich and had many friends. She was devoted to sick and poor. She wanted to make people happy because she was unhappy herself. She was the People's Princess.

## Unit 6. Animals in Our Life

### КЛЮЧИ К РАЗДЕЛУ УЧЕБНИКА

#### Section 1. Reading and Talking about London Zoo

##### Упр. 1, стр. 102

- How many kinds of insects are there at the zoo? There are over 5,000 insects at the zoo.
- What species of endangered animals can you name? The endangered animals are the African elephant, the giant panda, the black rhino and others.
- What's the address of the Zoological Society of London? The address of the Zoological Society of London is Lifewatch, London Zoo, Regent's Park, London, NW1 4RY.

##### Упр. 3, стр. 103

The Zoological Society of London – Зоологическое общество Лондона

Lifewatch project – проект

All over the world – по всему миру

Endangered animals – вымирающие животные

Some of these animals – некоторые из этих животных

Every living thing – каждое живое существо

Feeding time – время кормления

Daily catch – ежедневный улов

Stretch their wings – расправить свои крылья

To join the Society – вступить в общество

Endangered – находящийся под угрозой вымирания или уничтожения

To be full of fun – быть полным веселья

To have over 5,000 insects – иметь более 5,000 видов насекомых

##### Упр. 4, стр. 103

To save endangered animals – спасти вымирающих животных

We must save endangered animals and birds.

To save the day – предотвратить что-либо плохое

He should save the day.

To fight against cruelty to animals – бороться против жестокости по отношению к животным

Do you want to fight against cruelty to animals?

To fight with sharks – сражаться с акулами

The main character of the film fought with sharks.

To fight for endangered animals – бороться за исчезающих животных

The members of the Society fight for endangered animals.

To join a society – вступить в общество

Will you join this society?

To join a local football team – вступить в местную футбольную команду

Jack joined our local football team last year.

To join your classmates – присоединиться к одноклассникам

Why don't you want to join your classmates?

All over the world – по всему свету

Mark twain is famous all over the world.

World peace – мир во всем мире

They wanted world peace.

The animal's world – мир животных

It is interesting to watch the animal's world.

The natural world – мир природы

We shall study the natural world.

A kind nurse – добрая медсестра

His aunt is a kind nurse.

All kinds of things – всевозможные вещи

You can buy all kinds of things in the supermarket.

400 kinds of insects – 400 видов насекомых

You can find the information about 400 kinds of insects in the book.

#### Упр. 5, стр. 104

Dear visitors! The Zoological Society of London is fighting to help save endangered animals all over the world. You can help too by joining the Society's animal conversation project LIFEWATCH.

Ladies and gentlemen! Attention, please! We have over 5,000 insects, big and small, walking, jumping, sleeping. And when it's feeding time at the zoo, look at all those sharks diving for their daily catch.

Boys and girls! You can watch out when «Junior Jumbo» walks. This little elephant likes a walk. And those funny little monkeys are always full of fun: swinging, jumping, chasing and chattering.

#### Упр. 6, стр. 105

- What kind of animals can we see at the zoo? *You can see different kinds of animals at the zoo. You can watch monkeys and elephants, the giant panda and the black rhino and others.*
- Can I take my dog into the zoo? *No, you can't.*
- I like monkeys very much. Can I see them in your zoo? *Yes, you can. The little monkeys are always full of fun: swinging, jumping, chasing and chattering.*
- Are there any big animals at the zoo? *Yes, there are. You can watch elephants, the giant panda and the black rhino and others.*
- What is the Zoological Society of London? What is its address? *The Zoological Society of London is the organization which is fighting to help save endangered animals all over the world. The address of the Zoological Society of London is Lifewatch, London Zoo, Regent's Park, London, NW1 4RY.*
- We want to help save endangered animals. How can we join the Zoological Society of London? *You must write a letter. Our address is Lifewatch, London Zoo, Regent's Park, London, NW1 4RY.*
- Can visitors of the zoo see the animals at feeding time? *Yes, they can.*
- Can I take any of the baby animals home with me? *No, you can't.*

#### Упр. 7, стр. 105

There are a lot of animals in our Zoo. I take care of the hippopotamus. The hippopotamus takes its name from the Greek words *hippos*, a horse, and *potamos*, a river; he is a «river horse». Its home is Africa. The hippopotamus is one of the largest land animals. It may be as large as an elephant, but its legs are shorter. The head of the hippopotamus is very large. Its mouth is very wide. During the

day the hippopotamuses are in the water. They can swim and dive very well. The animals can stay under the water from eight to ten minutes. At night the hippopotamuses come out of the water to look for food. They eat grass. Sometimes they go to the field and eat corn.

There are a lot of animals in our Zoo. I take care of the crocodile. Crocodiles live in fresh water and eat the animals that come down to the river to drink. They live in the rivers of Africa, Australia and America. Crocodiles can be very large, sometimes twenty feet long. The crocodile has a long and strong tail. It can see when its head under the water. The crocodile is usually in the water, but it also likes to lie in the hot sun on the sand. It can walk very well. The crocodile hunts at night. It can attack such big animals as horses and zebras. But it eats fish and other small animals too. Crocodiles live very long. Sometimes they may live for hundreds of years.

#### Упр. 10, стр. 106–107

- a) When did exotic animals appear in Great Britain for the first time?

They say exotic animals were first taken to Britain in the thirteenth century when King Henry III received a gift of leopards and elephants.

- b) Where is the zoo now? The zoo is in Regent's Park in London.

#### Упр. 11, стр. 107

I was in the zoo last year. We went there with my mother and father. We saw many animals there: crocodiles and giraffes, bears and wolves, elephants and foxes.

There were a lot of big and small birds in the zoo. They were blue and green, red and yellow, orange and brown. My father liked to watch the parrots.

I liked the monkeys best of all. They were so funny! The monkeys jumped, chased and chattered. They were full of fun.

They say there were different kinds of insects in the zoo. It was interesting to watch them. My mother liked the butterflies.

I liked the zoo and the animals very much. Next month we shall go to the zoo again.

#### Упр. 12, стр. 107

If I were the director of the Zoo, I would buy a new tiger for my Zoo. Our tiger needs a friend.

If I were the director of the Zoo, I would feed the animals well.

If I were the director of the Zoo, I would buy new animals.

If I were the director of the Zoo, I would repair the animals' cages.

If I were the director of the Zoo, I would create a wild animal's park.

If I were the director of the Zoo, I would move the zoo to the country.

If I were the director of the Zoo, I would the zoo.

#### Упр. 13, стр. 107

Are there foxes and rabbits in the zoo?

How many birds are there in the zoo?

What exotic birds are there in the zoo?

How many people take care of the animals?

What animal would you like to have in the zoo?

Do you love all kinds of animals?

What is your favourite animal?

Can children help the zookeepers and take care of the animals?

#### Упр. 15, стр. 108

The streets are wide in the city.

The streets are not wide in the country.

The houses are big and high in the city.

The houses are small in the country.

There are gardens in the country.

There are parks in the city.

It is quiet in the country.

It is noisy in the city.

The air is clean and fresh in the country.

The air is dirty in the city.

#### Упр. 16, стр. 108

Members of our Society should help animals in any situation.

Members of our Society should feed birds in winter.

Members of our Society must not kill animals.

Members of our Society take care of the animals in the zoo.

Members of our Society should create a wild animal's park.

Members of our Society write stories in the newspapers and magazines about endangered animals and birds.

Members of our Society learn and understand more about the lives of animals.

#### Упр. 17, стр. 108

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Members of our Society learn and understand more about the lives of animals.

## Section 2. Let's Discuss Animals' Problems

#### Упр. 19, стр. 109

What is the difference between a zoo and a wild animal's park? Animals live in the cages in the zoo. Animals live in the wild in the animal's park.

Why do people keep animals in zoos and parks? People can learn and understand more about the lives of animals and how to save endangered animals.

Where do animals have more space for living? Animals have more space for living in the park.

Do different animals meet each other in zoos and parks? Different animals meet each other in the park. Different animals don't meet each other in the zoo.

Is it safe for scientists to work in a park? Yes, it is.

Do you think you can learn more about animals at zoos or at wild animal's park? Yes, I think so.

Why do the rules of the park say that you can't take your pets with you? It is dangerous for the pets to be in the park.

I think it is better for animals to live in the wild.

#### Упр. 20, стр. 109

The giraffe is the tallest animal in the world. Its head is about fifteen or even eighteen feet above the ground. The giraffe's skin has many brown spots (пятна) on it. It helps the giraffe to hide from its enemies. The giraffe has two little horns, the long legs, a long neck and a long tongue. The giraffe can pick up the leaves from high trees. Mimosa is its best food. The giraffe can go from six to seven month without water. The giraffe is a very timid and gentle animal. Giraffes live by small groups but sometimes they live in herds and often help one another in danger. Their home is Africa. It is better for giraffes to live in the wild.

#### Упр. 21, стр. 109

Please do not feed the parrots

No jumping

Please do not play with tigers

No cats

No bananas

No pets

#### Упр. 22, стр. 110

A fox is cunning, strong, clever and independent. It runs very fast.

A monkey is funny, full of fun, clever and friendly. It can jump and climb very well.

A horse is strong, independent and hard-working. It can run fast.

A wolf is strong, cunning and dangerous. It can run very well.

A rabbit is timid, small and quiet. It is afraid of other animals.

A camel is patient, clever and strong. It can live without water.

An eagle is a bird. It is independent, quick and strong. It lives in the mountain. It can fly very well.

A bear is cunning, strong and clever. It can climb and run fast.

A whale is big, kind and clever. It lives in water.

A dolphin is clever, caring and kind. It is ready to help people.

A snake is clever and independent. It is dangerous. It has no legs. It is long body.

A cow is big, kind and helpful. It is a domestic animal.

A duck is friendly, shy and clever. It is a bird. It can fly very well.

## Упр. 23, стр. 110

- 1) The sky is blue. The sun is shining. Three little bears are playing with a ball.
- 2) Suddenly they see a grey wolf singing a song. The bears are watching him.
- 3) The wolf sees the bears. He wants to make friends with them.
- 4) The bears like the wolf. He is funny and friendly.
- 5) The bears and the wolf are playing basketball together. The wolf can play basketball very well.
- 6) The wolf is teaching the bears to sing his song. They are singing the song about friendship all together.
- 7) The bears and the wolf are good friends.

## Упр. 24, стр. 111

- 1) Anyone can have any animal at his/her home: a cat, a snake, a crocodile, a lion, etc.
- 2) Homeless dogs and cats should live in special places.

I agree with this statement. Homeless dogs and cats can be dangerous. They usually live in the parks and gardens, in the streets and squares. They have no food to eat. They are cruel and hungry.

## Упр. 25, стр. 111

They say that many people in England don't like animal shows and circuses. I agree with them. I like animals but I don't like animal shows. I don't like to go to the circus. The masters feed animals every day but sometimes animals eat food which is not good for them. You can think that animals are happy but they can't run and jump as they like. I am sure that animals are afraid of their master. Some masters are cruel and beat animals. The animals live in cages and the masters make them do things they don't like. I think it is better for animals to live in the wild animal's parks or in the wild.

## Section 3. Grammar Discoveries: Present Perfect

## Упр. 30, стр. 113

- To teach – taught – taught  
 To buy – bought – bought  
 To leave – left – left

- To arrange – arranged – arranged  
 To take – took – taken  
 To give – gave – given  
 To choose – chose – chosen  
 To wash – washed – washed  
 To climb – climbed – climbed  
 To draw – drew – drawn  
 To travel – traveled – traveled  
 To ask – asked – asked  
 To write – wrote – written  
 To read – read – read  
 To count – counted – counted  
 To be – was/were – been  
 To sleep – slept – slept  
 To live – lived – lived  
 To see – saw – seen  
 To hear – heard – heard  
 To feed – fed – fed  
 To join – joined – joined

## Упр. 32, стр. 113

- I) I have already washed my hair.  
 We have just cleaned our room.  
 They have already finished their work.  
 She has just drunk his juice.  
 Mike has already found her book.
- II) I haven't written the letter.  
 You haven't heard the story.  
 Our pets haven't eaten their food.  
 We haven't read the letter.  
 Her brother hasn't written the address.  
 Your daughter hasn't heard the concert.

## Упр. 33, стр. 114

- Katie has just had breakfast.  
 Dan has just written the composition.  
 Jason has just won the competition.  
 Alex has just done her hair.

Paul has just finished his picture.

The old woman has just got Christmas present.

**Упр. 33, стр. 114**

- a) 1) The scientist has already written his article.  
 2) Andrew's hamster has just eaten his food.  
 3) The boys found an old cage in their garden yesterday.  
 4) They haven't discussed the problem yet.  
 5) Charles has just finished his translation.
- b) 1) The little boy has already fed his blue and yellow parrot.  
 2) The students have already joined the scientific society.  
 3) The Greenpeace members have just arranged a party.  
 4) The opera singer has just changed her dress.  
 5) The scientist has already caught this butterfly.  
 6) The famous pop-singer has already given an interview to the youth magazine.  
 7) The drivers have just repaired their cars.

**Упр. 35, стр. 115**

- 1) Is it a dull film? — Yes, it's the dullest film I have ever seen.  
 2) Is it a clever pet? — Yes, it's the cleverest pet I have ever had.  
 3) Is he an industrious person? — Yes, he is. He is the most industrious person I have ever met.  
 4) Are they responsible people? — Yes, they are. They are the most responsible people I have ever known.  
 5) Is it an interesting newspaper? — Yes, it is. It is the most interesting newspaper I have ever read.  
 6) Is it a difficult text? — Yes, it is. It is the most difficult text I have ever translated.

**Section 4. Have You Ever Had a Pet?  
 What Does Your Pet Think of You?**

**Упр. 38, стр. 116**

a) Some pets don't need your attention and care.

I disagree with this statement. People must feed their pets properly and regularly. People must buy special food and take their pets for a walk. If the pet is ill, the master must take it to the vet. People must

wash and brush their pets. The cage must be clean. People must play with a pet and talk to it. For example the fish doesn't speak but it needs fresh water and special food. If you want to keep a pet you must take care of it.

b) Only kind people should have pets.

I agree with the statements. The masters must be kind and caring. If the master is cruel, the animal can't be happy. People must buy special food and take their pets for a walk. If the pet is ill, the master must take it to the vet. People must wash and brush their pets and clean their cages. People must play with a pet and talk to it. If you want to keep a pet you must take care of it.

**Упр. 39, стр. 116**

I think it is a true story. But it can be a joke.

**Упр. 40, стр. 117**

Picture 1. A hamster is sitting on the table.

Picture 2. He is eating the apple.

Picture 3. Suddenly he sees a cat. The hamster is afraid of the cat.

Picture 4. The cat doesn't want to eat the hamster. He wants to play with a hamster.

Picture 5. The cat is talking with the hamster. But the hamster doesn't understand it. The hamster doesn't know cat's language.

Picture 6. The hamster is sure that the cat doesn't want to eat him. He thinks the cat wants an apple.

Picture 7. The hamster is giving an apple to a pet. But the cat doesn't eat apples.

Picture 8. The cat doesn't want to make friends with the hamster. He is going for a walk.

**Упр. 41, стр. 117**

Animal	What should be done
Cat	Feed properly, wash, brush, play with a pet, talk to a pet
Dog	Feed properly and regularly, wash, brush, play with a pet, take for a walk
Hamster	Feed properly and regularly, wash, brush, talk to a pet, play with a pet, clean the cage

Fish	Feed properly, clean the aquarium, needs fresh water
Tortoise	Feed properly, wash, take a pet for a walk
Rabbit	Feed properly and regularly, wash, brush, play with a pet, clean the cage

**Упр. 42, стр. 117**

The masters must be kind and caring. *I think so.*  
 All pets need your attention and care. *I believe that's true.*  
 People who care for animals must be friendly. *Sure.*  
 We must feed their pets properly and regularly. *I guess that's right.*  
 The masters shouldn't talk to their pets. *I don't think so.*  
 Animals are happy when their masters beat them. *No way!*  
 Animals must be afraid of their masters. *I'm afraid not.*  
 Anyone can have any animals at his home: a cat, a snake, a crocodile, a tiger, etc. *It's not that simple.*

**Упр. 43, стр. 117**

Mr Brown lived in a big house. He had a dog. His dog's name was Fred. He was a nice brown dog.

One day Mr White visited his friend Mr Brown. Mr Brown was glad to see his friend. They were drinking tea and speaking. The dog was sitting and not interested in their talk.

Mr White decided to go home at 7 o'clock. The men were surprised. The dog brought Mr White's hat. The dog was full of fun.

**Section 5. Homework****Упр. 1, стр. 118**

Man – men, child – children, wolf – wolves, woman – women, dress – dresses, insect – insects, this – these, that – those, this wing – these wings, this society – these societies, that shark – those sharks, this animal – these animals, this scientist – these scientists, that fish – those fishes, that project – those projects, that eagle – those eagles.

**Упр. 2, стр. 118**

Three months ago I joined the *Zoological Society of London*. I decided to *join* the society because I want to help *endangered* animals. I believe that every *living thing* has the right to live. *All over the world*

many people are trying to *save* animals and birds, *insects* and fish from death.

They organize *Wild Animals' Parks* where scientists *watch* animals and their young.

**Упр. 3, стр. 118**

- 1) Eagle
- 2) Bear
- 3) Kangaroo
- 4) Crocodile

**Упр. 4, стр. 118**

What are they doing?  
 The little monkeys are climbing.  
 The big one is jumping.  
 The bees are flying.  
 The shark is swimming.  
 The little bears are playing.

**Упр. 5, стр. 119**

If I were the director of the Zoo, I would buy a new tiger for my Zoo. Our tiger needs a friend.

- If I were the director of the Zoo, I would feed the animals well.  
 If I were the director of the Zoo, I would buy new animals.  
 If I were the director of the Zoo, I would repair the animals' cages.  
 If I were the director of the Zoo, I would create a wild animal's park.  
 If I were the director of the Zoo, I would move the zoo to the country.  
 If I were the director of the Zoo, I would close the zoo.

**Упр. 6, стр. 119**

- 1) The elephant is the *biggest* land animal.
- 2) Monkeys are *more sociable* than giraffes.
- 3) These baby monkeys are *more curious* than those ones.
- 4) A dog is a man's *best friend*.
- 5) I think dolphins are the *cleverest* animals in the world.
- 6) Horses are *more beautiful* than camels.

**Упр. 7, стр. 119**

What is the difference between a zoo and a wild animal's park?  
 Animals live in the cages in the zoo. Animals live in the wild in the animal's park.

Why do people keep animals in zoos and parks? People can learn and understand more about the lives of animals and how to save endangered animals.

Where do animals have more space for living? Animals have more space for living in the park.

Do different animals meet each other in zoos and parks? Different animals meet each other in the park. Different animals don't meet each other in the zoo.

Is it safe for scientists to work in a park? Yes, it is.

Do you think you can learn more about animals at zoos or at wild animal's park? Yes, I think so.

Why do the rules of the park say that you can't take your pets with you? It is dangerous for the pets to be in the park.

I think it is better for animals to live in the wild.

#### Упр. 8, стр. 119

i) finish(es) – finished – finished

- 1) He always finishes his work at 6 p. m.
- 2) I finished reading of this book last week.
- 3) I haven't finished the letter yet.

j) forget(s) – forgot – forgotten

- 1) I often forget his address.
- 2) My sister forgot her textbook at home.
- 3) I have forgotten to phone him.

#### Упр. 9, стр. 119

To teach – taught – taught

To buy – bought – bought

To leave – left – left

To arrange – arranged – arranged

To take – took – taken

To give – gave – given

To choose – chose – chosen

To wash – washed – washed

To climb – climbed – climbed

To draw – drew – drawn

To travel – traveled – traveled

To ask – asked – asked

To write – wrote – written

To read – read – read

To count – counted – counted

To be – was/were – been

To sleep – slept – slept

To live – lived – lived

To see – saw – seen

To hear – heard – heard

To feed – fed – fed

To join – joined – joined

#### Упр. 10, стр. 119

– The bird *has* stretched its wings.

– *Have* you ever been to our local zoo? – Of course, I *have*.

– My schoolmates *have* already joined the scientific society.

– These women *have* visited the famous Wild Animal's parks. Tomorrow they'll tell us about their visit.

– *Has* the monkey eaten your sweets? – Yes, it has and it really enjoyed them.

#### Упр. 11, стр. 119

1) Whom *has* Melissa just fed?

2) Where *have* I been yet?

3) What *haven't* the scientists finished yet?

4) Who *has* got several animals at home?

5) Why *did* Alex and Jim watch these little ones?

#### Упр. 12, стр. 119

1) The rain *has* stopped.

2) He *has* repaired his bike.

3) They *have* joined the Zoological Society.

4) He *has* done a lot for endangered animals.

5) They *have* not been there.

#### Упр. 13, стр. 120

1) I *have* just taken my puppy for a walk.

2) I *have* already done my homework.



- 3) I have just cleaned the parrot's cage.
- 4) I have already joined the Zoological Society.
- 5) I have already bought a good watchdog.

## Упр. 14, стр. 120

- 1) «Have you invited the guests for your birthday party?» – «Not yet. I am going to do it today.»
- 2) I and my sister have bought a lot of presents for our parents for New Year. Would you like to have a look at them?
- 3) «How many St. Valentine's Day cards have you got?» – «Not many. But I have already sent the cards to my friends.»

- 1) Be careful! The Smirnovs have bought a giant watchdog.
- 2) «Have you joined the Zoological Society yet?» – «Not yet. I am going to do it.»
- 3) «Have you ever been to the wild animal's park?» – «No, I have never been there.»

## Упр. 15, стр. 120

I have a friend. His name is Nick. Nick has got a cat. His cat's name is Pushok. The cat is very clever. One day my friend went to the river. He took his pet with him. At first the cat was quiet but then it began to run and fell into the water. The boy doesn't know what to do. He wanted to help his pet but the river was very deep. Nick can't swim. My friend decided to throw a stick in the water. It helped the cat to save itself. Now Pushok is afraid of water and never goes to the river with Nick. Nick goes to the swimming pool twice a week to learn to swim.

## КЛЮЧИ К ЗАДАНИЯМ РАБОЧЕЙ ТЕТРАДИ

## Section 1

## Упр. 1, стр. 47

Project, world, natural, giant, wild, endangered, already, society, fight.

## Упр. 2, стр. 47

An elephant, a panda, a shark, an eagle, a butterfly, a dolphin, a rhino, a bee, a horse, a giraffe, a camel, a zebra, a goose, a fly, a penguin, a snake.

## Упр. 3, стр. 48

Hen, cow, shark, zebra, monkey, dolphin, dog, rabbit, duck, snake, camel, rhino, leopard, crocodile.

## Упр. 4, стр. 48

Wild	Domestic	Endangered
shark	horse	elephant
panda	goose	rhino
dolphin		eagle
camel		butterfly
giraffe		zebra
snake		penguin

## Упр. 5, стр. 48

- 1) There are a lot of endangered animals in the world.
- 2) Did you join any Zoological Society?
- 3) There are more than 4000 kinds of insects in London Zoo.
- 4) Do you want to fight against cruelty to animals?
- 5) Who saved this sailor? He fought face to face with a shark.

## Упр. 6, стр. 49

Have you ever been to the zoo at feeding time? I was there last Sunday. It was so interesting to watch animals. As usual the monkeys were full of fun. Big birds were stretching their wings and flying down to their food. Two dolphins jumped out of the water to catch their fish. Baby lions had a fight for their meat. The elephant looked hungry and I shared my orange with him.

## Упр. 7, стр. 49

- 1) – Hello! Can I speak to Mr Jones?  
– Just a minute, Madam.
- 2) – Sir Winston Churchill was a famous English politician. He was the Prime Minister of Great Britain during World War II and from 1951–1953.

- 3) – Waiter, I can't eat this soup!  
 – OK, madam. Here is another bowl of soup.  
 – Waiter, but I can't eat this soup!  
 – Why, madam? It's very good.  
 – Because I have no spoon.

## Упр. 8, стр. 49

To listen to, to look at, to be full of, to be famous for, to be rich in, to be proud of, to be tired of, to be different from.

- 1) Listen to the teacher, please.
- 2) The museum is famous for this picture.
- 3) I am very proud of my parents.
- 4) The tigers were full of fun.
- 5) Moscow is different from London.

## Упр. 9, стр. 49

Exotic – экзотический  
 Leopard – леопард  
 Special – специальный  
 Polar – полярный  
 Zebra – зебра  
 Giraffe – жираф  
 Park – парк  
 Director – директор  
 Problem – проблема  
 Zoological – зоологический  
 Poem – поэма  
 Museum – музей

## Упр. 10, стр. 50

Dear Cathy,

Do you like hedgehogs? We do. Yesterday we visited Hedgehog Hospital at Prickly Ball Farm. We saw, touched, and learnt a lot of interesting things about these funny animals. You have two hedgehogs in your garden, don't you? Then you should leave some bread and milk for them at night.

At the farm we also fed little lambs, watched baby animals, took care of little pony, rode donkeys and even collected eggs.

In the afternoon we had delicious cakes and tea in the Whole Hog Cafe. This visit was full of fun. Have you ever been there?  
 Next time we will take you with us.

Lots of love  
 From Alice and Ann

## Упр. 11, стр. 50

When the cat is away the mice will play.

Once upon a time there lived a cat. His name was Jack. He lived in a big house. A lot of mice lived in his house in the kitchen. The cat didn't like the mice. The mice wanted to eat, to have a rest and to play in the living room. One day Jack went to the shop to buy some food. The mice were very glad. They went to the living room and began to play there. When the cat returned he saw a lot of mice on his bed. He was angry and shouted at the mice. The mice were afraid and went away. They decided to be careful and play in the kitchen when the cat was out.

## Section 2

## Упр. 12, стр. 50

To agree – to disagree  
 To stand – to sit  
 To be like – to be different  
 To forget – to remember  
 To be right – to be wrong  
 To give – to take  
 To put on – to take off  
 To zip – to unzip  
 To talk – to keep silence  
 To begin – to stop

## Упр. 13, стр. 51

Where will you learn how to save endangered animals?  
 What will you understand at Whipsnade?  
 Whom will you save at Whipsnade?  
 Which animals will you learn to save?

What will you learn about?

Will you learn about how to save endangered animals at Whipsnade?

You will learn and understand how to save endangered animals. won't you?

#### Упр. 14, стр. 51

**Zoo** — a place where animals live. People can look at them and study them.

**Park** — a place with grass and trees, usually in a town. People go there to relax or enjoy themselves.

**Animals** — all living things except plants.

**Circus** — a group of people and animals who travel to different places to give shows. There you can see clowns and wild animals such as lions, tigers and elephants.

**Earth** — the planet we live on.

#### Упр. 15, стр. 51

- 1) fight
- 2) miss
- 3) discover
- 4) sing
- 5) stay

#### Упр. 16, стр. 51

Crocodiles live in the rivers.

Camels live in the deserts.

Eagles live in the mountains.

Whales live in the seas and oceans.

Sheep live at a farm.

Horses live in the country.

Dolphins live in the seas and oceans.

Hens live at a farm.

Monkeys live in the trees.

Pandas live in the forest.

Sharks live in the seas and oceans.

Rhinos live in the zoo/in the country.

Tortoises live in the seas and oceans.

#### Упр. 17, стр. 52

Dear boys and girls!

Welcome to Panington Zoo, one of the oldest and largest of England's parks. Our Zoo was founded in 1923. We have more than one hundred kinds of wild animals from all over the world.

About 70 endangered animals live at Zoo now. We save the living things and give them the future they deserve.

Look at the Chilean flamingos! They are stretching their beautiful wings. Watch out! Here are Midas and Jamna, our pair of lions.

You can join our Volunteer Team who work all around the Zoo. They take care of our zoological park.

Welcome to Panington Zoo! It's worth visiting. Your visit will be full of fun.

#### Упр. 18, стр. 52

1) for; 2) in; 3) over; 4) out; 5) to; 6) of; 7) against.

#### Упр. 19, стр. 52

The bears are playing.

The tigers are fighting.

The dolphins are swimming.

The birds are flying.

The monkeys are climbing.

#### Упр. 20, стр. 52

- 1) wolf
- 2) horse
- 3) Africa
- 4) lion
- 5) eagle

Ключевое слово: whale

#### Упр. 21, стр. 52–53

- 1) Ann joined the Royal Society for the protection of birds last year.
- 2) There will be less than 300 animals in the wild next year.
- 3) Let me introduce Linda Silvester to you.
- 4) Watch out! The cat is fighting with the dog.
- 5) She usually feeds lions and tigers at 12.15 p. m., elephants at 2.00 p. m.

6) *Have you ever been to the zoo?*

**Упр. 22, стр. 53**

There are a lot of films about animals. One of my favourite films is «Brave Rabbit». The rabbit lives in the farm. One day he goes to the forest to play with his friend. His friend is a hare. The hare's family lives in the forest. Two friends play with a ball, run and jump in the forest. In the evening the rabbit goes home. Suddenly the wolf sees it. The wolf wants to eat the rabbit. The rabbit is very afraid but he doesn't show it. He begins to cry and all the animals in the forest come to help him. The rabbit come home late in the evening. He was very tired but happy.

**Section 3**

**Упр. 23, стр. 53**

- 1) have finished
- 2) wrote
- 3) have done
- 4) have eaten
- 5) have become
- 6) have lost

**Упр. 24, стр. 53**

[t]	[d]	[ɪd]
walked	played	created
finished	cleaned	counted
stopped	traveled	decided
asked	climbed	invited
watched	repaired	invented
	answered	
	joined	

**Упр. 25, стр. 53**

Come – came – come  
 See – saw – seen  
 Meet – met – met  
 Take – took – taken  
 Drink – drank – drunk

**Упр. 26, стр. 54**

- 1) We have just come home.
- 2) She has seen her teacher lately.
- 3) They have met their friend at the station.
- 4) Mrs Fox has taken her pet to the vet.
- 5) A little baby has drunk some milk.

**Упр. 27, стр. 54**

1. 3 things you have done today:
  - 1) I have done my homework.
  - 2) I have learnt a poem by heart.
  - 3) I have written a letter to my friend.
  - 4) I have bought some bread in the shop.
2. 3 things you did yesterday:
  - 1) I played tennis yesterday.
  - 2) I visited my granny yesterday.
  - 3) I read a story yesterday.
  - 4) I helped my mother about the house yesterday.
3. 3 things you haven't done today:
  - 1) I haven't repaired my parrot's cage.
  - 2) I haven't had supper.
  - 3) I haven't cleaned my room.
  - 4) I haven't gone to the zoo.
4. 3 things you didn't do yesterday:
  - 1) I didn't go for a walk yesterday.
  - 2) I didn't watch TV yesterday.
  - 3) I didn't play computer games.
  - 4) I didn't visit my friend.

**Упр. 28, стр. 54**

- 1) «Has she drunk her juice?» – «No, she hasn't».
- 2) «Have you found your exercise-book?» – «Yes, I have».
- 3) «Has Bob washed his hair?» – «Yes, he has».
- 4) «Has Mr Brown got a letter from his son yet?» – «No, he hasn't got it yet».
- 5) «Have you listened to this music yet?» – «Yes, I have».
- 6) «Have you ever been to Scotland?» – «Not yet».

## Упр. 29, стр. 55

- 1) The housewife has already cleaned the room.
- 2) Students have just arranged the date and the time of the meeting.
- 3) The monkey has just climbed the tree.
- 4) The artist has already drawn the picture.

## Упр. 30, стр. 55

Your teacher:

Have you finished your exercise?

Have you done your homework?

Have you written the sentences?

Have you read the text?

Parents:

Have you cleaned your room?

Have you washed the floor?

Have you learned English?

Have you visited Granny?

Friends:

Have you been to the zoo?

Have you seen this film?

Have you heard this song?

Have you played this game?

## Упр. 31, стр. 55

1. The monkey hasn't taken the ice-cream yet.  
The boy hasn't given his ice-cream to the monkey yet.  
The boy hasn't eaten his ice-cream yet.  
The monkey hasn't thanked the boy yet.
2. The boy has already given his ice-cream to the monkey.  
The monkey has already thanked the boy.  
The monkey has already taken the ice-cream.  
The boy has already taken the banana.

## Section 4

## Упр. 32, стр. 56

- 1) hamster
- 2) fish

- 3) cat
- 4) tortoise
- 5) dog
- 6) parrot
- 7) rabbit
- 8) guinea

Ключевое слово: friend

## Упр. 33, стр. 56

- Hello, Miss Carey. Can I ask you a few questions?
- Hello. Yes, please.
- Have you ever had any pets?
- Yes, I have had a cat recently. It was my birthday present. I have got it in my bag. It's lovely! What is its name?
- Sherry. It's a nice name, isn't it?
- Yes, very nice. Could you tell me any more about Sherry?
- Oh, I am afraid. I have just heard a strange noise behind you.
- Oh, look! Sherry has just fallen on my tape-recorder. It's ruined.
- I'm sorry!

## Упр. 34, стр. 56

- 1) independent; 2) obedient; 3) loving

## Упр. 35, стр. 56

I have got a pet. It is a kitten. Its name is Murka. My kitten has eaten meat today. It has drunk some milk. Murka has jumped and run a lot. But it hasn't gone for a walk today. My kitten hasn't slept. It hasn't played with me.

## Упр. 36, стр. 57

The Potters have    three pets. Their cat    Pussy is white. Pussy likes to watch    the moon in    the evening. Polly, their parrot, is    the cleverest pet. Polly can speak    English. Polly is from    South America.    The third pet is a tortoise.    The Potters and their pets live in    London, in    New Street.

## Упр. 37, стр. 57

People who have a hamster should be caring, loving and tidy (because their pet is small.)

People who have a dog should be caring, responsible and friendly. They mustn't be cruel.

People who have a cat should be loving, understanding and careful.

People who have a goldfish should be tidy, caring and responsible.

People who have a horse should be friendly, strong and understanding.

### Упр. 38, стр. 57

- 1) The sisters have bought the special food for their parrot.
- 2) They fight against cruelty to animals.
- 3) Will you join the Zoological Society of our town?
- 4) Yesterday Jack took his dog to the vet.
- 5) Look! They are playing with their pets.
- 6) I am going to clean the cage. Will you help me?

### Упр. 39, стр. 57

One day Mr Smith visited his old friend. He was surprised to see a puppy in his friend's flat. The puppy's name was Spot. Mr Smith was not interested in pets. But Sport was full of fun. He tried to help Mr Smith. He listened to the men and enjoyed their talk. Mr Smith liked the puppy very much. They became real friends.

## Unit 7. Living Together

### КЛЮЧИ К РАЗДЕЛУ УЧЕБНИКА

#### Section 1. Talking about Relatives

#### Упр. 4, стр. 123

Who's older, you or me?

Suzie's father is older than her mother.

Next year I'll be stronger and older.

What's your elder sister's name?

#### Упр. 5, стр. 123

My niece's name is Kate.

My nephew's name is Oleg.

My elder brother's name is Nick.

My elder sister's name is Helen.

My younger sister's name is Alex.

My younger sister's name is Ann.

My aunt's name is Polly.

My uncle's name is Mike.

My cousin's name is Jack.

My cousin's name is Jane.

#### Упр. 7, стр. 123

1) the doll of her niece – her niece's doll

2) the newspaper of her husband – her husband's newspaper

3) the habits of his uncle – his uncle's habits

4) the house of their parents – their parents' house

5) the invitation of their nephew – their nephew's invitation

6) the toys of my cousins – my cousins' toys

7) the relatives of his wife – his wife's relatives

8) the letters of your aunt – your aunt's letters

#### Упр. 8, стр. 124

1) f

2) e

3) d

- 4) с
- 5) а
- 6) b

## Упр. 9, стр. 124

- 1) How many relatives are going to stay with Diana's family?  
Four relatives are going to stay with Diana's family: her elder sister, her husband, their son and their daughter.
- 2) How old is Diana's nephew? He is about six months.
- 3) What is Diana going to do next week? She will be very busy cleaning her room and shopping for Christmas.

## Упр. 10, стр. 125

To give up one's job — отказаться от работы  
She gave up her job.

To give up playing tennis — бросить игру в теннис

Are you going to give up playing tennis?

To give up smoking — бросить курение

He is ready to give up smoking.

To give up fighting — отказаться от сражения, борьбы

Why did they give up fighting?

To give up studying German — бросить изучение немецкого языка

She will never give up studying German.

To get a letter/a postcard — получить письмо/открытку

We got five letters yesterday.

To get along with one's parents — ладить с родителями

My cousin gets along well with his parents.

To get rid of some old clothes — избавиться от старой одежды

He doesn't want to get rid of some old clothes.

To get up at 7 o'clock — вставать в 7 часов

I got up at 7 o'clock on Sunday.

To get ready — быть готовым

Are you ready for the lesson?

## Упр. 12, стр. 126

- 1) Nancy has cleaned her room today, and it looks very nice.  
Нэнси сегодня прибралась в комнате, и комната выглядит очень чистой (очень хорошо).

- 2) We have played this piece of music many times, so we know it very well now. Мы сыграли этот музыкальный отрывок много раз, поэтому сейчас мы знаем его очень хорошо.
- 3) You have opened the window, and it is very cold in the classroom now. Вы открыли окно, и сейчас в комнате очень холодно.
- 4) Jack has lost his textbook, and he cannot do his homework now. Джек потерял свой учебник, и сейчас он не может выполнить домашнее задание.
- 5) The school has bought new books, and the teacher will give them to us now. Школа закупила новые учебники, и сейчас учитель выдаст нам их.
- 6) I have forgotten Sophia's telephone number, so I cannot call her. Я забыла телефонный номер Софии, поэтому я не могу позвонить ей.
- 7) You have written your composition, so you may go home now. Вы написали сочинение, и поэтому сейчас вы можете идти домой.

Some verbs (clean, play, open — regular verbs) have the same form in Past Simple and Participle II. Some verbs (lose, buy, forget, write — irregular verbs) have the different forms in Past Simple and Participle II.

## Упр. 13, стр. 127

- 1) No, I haven't./Yes, I have.
- 2) Yes, I have./No, I haven't.
- 3) No, I haven't./Yes, I have.
- 4) Yes, he has./No, he hasn't.
- 5) No, she hasn't./Yes, she has.
- 6) Yes, I have./No, I haven't.
- 7) Yes, he has./No, he hasn't.

## Упр. 14, стр. 127

- 1) Have you joined the society already? — Yes, I have.
- 2) Have your nephews been at school today? — Yes, they have.
- 3) Have his parents taken part in the project yet? — No, they haven't.

- 4) Have your friends arranged the picnic yet? – No, they haven't.  
 5) Has her cousin given an interview recently? – Yes, he has.  
 6) Has businessman just written the cheque? – No, he hasn't.

**Упр. 15, стр. 127**

- 1) Have you ever joined your friend's club? I haven't joined it yet but I'm going to join it.  
 2) Have you seen those animals? I haven't seen them yet but I'm going to see them.  
 3) Have they rebuilt the left wing of their house? They haven't rebuilt it yet but they are going to do it.  
 4) Has she been to see the vet with her pet? She hasn't been to see the vet with her pet yet but she is going to do it.  
 5) Have you arranged the party? We haven't arranged the party yet but we are going to arrange it.  
 6) Has she invited the scientists to the conference? She hasn't invited the scientists to the conference yet but she is going to invite them.

**Упр. 16, стр. 127**

- 1) They went to the theatre last week.  
 2) My cousin has been to the theatre three times this week.  
 3) His niece has just written the invitation letters.  
 4) Helen came home, had a short rest, and then began to help her mother.  
 5) Did your relatives take part in the demonstration yesterday?  
 6) Have your parents told you about the project today?

**Section 2. Family Relations****Упр. 19, стр. 128**

- I think that parents must give their children more love.  
 I agree with the statement that parents must try to understand their children.  
 I am sure that parents must talk to their children more often.  
 In my opinion parents must set a good example to their children.

I think that sometimes parents must help their children with problems they have at school.

I don't think that parents must give their children more freedom.

**Упр. 20, стр. 129**

I don't think that children must do their homework themselves.  
 I disagree with the statement that children must set the table before dinner and clear up after dinner every day.

I am sure children must make their beds.

I am not sure that children must help us with the washing up.

I think that children must help their parents in the garden.

I don't think that children must take out the rubbish early in the morning.

**Упр. 21, стр. 129**

I must help my grandmother in the garden.

I must take out the rubbish every day.

I must make my bed in the morning.

I must help my mother with the washing up.

I must do my homework in the evening.

I must clean my room every week.

I must go to the shop to buy bread.

I must walk my dog every morning and every evening.

I must sweep the floor in the kitchen in the evening.

I like washing up and working in the garden.

I don't like cleaning my room and taking out the rubbish.

**Упр. 22, стр. 129**

My mum says I must help my grandparents in the garden.

My dad says I mustn't take out the rubbish every day.

My mum says I must make my bed in the morning.

My dad says I must help my mother with the washing up.

My mum says I must do my homework in the evening.

My dad says I must clean my room every week.

My mum says I mustn't sweep the floor in the kitchen in the evening.

My dad says I must walk my dog every morning and every evening.



My mum says I must go to the shop to buy bread.

### Упр. 23, стр. 130

A friendly family	Members of the family always help each other.
A loving family	Members of the family love and respect each other. Parents try to understand their children.
A close family	Members of the family understand each other very well. Parents often talk to their children.
A caring family	Members of the family love each other. Parents take care of their children. Parents try to understand their children.
A hospitable family	Members of the family like to invite guests.
A traditional family	Parents have two or three children. Children help their parents about the house.
A conservative family	Parents don't allow their children to go to the disco late in the evening.

### Упр. 24, стр. 130

- I have made my father's bed.
- I have helped my mother about the house.
- I have watered the flowers.
- I have cleaned the flat.
- I have washed up.
- I have bought bread and butter in the shop.

### Упр. 26, стр. 131

I help my mother to lay the table every day. My mum gives me plates, spoons and forks. I put them on the table. My mum cut bread and sausage. I make tea and put glasses and cups on the table too.

### Упр. 27, стр. 131

Your jobs at home	Sun-day	Mon-day	Tues-day	Wednes-day	Thurs-day	Fri-day	Satur-day
I set the table	+	-	-	-	-	-	+
I made my bed	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
I swept the floor	-	+	+	+	+	+	-

I walked my dog	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
I took out rubbish	-	-	-	+	-	-	-
I watered the plants	-	+	-	-	+	-	-
I washed up	-	-	+	-	-	+	-
I went shopping	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
I looked after my nephew	-	-	-	-	-	-	+

### Упр. 28, стр. 131

- I cleaned my room on Sunday.
- I washed up on Monday.
- I visited my granny on Tuesday.
- I went to the shop on Wednesday.
- I looked after my sister on Thursday.
- I took out rubbish on Friday.
- I swept the floor on Saturday.
- I didn't water the flowers on Sunday.
- I didn't make my bed on Monday.
- I didn't go shopping on Tuesday.
- I didn't walk with my dog on Wednesday.
- I didn't make sandwiches on Thursday.
- I didn't set the table on Friday.
- I didn't help my mother on Saturday.

### Упр. 29, стр. 131

- 1) The tickets are expensive. — How expensive the tickets are!
- 2) I'm hungry. — How hungry I am!
- 3) Chip and Dale are clever. — How clever the boys are!
- 4) It's a lovely park. — What a lovely park it is!
- 5) They are good textbooks. — What good textbooks!
- 6) He's a polite young man. — What a polite young man!

## Section 3. What Do British People Like to Eat?

### Упр. 30, стр. 132

I think I have a sweet tooth. I like eating sweet things like puddings and pies, jams, biscuits and buns, cakes and rolls. The evening is my eat-a-sweet time. My favourite food is sweets.

**Упр. 32, стр. 132**

- 1) What do the words «the British have a sweet tooth» mean?  
*The words mean they like to eat sweet things.*
- 2) What kinds of sweet things do you know of? *The kinds of sweet things are cakes, chocolate, rolls, biscuits, buns, puddings, pies, sweets, candies, etc.*
- 3) What sweet things do you like? *I like cakes, biscuits and sweets.*
- 4) When do the British eat cakes, biscuits etc.? *For the British, any time is eat-a-sweet time: tea-break at work, break at school, watching TV at home, on a car journey, in the cinema or theatre.*
- 5) Are sweet things good for children's health? Why? *Sweet things are not good for children's health. They are not useful. They are bad for children's teeth. But sweet things can help us to be strong and cheerful.*

**Упр. 33, стр. 133**

There are some special days when we eat a lot of sweet things in my family.

We eat cakes and chocolate on New Year's Day.

We make cakes and biscuits on our birthdays.

We eat pies and buns on Easter.

We eat sweets and chocolate on Christmas.

We eat puddings and rolls on Mother's Day.

**Упр. 34, стр. 133**

I don't share English tastes. I like coffee and biscuits for breakfast. I usually have an apple and a glass of juice or milk for lunch. I don't like sandwiches. I like cakes and pies.

**Упр. 36, стр. 133**

Ice cream is made from milk.

Pizza is made from meat and tomatoes.

Mars is made from chocolate and nuts.

Sausage is made from meat.

Butter is made from milk.

Cheese is made from milk.

Coke is made from water.

Chips are made from potato.

Omelette is made from eggs and milk.

**Упр. 37, стр. 134**

1 – Peel the eggs very carefully.

2 – Wash them under cold water and dry them well.

3 – Chop the eggs into small pieces.

4 – Put the chopped eggs into a bowl.

5 – Wash the spring onions. Cut off the green part.

6 – Chop the spring onions. Add to the eggs.

7 – Add the mayonnaise. Mix the eggs, spring onions and mayonnaise together.

8 – Add some salt and pepper.

9 – Put the filling on the sliced bread.

**Упр. 38, стр. 134**

I don't like to eat fast food. Sometimes I eat a packet of chips, and a yoghurt for lunch. I like to drink a glass of tomato juice or apple juice for breakfast. I like to eat while reading a book in my room.

**Упр. 39, стр. 135**

It is better to have cheese, butter, a slice of sausage and salad for breakfast. It is better to drink a cup of tea or a glass of juice for breakfast. This food will help you to be strong and healthy, to work well during the day.

**Упр. 40, стр. 135**

I would like to take the following kinds of food with me on a picnic:

1. four bottles of coke

2. white bread and brown bread

3. sausage

4. biscuits

5. three packets of chips

6. two Mars bars

7. tomatoes and potatoes

8. boiled eggs

9. cheese

10. a litre of juice

## Упр. 41, стр. 135

When we have a picnic we usually have barbecue, salad and potatoes.  
When we have a holiday dinner we usually have a roast chicken, potatoes and a cake. Russian people like to drink tea with lemon.

## Упр. 42, стр. 135

Can you cook?  
What can you cook yourself?  
What do you usually eat in your family at Easter?  
Do you usually eat eggs at Easter?  
What do you usually eat in your family at Christmas?  
What do you usually eat in your family at New Year's Day?  
What do you usually eat in your family on your birthday?  
What do you usually eat in your family on your mother's birthday?  
What do you like best of all?  
Do you cook roast turkey as holiday food?  
Can your mother cook Christmas pudding?  
Do you like roast potatoes?  
What is the favourite food of the members of your family?

## Упр. 43, стр. 135

Appetite comes with eating. I think this proverb is correct. We should cook nice food and lay the table nicely with a beautiful tablecloth, clean plates, spoons, forks and knives. We should sit down at the table together, smile, make jokes and talk. It is interesting to discuss different problems and topics. If you want to be polite, you will say «help yourself!» and «Thank you!». I am sure you will enjoy your dinner if you follow our advice.

## Section 4. An Englishman's Home is His Castle?

## Упр. 45, стр. 136

I think Mr Philpott lives in a semi-detached house. It is not far from the centre of London. His house is very close to Regent's Park. His house is big and nice. I think he has a garden at the back of the house. Mr Philpott lives in a very nice area.

## Упр. 48, стр. 137

What kind of a house do you live in?

Do you live in a block of flats (a detached house, a semi-detached house, a terraced house)?

Do you have a garden?

What kind of neighbourhood is it?

Can you describe the house?

Do you have a big house?

How many rooms are there in your house?

Do you like your house? Why?

Is there a place where you relax and rest in your house?

## Упр. 51, стр. 138

My family lives in a house. It is big. Our house has three rooms, a kitchen, a bathroom, a toilet and a hall.

I have got my own room. It is big and bright. It has two windows. There are a lot of flowers on the windowsills. There is a table in the left corner of the room. You can see two chairs near the table. You can see a new black piano on the left. The TV-set is on the right. There is a picture on the wall above the piano. There is a big beautiful carpet on the floor. It makes my room very cosy. I like my room because it is the place where I can relax and rest in our house. I can invite guests there.

We have a garden at the back of our house and a flowerbed at the front. I like my house. My friends say that it is a good one.

## Упр. 53, стр. 138

- 1) Is your house light or small?
- 2) Colchester is my home town.
- 3) Last year I stayed in Britain too long and missed home very much.
- 4) Where is your house? — It's in Park Street.

## Упр. 54, стр. 138

	Alice	Ben
Type of house	Semi-detached house	A terraced house
Garden	A small garden	No garden
Number of rooms	Three bedrooms, a sitting room, a kitchen and a bathroom	Two bedrooms, a sitting room, a small kitchen, a bathroom

Shares the room or has a room of her/his own	She doesn't share her bedroom with anybody	He shares a room with his brother
Favourite place	Her bedroom	The sitting room

## Упр. 55, стр. 138

- Hello! I am Mrs Brown. Can I help you?
- Yes, please. Are you a host of this house?
- Yes, I am. What can I do for you?
- I am going to spend my holidays at Summer School in Great Britain. I need a place to live. Can I have a room in your house?
- Yes, of course. You will have a bright room. It gets a lot of sunshine.
- Is the room big?
- Yes, it is big. The room has a fireplace. It gives the room the atmosphere of a British house.
- Is there a TV set in the room?
- Yes, there is. You will have a colour TV set, a fridge and a computer in your room.
- And what about the mealtimes?
- You will have breakfast and supper.
- Do you have a garden?
- Yes, I do. I have a garden at the back and a small garden at the front.
- What kind of neighbourhood is it?
- It's a residential area with lots of good houses.
- Will you show me your room?
- With great pleasure. Follow me, please.
- Thank you very much. You are very kind.

## Section 5. Homework

## Упр. 2, стр. 139

Niece, nephew, aunt, wife, husband, uncle, cousin, parents, daughter, son, mother, brother.

## Упр. 3, стр. 139

- 1) Our Maths teacher is *older* than our Science teacher.

- 2) Who's the *oldest* among your friends?
- 3) My niece is the *youngest* in our family.
- 4) In 1997 I was two years *younger* than 1999.
- 5) Pete's nephew can't play ice hockey. He is *too young*.
- 6) My cousin knows this *old* woman. She's Stephen's grandma.

## Упр. 4, стр. 139

- 1) No, I haven't.
- 2) Yes, I have.
- 3) No, I haven't.
- 4) Yes, he has.
- 5) No, she hasn't.
- 6) Yes, I have.
- 7) Yes, he has.

## Упр. 5, стр. 139

- 1) Have you joined the society already? - Yes, I have.
- 2) Have your nephews been at school today? - Yes, they have.
- 3) Have his parents taken part in the project yet? - No, they haven't.
- 4) Have your friends arranged the picnic yet? - No, they haven't.
- 5) Has her cousin given an interview recently? - Yes, he has.
- 6) Has businessman just written the cheque? - No, he hasn't.

## Упр. 6, стр. 140

- 1) Have you written down your homework? - No, I haven't.
- 2) Have you decided what to do in the evening? - Yes, I have.
- 3) Has she got presents for her birthday? - Yes, she has.
- 4) Have you cooked breakfast yet? - No, I haven't.
- 5) Has she brought the books from the library? - Yes, she has.

## Упр. 7, стр. 140

I am not hungry. I have had lunch.  
 She cannot tell you where Amy lives. She has forgotten her address.  
 I cannot show you a picture of my pen friend. I have lost it.  
 There is not a new film. We have seen it recently.  
 It is cold here now. My mum has just closed the window.

## Упр. 8, стр. 141

I have made my father's bed.

- I have helped my mother about the house.
- I have watered the flowers.
- I have cleaned the flat.
- I have washed up.
- I have bought bread and butter in the shop.

## Упр. 9, стр. 141

- 1) Have you *ever* been to Scotland?
- 2) Be quiet! The performance has *already* begun.
- 3) Janet has *never* been a goods student.
- 4) I was *just* going to leave the room when I heard the telephone ring.
- 5) Her parents have *never* heard her sing.
- 6) He has *just* turned the corner.
- 7) They have *already* divided the work.
- 8) My cousin has joined Greenpeace *recently*.

## Упр. 10, стр. 141

«Tomato and Carrot» sandwich

2 tomatoes

3 tablespoons of mayonnaise

2 carrots

some salt and pepper

- Boil the carrot and chop it into small pieces.
- Wash the tomato. Cut it into thin pieces.
- Mix the carrot and mayonnaise together.
- Put the filling on the sliced bread.
- Put the slice of tomato on each slice of bread.
- Add some salt and pepper.

## Упр. 11, стр. 141

- 1) Yesterday my aunt *went* shopping and *bought* apples for a cake.
- 2) Don't buy pizza! I *have already* made an apple-pie.
- 3) Let's have a bite to eat! I *have just* set the table.
- 4) My mother is angry. My elder brother *hasn't* taken out rubbish.
- 5) What plants *have* you *watered* so far?
- 6) I *visited* my uncle and aunt last Saturday.

## Упр. 12, стр. 141

- Where do you live?
- What area does she prefer?
- When did his parents buy a terraced house?
- What rooms are there on your house?
- What kind of room is it?
- What is your aunt's hobby? Does your aunt have a garden in front of or at the back of her house?

## Упр. 13, стр. 141

«What a wonderful park! Have you ever been here?» – «Yes, I have. I was there last year.»

- I have never eaten such biscuits. It is very tasty.
- Yesterday my elder sister swept the floor, washed up, took out rubbish and watered the flowers after lessons. I think she got a bad mark.
- «What tasty tea!» – «Would you like a cup of tea?» – «With great pleasure!»

## Упр. 14, стр. 141

- I cleaned my room on Sunday.
- I washed up on Monday.
- I visited my granny on Tuesday.
- I went to the shop on Wednesday.
- I looked after my sister on Thursday.
- I took out rubbish on Friday.
- I swept the floor on Saturday.
- I didn't water the flowers on Sunday.
- I didn't make my bed on Monday.
- I didn't go shopping on Tuesday.
- I didn't walk with my dog on Wednesday.
- I didn't make sandwiches on Thursday.
- I didn't set the table on Friday.
- I didn't help my mother on Saturday.

## Упр. 15, стр. 141

I have got a flat. It is on the fifth floor. Our flat has two rooms, a kitchen, a bathroom, a toilet and a hall.

Our living-room is big. It has two windows. I like our living room. I have my own room. It is small. There is not much furniture in it. There is a sofa on the right. The wardrobe is near the window. You can see a desk at the window. There are two chairs at the desk. A TV-set is in the corner of the room. The bookcase is near the door. There are many bookshelves in my room, because I have a lot of books. I like my room very much because it is very nice and comfortable.

I like my flat. My friends say that it is a good one. There is no place like home.

## КЛЮЧИ К ЗАДАНИЯМ РАБОЧЕЙ ТЕТРАДИ

### Section 1

#### Упр. 1, стр. 58

- 1) cousin; 2) niece; 3) husband; 4) aunt; 5) wife; 6) parents.  
Ключевое слово: sister.

#### Упр. 2, стр. 58

- 1) My sister is 20. My elder is 14.  
My sister is six years older than my brother.  
My elder brother is six years younger than my sister.
- 2) Our mother is 42. Our father is 45.  
Our mother is three years younger than our father.  
Our father is three years older than our mother.
- 3) My father's mother is 70. My father is 45.  
My grandmother is twenty-five years older than my father.  
My father is twenty-five years younger than his mother.
- 4) My uncle is 37. His wife is 36-and-a-half.  
My uncle is half a year older than his wife.  
My aunt is half a year younger than her husband.

#### Упр. 3, стр. 59

List of guests:

Parents: my mother, my father, my husband's mother, my husband's father.

Grandparents: my father's father, my father's mother, my mother's mother, my mother's father, my husband's grandmother, my husband's grandfather.

Relatives: Uncle John, Uncle Ted, Aunt Polly, Aunt Jane, Brother Bob, Cousin Helen.

Friends: Kate Brown, Ann Green, Steve Smith, Pam White.

#### Упр. 4, стр. 59

Wash, aunt, nephew, relation, female, cousin, relax, relative, knife.

#### Упр. 5, стр. 59

Her niece's dress  
Our family's car  
His cat's feeding time  
The bird's wing  
Wild animals' park  
The visitors' ticket  
Endangered animals' habits  
Mrs Smith's watchdog  
The great actor's joke  
Famous people's life-size figures

#### Упр. 6, стр. 59

Mother — a female parent  
Father — a male parent  
Sister — a female relative with the same parents  
Brother — a male relative with the same parents  
Aunt — the wife of an uncle  
Cousin — the son or daughter of an uncle or aunt  
Niece — the daughter of a brother or sister  
Nephew — the son of a brother or sister

#### Упр. 7, стр. 60

My niece's birthday is on the fifth of December.  
My brother's birthday is on the twenty-first of September.  
My mother's birthday is on the thirteenth of April.  
My father's birthday is on the second of May.  
My grandmother's birthday is on the tenth of June.

## Упр. 8, стр. 60

- 1) focus
- 2) equivalent
- 3) forest
- 4) family
- 5) north

## Упр. 9, стр. 60

- 1) Has Diana answered Cheryl's letter sooner?
- 2) What holiday is she getting ready for?
- 3) Has Diana got many relatives?
- 4) Has Diana got an elder sister or an elder brother?
- 5) How old is Diana's nephew?
- 6) Is Diana's niece older than Diana's nephew?
- 7) Will Diana be busy next week?

## Упр. 10, стр. 60

Moscow  
12 February 2006

Dear Diana,

Thank you for your letter. It was so good to hear from you. It was interesting to know how you were preparing for Christmas. I am sure you want to know what Russian people do before Christmas. We celebrate Christmas on the 7<sup>th</sup> of January. It is one of my favorite holidays. I like to decorate Christmas tree and our house. We usually make funny toys to decorate the tree. My little brother writes a letter to Father Frost asking him for a present. I don't write the letter because I know that my parents buy Christmas presents for me and my brother. On the 7<sup>th</sup> of January my mother cooks a special dinner. Our family gets together for the day. We play games, sing and dance a lot. If you visit us next year you will take part in Christmas party.

Love, Cheryl

## Упр. 11, стр. 61

Diana Woodgriff  
7, Walton Street  
Oxford  
UK

## Упр. 12, стр. 61

- Get along with — ладить с  
Get ready — быть готовым  
Get presents — получить подарки  
Get a letter — получить письмо  
Get rid of — избавляться  
Get up — вставать  
Play the piano — играть на пианино  
Play tennis — играть в теннис  
Play jokes — шутить  
Play sports — заниматься спортом  
Play computer games — играть в компьютерные игры  
Play with a ball — играть с мячом

## Упр. 13, стр. 61–62

- 1) My father gave up smoking last year.
- 2) «Do you take part in tennis competition?» — «No, I don't.» — «I have given up playing tennis recently.»
- 3) Tom gets along well with all his relatives.
- 4) Do you want to get rid of your old books? — Bring them to the school library.
- 5) Next week we shall have a big concert of school musicians. Please get ready for it.

## Упр. 14, стр. 62

- 1) Please phone me at 7 o'clock in the evening.
- 2) Please don't ask me silly questions.
- 3) A cup of tea, please.
- 4) Please come back home as soon as possible.
- 5) Could you buy a ticket to the theatre, please?
- 6) One orange juice with ice, please.
- 7) Please don't tell my secret to anybody.

## Упр. 15, стр. 62

1. Have you read any novel by J. R. R. Tolkien?
  - 1) Not yet.
  - 2) No, I haven't.
  - 3) Yes, I have.

2. Have you finished doing your home exercise?

- 1) Yes, I have.
- 2) No, I haven't.
- 3) Yes, I have.

3. Have you got ready for your test?

- 1) No, I haven't.
- 2) Not yet.
- 3) Yes, I have.

Упр. 16, стр. 62

- Have you decided where to go? - Yes, I have.
- Have you bought bread? - No, I haven't.
- Have you taken warm socks? - Yes, I have.
- Have you bought meat and sugar? - Yes, I have.
- Have you taken warm sweaters? - No, I haven't.
- Have you phoned your relatives? - Yes, I have.
- Have you got ready for the trip? - Yes, I have.

Упр. 17, стр. 63

- 1) What have you seen?
- 2) Why have you phoned me?
- 3) What have you eaten?
- 4) When did she start?
- 5) What did he broken?
- 6) What have they decided?
- 7) When has James arrived?

## Section 2

Упр. 18, стр. 63

Girls:

To wash up, to set the table, to make the bed, to clear up after lunch, to help in the garden, to do your homework, to water the plants, to go shopping.

Boys:

To wash up, to make the bed, to walk the pet, to help in the garden, to take out the rubbish, to do your homework, to clean the room, to sweep the floor, to go shopping.

Упр. 19, стр. 63

- 1) Parents should get up at 7 o'clock in the morning.
- 2) Parents should play sports twice a week.
- 3) Parents should go for a walk with their children.
- 4) Parents shouldn't watch TV too much.

Упр. 20, стр. 63

- 1) I would like to talk about my school subjects with my father.
- 2) I would like to talk about sports and games with my friends.
- 3) I would like to talk about music with a teacher of Music.
- 4) I would like to talk about pets with my cousin.

Упр. 21, стр. 63

- 1) Being responsible for something - caring
- 2) Being friendly with guests - hospitable
- 3) Unlike, not of the same kind - different
- 4) Not liking changes, careful - conservative
- 5) Near in relationships - close

Упр. 22, стр. 64

To give up, to get rid of, to wait for, to clear up, to wash up.

To get up, to look after, to be fond of, to depend on, to look at, get along.

Упр. 23, стр. 64

- 1) Look! Little Jimmy *is trying* to sweep the floor.
- 2) I *washed up* yesterday. Today is your turn.
- 3) My father usually *walks* our dog in the morning.
- 4) *Have you taken* the rubbish? - Not yet.
- 5) Steve *will set* the table for lunch tomorrow.

Упр. 24, стр. 64

- 1) You must take medicine in time.
- 2) They should learn English better.
- 3) People must save endangered animals.
- 4) Everyone in our family must clean his room.
- 5) Should I open the window?
- 6) It's very frosty today. You mustn't out. You are sick.
- 7) Daddy! Should I help you in the garden this weekend?



**Упр. 25, стр. 64**

1) of, at; 2) up; 3) up; 4) along; 5) with; 6) out; 7) up.

**Упр. 26, стр. 64**

I like to do and I do:  
To help in the garden  
To go shopping  
To set the table

I don't like to do but I do:  
To wash up  
To clean my room  
To take out the rubbish

**Упр. 27, стр. 64**

Mum, how beautiful you are today!  
Dad, how clever you are!  
Dad, how elegant you are today!  
Mum, what a nice dress you are wearing!  
Mum, you look wonderful today!

**Section 3****Упр. 28, стр. 65**

Pizza, biscuit, sandwich, cheese, cake, sausage, pudding, pie, roll, bun, salt, salad, meat, juice, butter, chips, tea.

**Упр. 29, стр. 65**

- Yes, they have.
- They like eating sweet things like puddings and pies, jams, biscuits and buns, cakes and rolls.
- Eat-a-sweet time for the British is any time.
- They eat sweets at work, at school, at home, on a car journey, in the cinema or theatre.
- The British eat even more sweet things than they usually do on Mother's Day, Christmas, Valentine's Day, Easter and other special days.

**Упр. 30, стр. 65**

January – the 1<sup>st</sup> of January – New Year in Russia

the 7<sup>th</sup> of January – Christmas in Russia  
February – the 14<sup>th</sup> of February – St Valentine's Day  
March – the 8<sup>th</sup> of March – Mother's Day  
April – the 13<sup>th</sup> of April – my birthday  
May – the 9<sup>th</sup> of May – Victory day  
June – the 3<sup>rd</sup> of June – my father's birthday  
July – the 22<sup>nd</sup> of July – my granny's birthday  
September – the 1<sup>st</sup> of September – Day of Knowledge  
December – the 19<sup>th</sup> of December – my mother's birthday

**Упр. 31, стр. 65**

- Have you got *any* cheese at home? – No, there isn't *any*.
- There was *some* juice in the glass.
- Could I have *any* tea, Mum?
- Take *some* butter and put it on the slice of bread.
- There isn't *any* ice cream on the plate.
- Would you like *any* more milk?

**Упр. 33, стр. 66**

- How much bread have you bought?
- How many guests have you invited?
- How many meat sandwiches have you made?
- How much salad have you prepared?
- How many slices of bread have you cut?
- How many kilos of apples have you bought?

**Упр. 34, стр. 66**

Spring Salad

1 tomato  
1 cucumber  
3 boiled eggs  
3 tablespoons of mayonnaise  
3 spring onions  
salt

- Chop the eggs into small pieces
- Chop the spring onions and add to the eggs
- Wash the tomato and the cucumber
- Peel the cucumber and chop it into the small pieces

- Put the vegetables and eggs in the bowl
- Mix the cucumber, sliced tomato, onion and eggs together
- Add some salt and mayonnaise

**Упр. 36, стр. 66**

- A tin of coke
- A cup of coffee
- Some slices of sausage
- A glass of milk
- A piece of cheese
- A bowl of pop corn
- A glass of apple juice
- A packet of chips

**Упр. 37, стр. 67**

- Ice cream is made from milk, sugar, butter and fruits.
- «Mars» is made of sugar, nuts and chocolate.
- Pizza is made of bread, tomato, meat, onion and cheese.
- Butter is made from milk.
- Sausage is made of meat, salt and pepper.
- Coke is made of water and sugar.
- Cheese is made from milk, butter and cottage cheese.
- Omelette is made from milk, eggs and salt.
- Chips are made from potato and salt.

**Упр. 38, стр. 67**

- 1) of; 2) from; 3) from; 4) from; 5) of; 6) from.

**Упр. 39, стр. 67**

Advantages	Disadvantages
tasty	unhealthy
nice	often fat
easy to cook	contains a lot of calories
various	contains a lot of sugar

**Section 4****Упр. 40, стр. 67**

- 1) a detached house
- 2) a terraced house
- 3) a castle
- 4) a block of flats
- 5) a palace
- 6) a semi-detached house

**Упр. 41, стр. 67**

The terraced house is new, nice, modern, comfortable, high, beautiful.

The palace is old, beautiful, big, made of stone, not high, wonderful, historical, ancient.

**Упр. 42, стр. 68**

- 1) At the moment Mr Philpoll lives far from the centre of London, doesn't he?
- 2) Who lives not far from the centre of London at the moment?
- 3) Does Mr Philpoll live near or far from the centre of London at the moment?
- 4) Where does Mr Philpoll live at the moment?
- 5) With whom does Mr Philpoll live not far from the centre of London at the moment?

**Упр. 43, стр. 68**

Mrs Blake is a Londoner. At the moment she lives not far from the centre of London. She has a nice house of her own. She has a semi-detached house of a yellow colour. There is a nice garden at the back of the house and a flowerbed at the front. Mrs Blake lives in a residential area with lots of similar houses. It's very closed to Hyde Park.

**Упр. 44, стр. 68**

I live in a house. It is neither big nor small. Our house has two rooms, a kitchen, a bathroom, a toilet and a hall.

Our living-room is big. It has two windows. There are a lot of flowers on the windowsills. There is a round table in the middle of the room. You can see four chairs near the table. You can see a new

black piano on the left. The TV-set is on the right. There is a picture on the wall above the piano. There is a big beautiful carpet on the wall. It makes our living-room very cosy. I like our living room.

Our flat has all modern conveniences: central heating, electricity, gas, running water (hot and cold), a telephone and a chute. It's a pity that we have no balcony.

Our kitchen is big and comfortable. The furniture in the kitchen is light and beautiful. There is a new fridge near the window. You can see a cupboard, a cooker, a sink in the kitchen. We usually have breakfast and supper in the kitchen.

We have a garden at the back of our house and a flowerbed at the front. I like my house. My friends say that it is a good one.

#### Упр. 45, стр. 68

- 1) How many rooms are there in your house?
- 2) The British say «Home, sweet home».
- 3) Where is the kitten's house? — I'm afraid, it's homeless.
- 4) At home I like to listen to the pop-music when I am alone.
- 5) What's your home town? — Novgorod.
- 6) What kind of a house have you got: terraced or detached?
- 7) Mr Baskerville lived in an ancient big house before his death.
- 8) My home is a place where I relax and rest.

#### Упр. 46, стр. 68

- 1) My house should have a garden at the back of the house.
- 2) My house should be big and comfortable.
- 3) My house should have a nice and cosy kitchen.

## Unit 8. We Have a Lot in Common

### КЛЮЧИ К РАЗДЕЛУ УЧЕБНИКА

#### Section 1. Do We Like Doing the Same Things? Do We Have the Same Hobbies?

##### Упр. 1, стр. 144

- I would watch videos.
- I would collect stamps.
- I would roller-skate.
- I would skate.
- I would listen to music.
- I would play the piano.
- I would read books.
- I would draw and paint.
- I would collect the pictures.
- I would play basketball.
- I would play badminton.
- I would play football.
- I would play computer games.
- I would play chess.
- I would sing songs.

##### Упр. 3, стр. 145

- I like making models of ships.
- My mother likes reading.
- My father likes traveling.
- My sister likes taking pictures.
- My grandfather likes theatre.
- My grandmother likes dancing.
- My cousin likes swimming.
- My uncle likes music.

**Упр. 5, стр. 145**

To be fond of gardening – увлекаться садоводством

Is your grandmother fond of gardening?

To be fond of traveling – увлекаться путешествиями

I am not fond of traveling.

To be fond of reading – увлекаться чтением

We are fond of reading.

To keep fit – быть в хорошей спортивной форме

It is important to keep fit.

To keep a secret – хранить секрет

Will you keep my secret?

To keep old letters – хранить старые письма

Why do you keep these old letters?

To go to bed – ложиться спать

My brother goes to bed at 10 o'clock.

To go by bike – ездить на велосипеде

Do you like to go by bike?

To go by car – ездить на машине

We went to the country by car.

To go for a walk – ходить на прогулку

I like to go for a walk with my friends.

**Упр. 6, стр. 146**

English students are fond of keeping pets.

English students are not so fond of reading.

English students are fond of visiting pubs.

English students are not so fond of horseracing.

English students are fond of sport.

English students are not so fond of fishing.

English students are fond of football.

English students are not so fond of gardening.

English students are fond of music.

English students are not so fond of computers.

English students are fond of collecting.

English students are not so fond of going to the disco.

English students are fond of watching TV and video.

English students are not so fond of going to the clubs.

English students are fond of traveling.

**Упр. 7, стр. 146**

Russian students are fond of sport.

Russian students are not so fond of theatre.

Russian students are fond of playing football (basketball, volleyball, tennis).

Russian students are not so fond of playing the musical instruments.

Russian students are fond of watching TV and video.

Russian students are not so fond of roller-skate.

Russian students are fond of music.

Russian students are not so fond of going to the clubs.

Russian students are fond of computer games.

Russian students are not so fond of collecting.

Russian students are fond of traveling.

Russian students are not so fond of fishing.

Russian students are fond of reading.

Russian students are not so fond of gardening.

Russian students are fond of going to the disco.

Russian students are not so fond of pets.

**Упр. 8, стр. 146**

a) When do British people usually listen to the radio?

British people usually listen to the radio in the morning.

b) What radio station do young people like to listen to?

Young people like to listen to «Virgin» radio. It is a radio station which plays rock music 24 hours a day.

**Упр. 9, стр. 147**

a) When do you usually listen to the radio? I usually listen to the radio in the evening.

b) What radio programmes do you prefer to listen to? I prefer to listen to the programmes for children: fairy-tales, songs and news.

c) What Russian, British and American radio stations do you know of? Do you listen to them regularly?

Russian radio programmes are «Radio of Russia», «Russian Radio».

I don't listen to British and American programmes regularly. I listen to Russian programmes regularly.

d) Which do you prefer: TV or radio? Why?

I prefer watching TV. When you watch TV you can listen to the voices of people and see them. When you listen to the radio you can only listen to the sounds or voices.

#### Упр. 10, стр. 147

- political programmes and news: News, Regional News, Weather, Calendar News, Panorama;
  - sports programmes: Skiing, World Motor Sport, Sledge Racing;
  - music programmes: Going for a Song;
  - soap operas: Coronation Street.
- Political programmes, sport programmes and news have more given time given to them than others. Most people listen to the news. Many people are interested in politics and sports.
- News and sport programmes are on at prime time because they are very popular among people.

#### Упр. 11, стр. 147

- political programmes and news: News, Regional News, Weather, Calendar News, Panorama;
  - sports programmes: Football match, World Motor Sport, Car Racing;
  - music programmes: concert «The Songs of Love», «Factory of Stars»;
  - soap operas: «A Symbol of Love», «Criminal World».
- Music programmes, TV serials and news have more given time given to them than others. Most people listen to the news. Many people are interested in music. Many people prefer to watch soap operas, they are very popular.
- News, talk shows and soap operas are on at prime time because they are very popular among people.

#### Упр. 14, стр. 148

- What is your hobby?
- What do you like to do at home?
- Do you like to watch TV? What is your favourite TV programme?
- Do you like to listen to the radio (to play sports)?
- What food do you prefer?

#### Упр. 15, стр. 149

TV advantages	TV disadvantages
I relax when I watch soap operas.	I spend too much time watching TV.
I rest when I watch music programmes.	People become lazy and gain weight.
I receive much information when I watch news and educational programmes.	I have no time to speak or to see friends and relatives.
I can watch operas, ballets and performances sitting at home.	I can damage my eyes.
I can listen to classical and modern music.	I sleep badly.
I can see and listen to famous people.	People have too much radiation watching TV.
I can study foreign languages.	We are too lazy to go to the theatre or to the cinema.
I can take part in shows and win prizes (money, cars, etc.)	I have no time to do my homework and to help my parents around the house.
I can buy things for the comfort of your home.	I am too lazy to read books.
I can travel round the world without wasting money.	Children often watch films for grown-ups.
TV is a good friend for disabled and lonely people.	Television makes people passive viewers, they can't make their own decisions.
Watching TV is cheaper than going to the cinema or to the theatre.	Parents don't spend much time with their children. They prefer to watch TV.

#### Упр. 16, стр. 149

- I have a big collection of coins.

- 2) Now we do it together.
- 3) There are more than 200 coins from different countries in our collection.
- 4) Collecting stamps isn't easy, you know.
- 5) You should know much about different countries and their people.
- 6) I haven't got any modern Russian coins in my collection.

### Упр. 17, стр. 149

I like the adverts on TV. It is interesting to watch them. They are colourful and nice.

The advert for new English books for summer reading:

If your hobby is reading – the new English books are just for you! Planning your summer holidays buy some books of English writers. Don't miss your chance! We are sure you will enjoy reading.

## Section 2. Do You Like Holidays?

### Упр. 19, стр. 150

I usually make presents for my relatives. I make telephone calls for my relatives. I have a picnic with my relatives every month. I visit my friends every week. I send postcards to my relatives. I cook special dishes for my relatives. I invite my relatives to my place.

### Упр. 20, стр. 150

If I want to thank my friends for a present, I will say: «Oh, thank you.», «What a nice puppy! Thanks a lot.», «Thank you, it's very kind of you.», «I have always dreamed of having a puppy like this!». I would use these expressions because I am polite and don't want to be rude with my friends.

I would never use the following expression: «What a pity! I have got a dog already.»

### Упр. 21, стр. 151

Postcard № 1 – text № 2

Postcard № 2 – text № 4

Postcard № 3 – text № 5

Postcard № 4 – text № 1

### Postcard № 5 – text № 3

### Упр. 22, стр. 151

Russian people have different holidays. They like to celebrate them. In my opinion the most favourite holiday is New Year's Day. It is the biggest holiday of the year. Many people think that this is the main Russian holiday. People decorate the fir-tree. On New Year's Day Father Frost comes to the houses and leave presents for children and adults under the fir-tree. Families get together, prepare tasty dinner, watch the President's speech on TV, dance and have fun. People enjoy New Year's Day most of all.

### Упр. 23, стр. 152

- 1) The celebration in my family depends on my family traditions and local customs.
- 2) When somebody in our family has a birthday we usually have a birthday party. We decorate our house and invite our friends and relatives to our place. We don't buy food in the restaurant. We cook special dishes ourselves. We usually have a roast chicken, roast potatoes and a cake. We usually sing, dance and play different games during the birthday party.
- 3) I would like to change the way birthdays are celebrated in my family. I would like to have a picnic with my relatives and friends on my birthday.

### Упр. 24, стр. 152

	Alice	Ben
When did they have their parties?	She had a party in April.	He had a party last Saturday.
Whom did they invite?	It was a family party. She invited some relatives.	He invited his friends and his cousins.
What presents did they get?	She got a new walkman, jeans, an English-Italian dictionary	He got a lot of presents: video games, cassettes, a football, books and T-shirts.
How did they entertain their guests?	They talked and laughed the whole evening.	They played, danced and laughed.
Did they enjoy their birthday parties?	Yes, she did.	Yes, he did. He had a good time.

## Упр. 28, стр. 153

- Take this cake, please. It's very tasty. I've tried it myself.
- Oh, it's really good. It's delicious. May I have another cake?
- Take this biscuit. It's really very tasty. I've tried it myself.
- Oh, it's really very good. It's delicious. May I have another biscuit?

## Упр. 30, стр. 154

- 1) I'll feed the hamster myself. Я сама накормлю хомячка.
- 2) My little nephew fell down and hurt himself. Мой маленький племянник упал и ушибся.
- 3) I think you can do this exercise yourself. Я думаю, ты можешь выполнить это упражнение сам.
- 4) Did you repair the bike yourselves, boys? Вы починили велосипед сами, мальчики?
- 5) Ask her to set the table by herself. Попроси ее накрыть на стол самостоятельно.
- 6) Look! The puppy is playing by itself. Посмотри! Щенок играет сам с собой.
- 7) We took these pictures of endangered animals ourselves. Мы сами сделали фотографии исчезающих животных.
- 8) My friends are arranging the important conference themselves. Мои друзья сами организуют важную конференцию.

## Упр. 31, стр. 154

- 1) I saw *myself* in the mirror.
- 2) Darling, don't be so lazy and make your bed *yourself*.
- 3) We enjoyed *ourselves* at the disco.
- 4) Her elder brother has made this model of ship *himself*.
- 5) Are you hungry? Please, help *yourself*!
- 6) Has Olga read this fairy tale in English *herself*?
- 7) My dog goes for a walk by *itself*.
- 8) My cousin's students can do this work *themselves*.

## Упр. 32, стр. 155

- Can I help you? – Yes, thank you. ♪  
May I come in? – Yes, please.

- Did you say that you know her? – Yes, certainly.  
Did you say you're inviting me to the theatre? – Yes, certainly.  
Are you sure you have to leave? – Yes, that's right.  
Can I carry this bag for you? – Yes, thank you.  
Would you like to come here again? – Yes, certainly.  
Would you like a cup of tea? – No, thank you.  
Can you give me a lift to the station? – No, I'm afraid not.  
Did you go to the school party last night? – No, I didn't.  
Can you tell me the time, please? – No, I'm afraid I can't.  
Do you mind if I open the window? – No, I don't.

## Упр. 33, стр. 155

When I was on holiday I took part in skiing competitions and visited my relatives. I had no time to watch TV and read English books. I enjoyed listening to pop-music and walking in the park in the snow. My winter holiday was very nice but too short.

## Упр. 34, стр. 155

I'm going to visit my uncle in August. He lives in the country. He has a big and nice house. There is a river near my uncle's house. I'll swim and dive in the river. I'll walk, pick up berries and mushrooms in the forest. I have many friends in the country. I am sure we'll play, ride our bikes and sing songs in the evening. I have written a letter to my uncle. He invited me to spend my summer holidays in the country.

## Упр. 35, стр. 156

- Where are you going to spend your holidays?  
With whom will you spend your summer holidays?  
Will you travel abroad?  
When are you going to travel abroad (to visit your relatives)?  
Are you going to visit your relatives?  
Whom are you going to visit?  
Will you take part in sports competitions?  
Will you read detective stories (English books) in summer?  
Will you play computer games?  
Will you go to the cinema or to the theatre?  
Will you get up early in the morning?

## Упр. 36, стр. 156

I had winter holidays in January. When I was on holiday I took part in skating competitions and visited my friends. I had no time to sleep a lot. I had much time to watch TV and read English books. I enjoyed listening to pop-music and walking in the park in the snow. My winter holiday was very fantastic and great fun.

## Section 3. Are Pets Our Hobby?

## Упр. 39, стр. 156

The British like animals. Their affection for animals is well-known. They keep different animals as pets. There are 50 private zoos for cats, dogs and other animals in England. There is a Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals in Great Britain.

## Упр. 40, стр. 156

Five questions I'd like to ask a member of the RSPCA:

- 1) Can I join your society?
- 2) What animals do you protect?
- 3) How can you help homeless dogs and cats?
- 4) What do you think is better for animals: to live in the zoo or in the wild animal's park?
- 5) Should members of your society help animals in any situation?

## Упр. 41, стр. 156–157

A) Petey was a good puppy, wasn't he? Yes, he did. He frightened the cat a little. He didn't chew any shoes (just a teeny-weeny chew). He almost always remembered to bark when he wanted to go out.

- B) 1) I'd like a boy for Christmas. (Petey said it.)  
 2) I think you could find some dog who would give his boy away. (Petey's mother said it.)
- C) 1) Petey was a puppy and his mother was a dog.  
 2) «I'd like a boy for Christmas.» said Petey to his mother.  
 3) Petey was a good puppy because he didn't frighten the cat and chew shoes.  
 4) Petey remembered to bark when he wanted to go out.  
 5) His mother didn't find a nice little boy for Petey.

## Упр. 42, стр. 158–159

- A) 1 – d  
 2 – c  
 3 – b  
 4 – a

Правильный порядок частей рассказа: b, a, d, c.

- B) The collie has a boy with a bicycle.  
 The bulldog has a boy with a car.  
 The setter has a boy with a ball.  
 The Scottie has a dog with biscuits.
- C) 1 – b Petey saw a collie racing with his boy on a bike.  
 2 – a The setter liked to play ball with his boy.  
 3 – b Petey wanted to have a boy in a car because he was a little tired.  
 4 – a Scottie had his mouth full of a package.

## Упр. 43, стр. 160–161

- A) 1) «I am not alone. I've got a puppy.» (the boy)  
 2) «Can we give him some dinner?» (one of the boys)  
 3) «And tomorrow we will find his mother and see if she'll let him stay.» (the lady)  
 4) «She'll be surprised when I tell her I got fifty boys for Christmas.» (Petey)
- B) But he couldn't find a dog who would give his boy away.  
 Petey was walking by it slowly when he saw a sign: Home for Boys.  
 He looked through the window.  
 In front of the building, all by himself, sat a boy!  
 The boy looked up at the lady and down at Petey.  
 They were happy to see Petey.  
 Petey knew his mother would let him stay.

C) *The story from the point of view of Ricky:*  
 Hello! My name is Ricky. I live in the «Home for Boys». I have no relatives.

It was Christmas. I was alone. I was in front of the building where I lived. Suddenly I saw a little puppy. He was very tired and sad. I was glad to see him. The puppy jumped up and landed in my lap. He



licked me with his warm wet tongue. Then the front door opened and a lady looked out. I looked up at the lady and told her that I had a puppy. She was surprised. She let me bring the puppy in. My friends were very happy to see my puppy and the puppy was happy to see them. The puppy wagged his tail. He licked every one of the boys. I hope his mother will let him stay with me.

The story from the point of view of the lady who worked at the «Home for Boys»:

I work in the «Home for Boys». It was Christmas. The boys sang carols, played near the Christmas tree and had fun. But one boy was not in the room. He was sitting outside. I decided to find Ricky and invited him to play with his friends. I opened the front door and looked out. Ricky looked up at me and told me that he had a puppy. I was surprised. Ricky was always sad because he had no relatives. But at that moment he was happy. The puppy was very nice but tired. I let Ricky bring the puppy in. The boys were very glad to see the puppy and the puppy was glad to see them. The puppy wagged his tail. He licked every one of the boys. I hope his mother will let him stay with Ricky.

#### Упр. 44, стр. 161

I think that the main idea of the story is the following statement «Everyone must have a friend.» Every man wants to have a friend. Animals also need friends. A friend can help you when you are in trouble. A good friend will understand you. If you have no friends you are not happy, you are alone. They say a friend in need is a friend indeed.

### Section 4. Homework

#### Упр. 1, стр. 162

- 1) horseracing
- 2) jogging
- 3) taking pictures/photos
- 4) skiing

#### Упр. 2, стр. 162

I like making models of ships.  
My mother likes reading.

- My father likes traveling.
- My sister likes taking pictures.
- My grandfather likes theatre.
- My grandmother likes dancing.
- My cousin likes swimming.
- My uncle likes music.

#### Упр. 3, стр. 162

There are five of us in my family. We all have different hobbies. My dad is fond of fishing. My mother prefers to stay at home and watch TV. She can watch silly soap operas the whole day. My elder sister tries to keep fit. She likes dancing and swimming. My little brother has a sweet tooth. He enjoys eating cakes and sweets. My grandpa makes models of ships. He also has a big collection of stamps and coins. My best friend and me like dancing at discos. So you see, tastes differ.

#### Упр. 4, стр. 162

You can see the Browns in their living room. They usually spend their Saturday evenings at home. Look, Mr Brown is sitting in his armchair and watching TV. He likes sports programmes and the news. Mrs Brown is reading a magazine. She buys magazines and newspapers every morning. Betsy, their daughter, takes care of the family's pets. Now she is feeding her fish. Her elder brother Bob is drawing a ship. He draws very well. He is going to be an artist.

#### Упр. 5, стр. 163

- 1) What is your hobby?
- 2) What do you like to do at home?
- 3) Do you like to watch TV? What is your favourite TV programme?
- 4) Do you like to listen to the radio (to play sports)?
- 5) What food do you prefer?

#### Упр. 6, стр. 163

- 1) My friend has explained the story to me.
- 2) I have closed the window.
- 3) I have had dinner.
- 4) I have forgotten the address of my Headteacher.
- 5) I have lost the picture of my cousin at home.

- 6) I have found the picture of my cousin.
- 7) I have bought some bread and butter.

**Упр. 7, стр. 163**

- 1) I *have just done* my homework. I can go out with my friends.
- 2) Alice *collected* German and French coins last summer.
- 3) Susan *has already been* to the library. She is *reading* a very interesting book.
- 4) He *saw* this film yesterday.
- 5) *Have you bought* any Christmas present? – Not yet.
- 6) Carol *invited* her classmates to her home *last Sunday*. They had a good time there.

**Упр. 8, стр. 163**

Russian people have different holidays. They like to celebrate them. In my opinion the most favourite holiday is New Year's Day. It is the biggest holiday of the year. Many people think that this is the main Russian holiday. People decorate the fur-tree. On New Year's Day Father Frost comes to the houses and leave presents for children and adults under the fur-tree. Families get together, prepare tasty dinner, watch the President's speech on TV, dance and have fun. People enjoy New Year's Day most of all.

**Упр. 9, стр. 163**

- 1) Who prepares the breakfast for your little nephew? – He prepares the breakfast himself.
- 2) Do you read fairy tales for your younger sister? No, she reads fairy tales herself.
- 3) Shall I send these postcards today? – No, I shall send them myself.
- 4) Did your head teacher clean this classroom yesterday? – No, we cleaned it ourselves.
- 5) Shall I make these phone calls tomorrow morning? – Yes, I think you should make these phone calls yourself.

**Упр. 10, стр. 163**

- 1) I saw *myself* in the mirror.
- 2) Darling, don't be so lazy and *make* your bed *yourself*.
- 3) We enjoyed *ourselves* at the disco.

- 4) Her elder brother has made this model of ship *himself*.
- 5) Are you hungry? Please, help *yourself*!
- 6) Has Olga read this fairy tale in English *herself*?
- 7) My dog goes for a walk *by itself*.
- 8) My cousin's students can do this work *themselves*.

**Упр. 11, стр. 163**

My elder brother is fond of sports. He often rides a bicycle at the weekend.

She likes to watch soap operas in the evening.

What books do you like to read? I prefer fantasy and detective books. Jane can't translate this exercise herself. Please help her.

**Упр. 12, стр. 164**

- 1) Allan went abroad last summer, didn't he?
- 2) Her granny is fond of gardening, isn't she?
- 3) My relatives will join them soon, won't they?
- 4) We haven't arranged the party yet, have we?
- 5) Bob doesn't buy presents himself, does he?
- 6) Look, they are taking pictures, aren't they?
- 7) Sometimes you watch soap operas in the evening, don't you?

**Упр. 13, стр. 164**

When I was on holiday I took part in skiing competitions and visited my relatives. I had no time to watch TV and read English books. I enjoyed listening to pop-music and walking in the park in the snow. My winter holiday was very nice but too short.

**Упр. 14, стр. 164**

- 1) What *did you collect* last year?
- 2) Sorry, I *have not read* the detective story yet.
- 3) Look! She *is watching* this comedy for the third time.
- 4) It is my cousin's birthday next week. I hope he *will invite* me to his home.
- 5) Soon we *are going to take part* in a famous TV show.
- 6) She usually *feeds* her pets twice a day.

**Упр. 15, стр. 164**

- 1) Petey and his mother.
- 2) The puppy wanted to have a boy for Christmas.

- 3) Petey saw many dogs with boys but nobody wanted to give the boy away.
- 4) The boy from Home for Boys liked the puppy.
- 5) Other boys were glad to see Petey.
- 6) Petey was happy to have so many friends.

## КЛЮЧИ К ЗАДАНИЯМ РАБОЧЕЙ ТЕТРАДИ

### Section 1

#### Упр. 1, стр. 69

Advert, author, comedy, hobby, library, show, soap, detective, popular, science fiction, musical.

#### Упр. 2, стр. 69

- a) to stop – to begin, to break – to repair, to like – to dislike, to close – to open, to agree – to disagree, to love – to hate, to find – to lose.
- b) interesting – boring, beautiful – ugly, free – busy, fantastic – real, same – different, correct – wrong, false – true, serious – funny, polite – impolite, ancient – modern.

#### Упр. 3, стр. 69

Gardening – to work in the garden  
 Traveling – to go from place to place to different places  
 Taking pictures – to make a photo  
 Collecting things – to bring things together  
 Keeping fit – to be healthy and slim

#### Упр. 4, стр. 69–70

To go on – продолжать  
 To go for a walk – ходить на прогулку  
 To go by bike – кататься на велосипеде  
 To go by car – ездить на машине  
 To go to bed – ложиться спать  
 To keep silence – хранить тишину  
 To keep old books – хранить старые книги  
 To keep fit – быть в хорошей форме

To keep a secret – хранить секрет

#### Упр. 5, стр. 70

My mother is fond of gardening.  
 I am fond of traveling.  
 His cousin is fond of reading.  
 Their parents are fond of taking pictures.  
 We are fond of making models.  
 Her nephews are fond of collecting coins.  
 My niece is fond of computer games.

#### Упр. 6, стр. 70

- 1) Sport is very popular in my family.
- 2) How do you keep fit?
- 3) Which is your favourite type of music?
- 4) Do your parents like jogging?
- 5) We play rugby or football every day.

#### Упр. 7, стр. 70–71

Let me \_\_ you *about* my hobbies! My favourite type *of* music is rock. OK, I don't play \_\_ any musical instrument, but I like to listen *to* music. And I sing well. All my friends are fond *of* rock music, too. Our dream is to form a rock band and to invite you all *to* our concert.

My hobby is looking *after* my pets. I have lots *of* them: a dog, a tortoise, a white mouse, a parrot. One *of* my relatives wanted to get rid *of* his goldfish. Now they live *in* my flat. But one *of* my favourite pets is a little hamster. It was sick when I took him *from* my friend. Now it's fine. And it's gets *along* with all the other pets.

#### Упр. 8, стр. 71

I have got a hobby. I am fond of reading books. I like to read books about animals. I think my hobby is interesting. I learn many new things about animals, birds and insects. My hobby helps me to make new friends and develop my mind. I have a lot of books at home but I go to the library every week. I hope my hobby is useful. My friends like to read books too. I am sure that my hobby is popular.

#### Упр. 9, стр. 71

- 1) «Are you fond of computer games?» – «Yes, I am.»
- 2) My uncle is fond of collecting coins and stamps.

- 3) Have you ever collected postcards?
- 4) You can keep a secret, can't you?
- 5) To keep fit I never go by car if I can walk.
- 6) «Why do you keep these old labels?» – «I collect them.»

**Упр. 10, стр. 71–72**

- 1) Most people don't watch TV in the morning. They watch TV in the evening.
- 2) «Virgin» is the radio station which doesn't play classical music 24 hours a day. It plays rock music 24 hours a day.
- 3) Young girls and boys aren't fond of making models of planes and ships. They are fond of doing sports.
- 4) Balzak didn't keep fit. He ate much.
- 5) We won't go for a walk next Sunday. We will go by bike next Sunday.

**Упр. 11, стр. 72**

Author, comedy, soap, political, advert, show, hobby, library, adventure.

**Упр. 12, стр. 72**

- 1) by; 2) at; 3) in, in; 4) to; 5) in; 6) for; 7) to.

**Упр. 13, стр. 72**

- 1) Where were you born?
- 2) Where do you live now?
- 3) Have you got a family?
- 4) What was your favourite film?
- 5) How old are you?
- 6) What is your hobby?
- 7) Do like to listen to the radio or watch TV?

**Упр. 14, стр. 72**

Beautiful music, folk music, classical music,  
Unusual hobby, popular hobby, useful hobby,  
Play game, computer game, favourite game.

**Упр. 15, стр. 73**

Mr – mister  
Advert – advertisement  
Soap – soap opera

Bike – bicycle  
Dr – doctor  
TV – television  
Exam – examination  
Board – blackboard  
Phone – telephone  
Mrs – missis

**Упр. 16, стр. 73**

Bridge, joy, legend, jeans, knowledge, enjoy, manage, magic, language, strange, advantage, suggest, cartridge, subject, endangered, adjective, exchange, dangerous, project, garbage.

**Упр. 17, стр. 73**

TV – JUNGLE  
6. 30 – Animals' News  
7. 00 – Baby Lions  
9. 40 – Animals in Danger  
10. 30 – Film «Less»  
12. 00 – Talk Show «Pets in Our Life»  
13. 00 – Soap Opera «Рек»

**Section 2****Упр. 18, стр. 73**

Tony Thompson  
UK  
CB2 1RP  
Cambridge  
22 Trumpington Street  
Helen Markova  
Russia  
923564  
Moscow  
28 Severnaya Street

**Упр. 19, стр. 74**

– Betty, dear. I hope you will like your Christmas present.  
– Can I have a look at it right now?

- Of course, you can.
- Oh, it's a skateboard! I've always dreamed of having a skateboard like this.
- Do you like it?
- Thank you.
- I'm happy you like it.

**Упр. 20, стр. 74**

Easter, Birthday, St. Valentine's Day, Christmas, New Year's Day

**Упр. 21, стр. 74**

New Year's Day — decorate a special tree, cook special dishes, send postcards, buy presents for relatives and friends, enjoy the party.

St. Valentine's Day — takes place in February, send special cards, don't sign, enjoy the holiday.

Easter — give each other nice eggs, go to church, cook special dishes, invite guests.

Victory Day — congratulate grandfathers and grandmothers, have a military parade in the morning, have fireworks in the evening.

Birthday — get presents, cook tasty food, invite friends and relatives, entertain guests, have a nice day.

Women's Day — takes place in March, congratulate girls and women, give them small presents, make telephone calls.

**Упр. 22, стр. 75**

People celebrate Women's Day on the 8<sup>th</sup> of March. I and my brother buy the presents for our mother and our grandmother. On the 7<sup>th</sup> of March we clean our flat and make a cake. Our father always buys some flowers for our mother. On Women's Day we get up early in the morning because we want to prepare breakfast for mum and granny. We set the table and then congratulate women with this holiday. We have breakfast all together. After breakfast we go for a walk in the park. In the evening we go to the theatre or to the cinema. Women's Day is my mother's favourite holiday and I like it very much.

**Упр. 23, стр. 75**

New Year is celebrated on the first of January.

Christmas is celebrated on the seventh of January.

Defenders of the Motherland Day is celebrated on the twenty third of February.

Women's Day is celebrated on the eighth of March.

May Day is celebrated on the first of May.

Victory Day is celebrated on the ninth of May.

Independence Day is celebrated on the twelfth of June.

Day of Knowledge is celebrated on the first of September.

**Упр. 24, стр. 75**

1) The old woman cooked these tasty cakes by *herself*.

2) They have decorated the Christmas tree by *yourselves*? It's wonderful.

3) They enjoyed *themselves* at the disco.

4) I think her nephew will buy presents by *himself*.

5) Can I take another piece of cake? — Of course, help *yourself*.

6) I've done it by *myself*.

7) Look! The cat is washing *itself*.

**Упр. 25, стр. 75**

1) I did it *myself*.

2) Alice told me *herself*.

3) He is talking to *himself*.

4) No, they did it *themselves*.

5) Mo, we shall buy it *ourselves*.

**Упр. 26, стр. 76**

Holidays

To enjoy: to enjoy disco, to enjoy games, to enjoy sports

What to do: to visit places of interest, to visit friends, to visit relatives, to watch TV, to go to the zoo

Have no time to: read newspapers, read books, play computer games, go to the library

Where to go: to go to the country, to go abroad, to go to the seaside

**Упр. 27, стр. 76**

My ideal holiday will begin in June and finishes in August. I shall go to the seaside. I shall swim and dive in the Black Sea. I shall go to the park with my friends in the afternoon. I shall go to the disco in the evening. My parents like to visit the places of interest and we

shall go somewhere every week. I would like to go to the zoo. I think my holiday will be fantastic.

### Упр. 28, стр. 76

- 1) A translator *translates* from one language into another.
- 2) Look! They *are crossing* the street.
- 3) Her daughter *speaks* French and German.
- 4) What *is he doing* now?
- 5) Vegetarians *do not eat* meat.
- 6) Don't put the book away. I *need* it.
- 7) I'm hungry. I *want* something to eat.

### Упр. 29, стр. 77

- 1) After midnight on December, 31. — Happy New Year!
- 2) You meet your friend in the street. — Hello!
- 3) At the birthday party. — Happy Birthday to you!
- 4) Someone pushed you and said, «I'm sorry.» — It doesn't matter.
- 5) Someone asks, «How are you?» — I am fine, thanks.

### Упр. 30, стр. 77

- 1) She decorated the Christmas tree.
- 2) Her mother cooked a special Christmas dinner.
- 3) Carol and her sister got up early in the morning.
- 4) Carol's grandparents visited her family.
- 5) Carol watched TV and video.
- 6) She visited her friends and ate a lot of tasty things.

### Упр. 31, стр. 77

- 1) Her husband has already cleared the table.
- 2) My cousin has not given up smoking yet.
- 3) Alison has just got rid of some old clothes.
- 4) We have already joined the Society.
- 5) The children have not crossed the street yet.
- 6) The famous painter has given an interview recently.

### Упр. 32, стр. 77–78

- 1) We *read* this newspaper yesterday.
- 2) The children *have taken* the pictures today.

- 3) We *have not cooked* the Christmas dinner yet.
- 4) George *didn't cook* out the rubbish yesterday.
- 5) The weather *has been* cold recently.

### Упр. 33, стр. 78

- Winter — season  
 Saturday — day of the week  
 February — month  
 Traveling — hobby  
 Christmas — holiday  
 Minute — time  
 Volleyball — game  
 12 years old — age  
 the 11<sup>th</sup> of January — date

### Упр. 34, стр. 78

- 1) The town *was founded* in 1368.
- 2) They *have already bought* Christmas presents for all their relatives. Now they are decorating the house.
- 3) What *is your sister doing* at the moment?
- 4) Look! She *likes* our pudding.
- 5) In a month I *will be* in France.

### Упр. 35, стр. 78

- 1) I'm — I am
- 2) He won't — he will not
- 3) He's — he is, he has
- 4) We've — we have
- 5) She hasn't — she has not
- 6) You're — you are
- 7) You weren't — you were not
- 8) They aren't — they are not

### Упр. 36, стр. 78

- 1) Where did you go?
- 2) How long did you stay there?
- 3) Did you stay at a hotel?
- 4) Was the weather fine?
- 5) What did you do during your holiday?

6) Did you enjoy your holiday?

**Упр. 37, стр. 78-79**

- 1) He invited me to his place, didn't he?
- 2) Alice has won a funny prize in the snow, hasn't she?
- 3) The brothers don't get along with their parents, do they?
- 4) He isn't watching baby animals at the zoo, is he?
- 5) The city is famous for its museums, isn't it?
- 6) Defoe didn't write the book for children, did he?
- 7) The poor girl takes care of her sick mother, doesn't she?
- 8) The students haven't arranged a date and time, have they?
- 9) My sister can speak and read German well, can't she?
- 10) We are not going to arrange the picnic, are we?

**Упр. 38, стр. 79**

Answer – ответ (сущ.), отвечать (гл.)

Work – работа (сущ.), работать (гл.)

Cook – готовить (гл.), повар (сущ.)

Smile – улыбаться (гл.), улыбка (сущ.)

Drink – напиток (сущ.), пить (гл.)

Fly – муха (сущ.), летать (гл.)

Show – представление (сущ.), показывать (гл.)

Visit – посещение (сущ.), посещать (гл.)

Phone – телефон (сущ.), звонить (гл.)

**Упр. 39, стр. 79**

- 1) What is *the* longest river in the world?
- 2) Yesterday I bought *a* newspaper and *a* magazine. *The* newspaper was very interesting. *The* magazine was boring.
- 3) Would you like *an* apple?
- 4) We had dinner in *a* very nice café.
- 5) I often listen to *the* radio.
- 6) Jill played *the* violin in an orchestra.

**Упр. 40, стр. 79**

- 1) Do you know *the* Wilsons? They're a very friendly family.
- 2) The writer visited *\_* Canada and *the* USA.
- 3) Kilimanjaro is *the* highest mountain in *\_* Africa.
- 4) *\_* London is on *the* Thames.

- 5) *\_* Europe is smaller than Africa.
- 6) *The* Pacific Ocean is *the* biggest ocean in *the* world.
- 7) London is famous for *the* Houses of Parliament, *\_* Westminster Abbey, *\_* Tower Bridge, *the* British Museum and *the* Tower of London.
- 8) Have you ever been to *the* Kremlin?
- 9) My pen friend lives in *\_* Trumpington Street, *\_* Cambridge.
- 10) It was her *\_* first visit to *the* United Kingdom.

**Упр. 41, стр. 80**

Buckingham Palace is the London of the British Royal family. Cambridge is famous for its old University.

10, Downing Street is the official house of the British Prime Minister.

Hyde Park is famous for its Speaker's Corner.

Kensington Garden is famous for the statue of the famous fairy-tale Peter Pan.

Oxford is famous for its beautiful buildings and for its old university.

The Tower of London is an ancient fortress and it is a museum of armour.

Windsor Castle is one of the official homes of the Royal family in the town of Windsor.

**Упр. 42, стр. 80**

- 1) He spent a lot of time translating the article.
- 2) The young mother takes care of her baby.
- 3) Will they stay with their parents' families?
- 4) Linda is responsible for the cultural programme.
- 5) Could I change my Russian money for American dollars?
- 6) Westminster Abbey was founded by St. Peter.
- 7) The town is rich in parks and museums.
- 8) Are you tired of the work?
- 9) The society fights for endangered animals.
- 10) Are you going to get rid of these old things?
- 11) Will you take the rubbish out, please?
- 12) Her niece is fond of horse racing.

- 13) My parents went to the country *by* car.  
 14) The palace is famous *for* its history.

**Упр. 43, стр. 80**

- I've learned new proverbs.  
 I've learned how to use prepositions.  
 I've learned to ask the questions.  
 I've learned to use English tenses.  
 I've learned many English words.

**Упр. 44, стр. 80**

Practice makes perfect.

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«Сам себе ренетитор»®

Дзюина Елена Владимировна

Выполненные задания из учебного комплекта

## «Enjoy English 3»

(М.З. Биболетова, Н.В. Добрынина, Н.Н. Трубанева.  
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